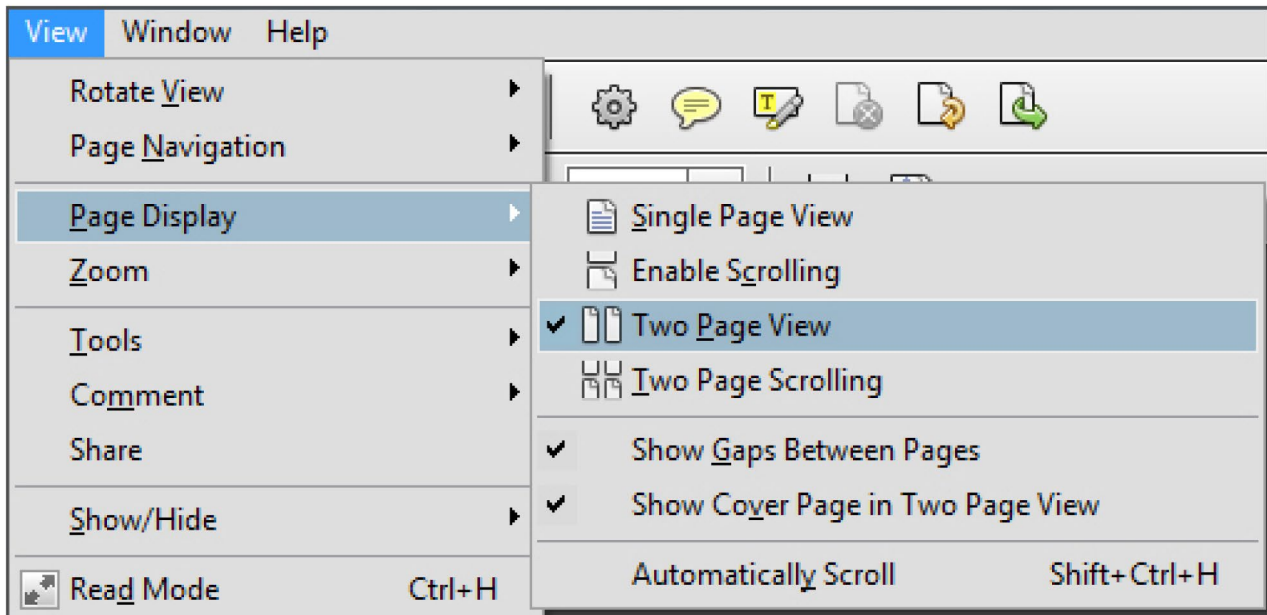


Appendix Section 1.0 Standard Drawings

NOTE: Many of the drawings in this section cover two pages. Each drawing's end is marked by the Gwinnett County Board of Commissioner's seal as shown below.



If you are not currently viewing this section in two page view, please change your Page Display in your PDF reader to Two Page View as shown below. Be sure to also check *Show Cover Page in Two Page View*.



These standard drawings illustrate minimum acceptable standards for land development activities authorized under the development regulations of Gwinnett County, Georgia, however, these standards shall not supersede more restrictive prudent design requirements or good engineering practice as applied to specific situations on a case-by-case basis. Unless otherwise specified on these standard drawings or in the development regulations, all construction must meet or exceed the minimum standards established by the Georgia Department of Transportation.

Series

UDO Appendix

100: Site Grading

200: Storm Water Detention and Erosion Control

300: Streets — Designs

400: Streets — Construction

500: Streets — Utilities

600: Reserved*¹

700: Reserved*

800: Landscaping and Tree Protection

900: Miscellaneous

Effective January 5, 1988

¹*Ord. No. UDOA2019-00005(GCID2019-0295) , Exh. A, adopted March 19, 2019, deleted Series 600: Drainage Structures and Series 700: Drainage Pipes and Ditches, in Appendix Section 2.0 Standard Drawings.

STANDARD DRAWINGS

GWINNETT COUNTY

DEPARTMENT OF

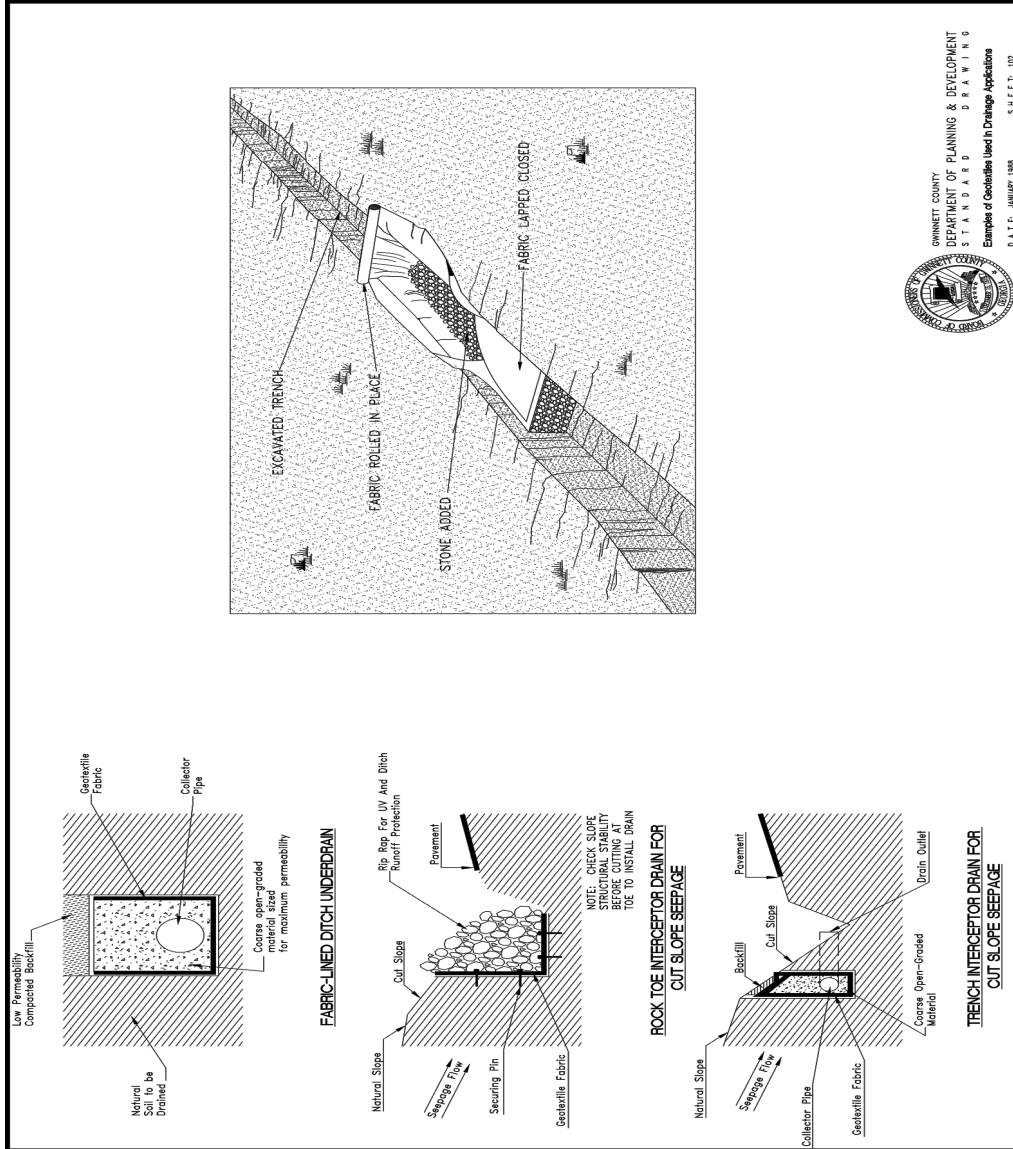
PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

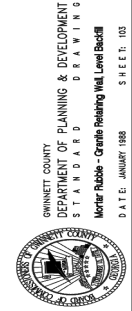
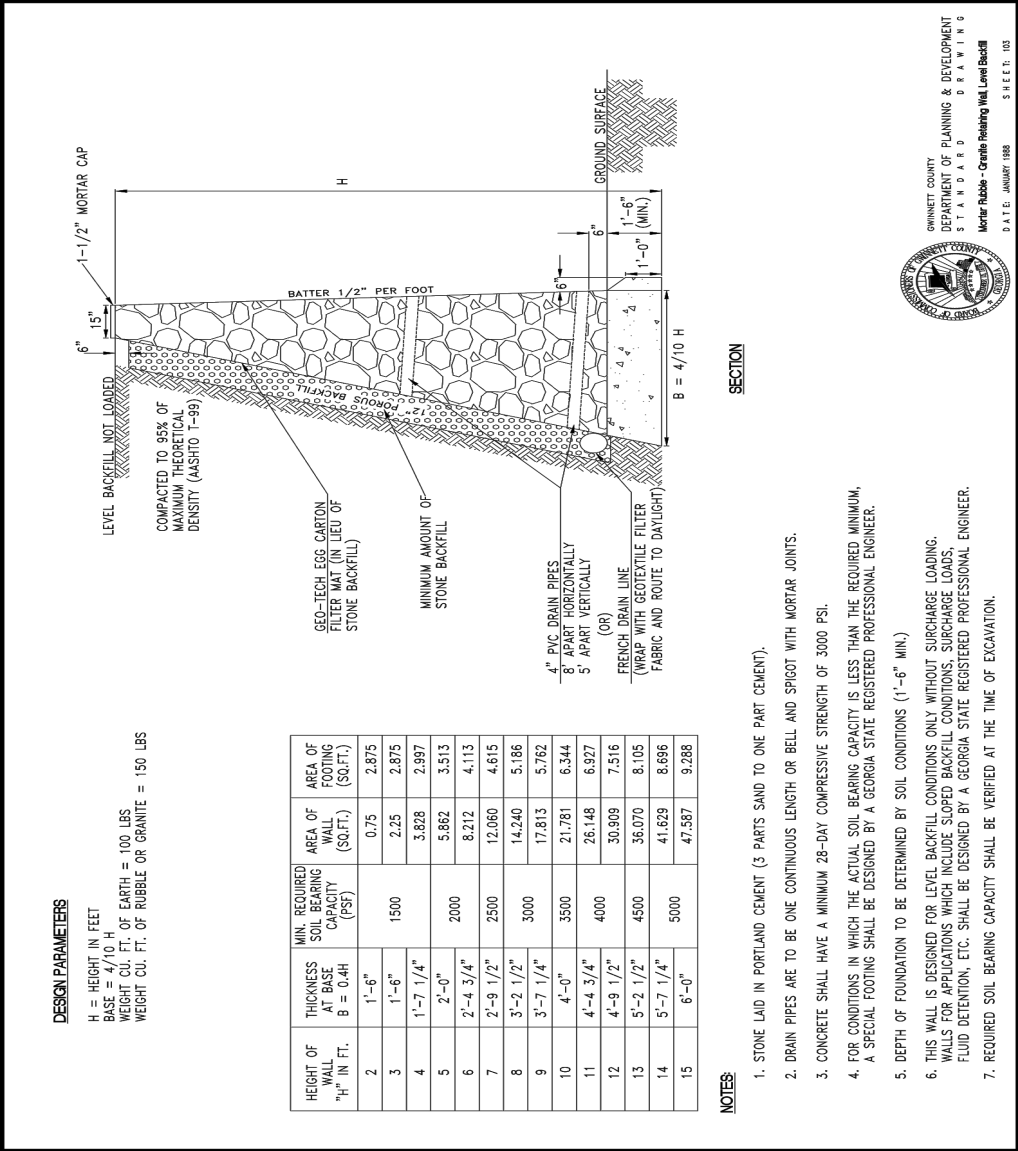
THESE STANDARD DRAWINGS ILLUSTRATE MINIMUM ACCEPTABLE STANDARDS FOR LAND DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES AUTHORIZED UNDER THE DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS OF GWINNETT COUNTY, GEORGIA. HOWEVER, THESE STANDARDS SHALL NOT SUPERSEDE MORE RESTRICTIVE APPLICABLE DESIGN REQUIREMENTS OF ANY APPLICABLE LOCAL ORDINANCES, AS SPECIFIED IN SECTIONS 10.1.1 AND 10.1.2 OF THE ENGINEERING PRACTICES AND STANDARDS SPECIFIC TO THE PROJECT. THESE DRAWINGS ARE THE PROPERTY OF THE ENGINEERING FIRM AND SHALL BE RETURNED TO THE ENGINEERING FIRM UPON COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT. THESE DRAWINGS SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED OR TRANSMITTED IN ANY FORM OR BY ANY MEANS, ELECTRONIC OR MECHANICAL, INCLUDING PHOTOCOPYING, RECORDING, OR BY ANY INFORMATION STORAGE AND RETRIEVAL SYSTEM, WITHOUT THE WRITTEN PERMISSION OF THE ENGINEERING FIRM. THESE DRAWINGS SHALL MEET OR EXCEED THE MINIMUM STANDARDS ESTABLISHED BY THE GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION.

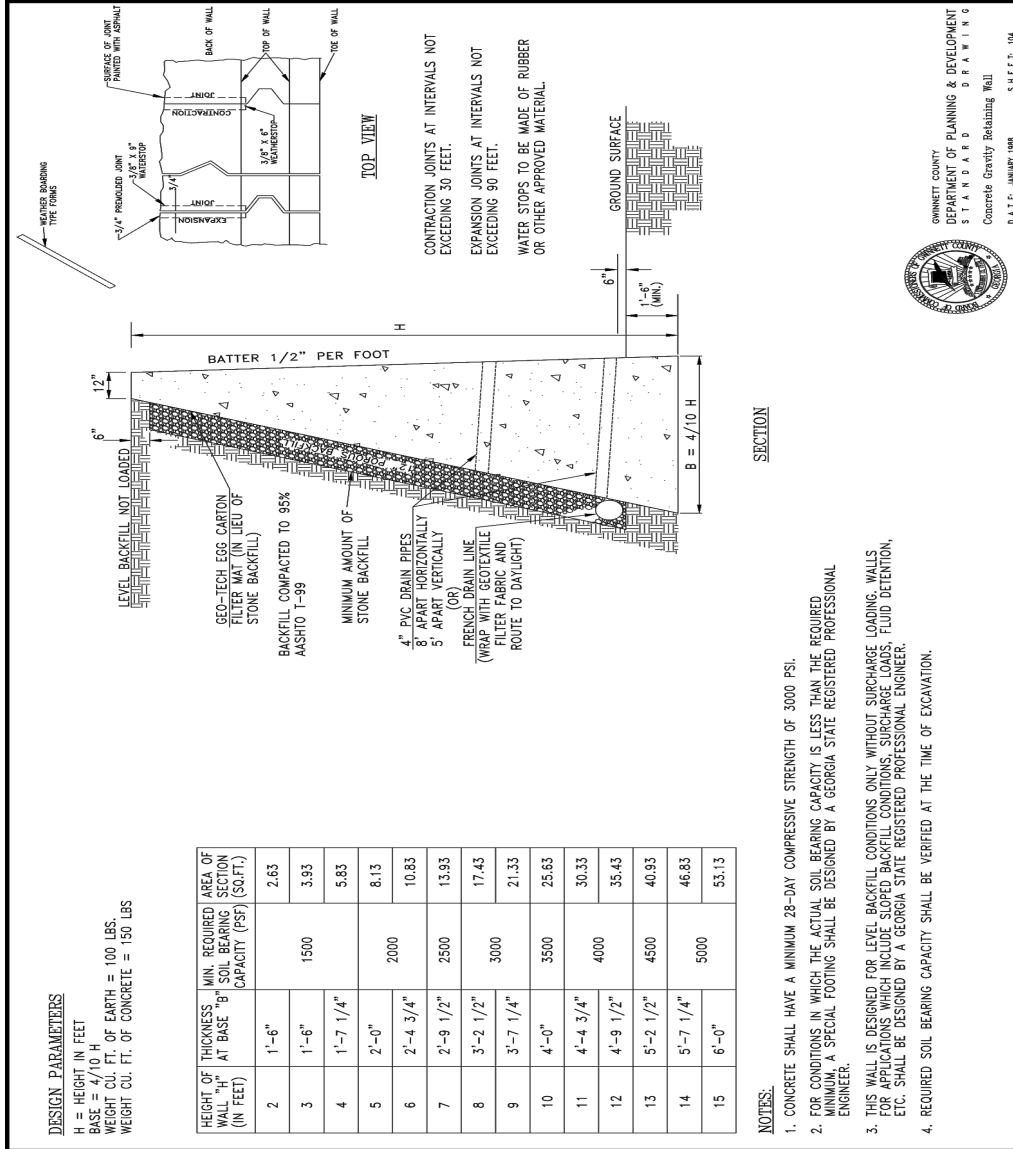
SERIES

- 100 SITE GRADING
- 200 STORM WATER DETENTION AND EROSION CONTROL
- 300 STREETS - DESIGN
- 400 STREETS - CONSTRUCTION
- 500 STREETS - UTILITIES
- 600 RESERVED
- 700 RESERVED
- 800 LANDSCAPING AND TREE PROTECTION
- 900 MISCELLANEOUS

EFFECTIVE JANUARY 5, 1988

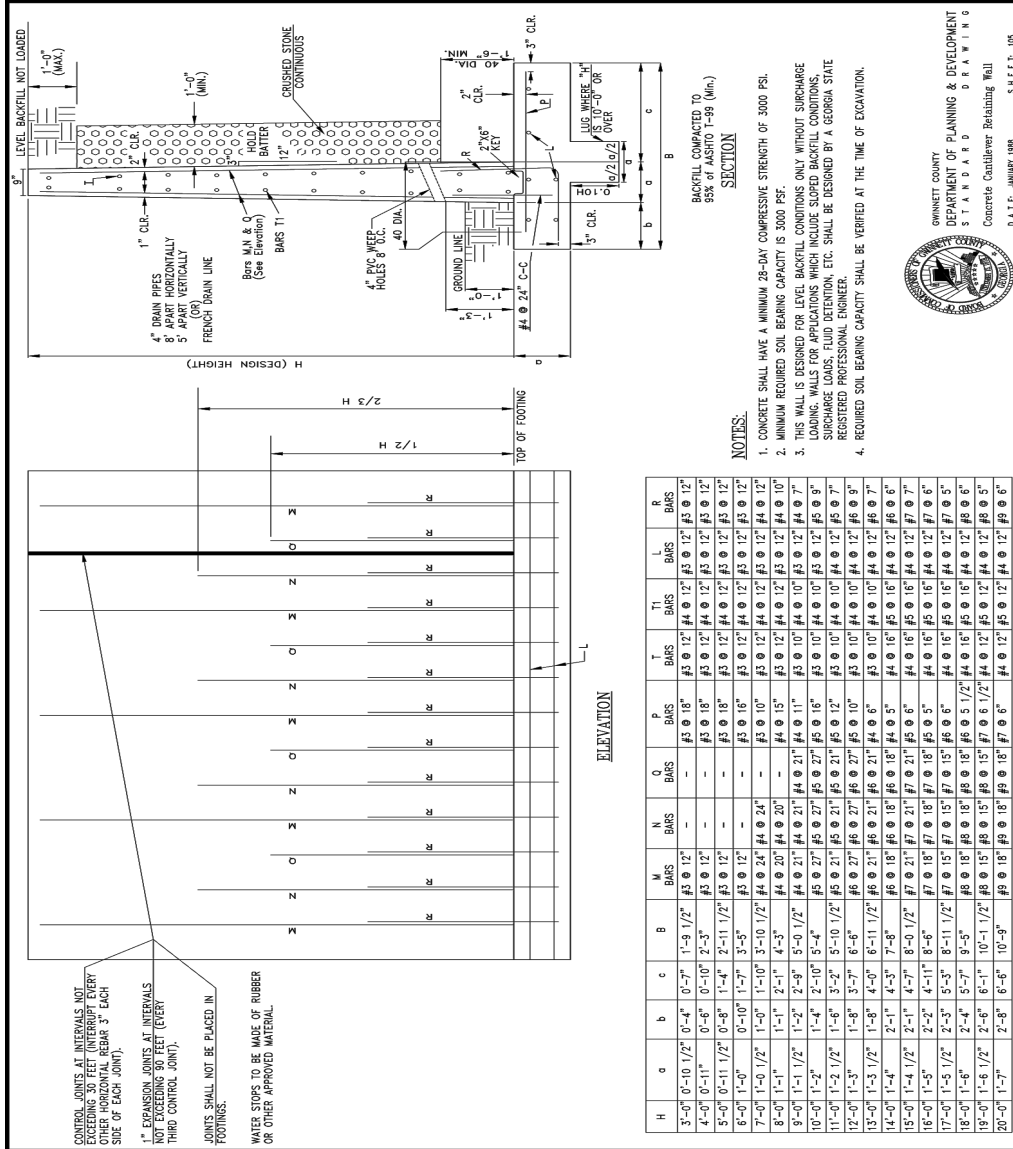


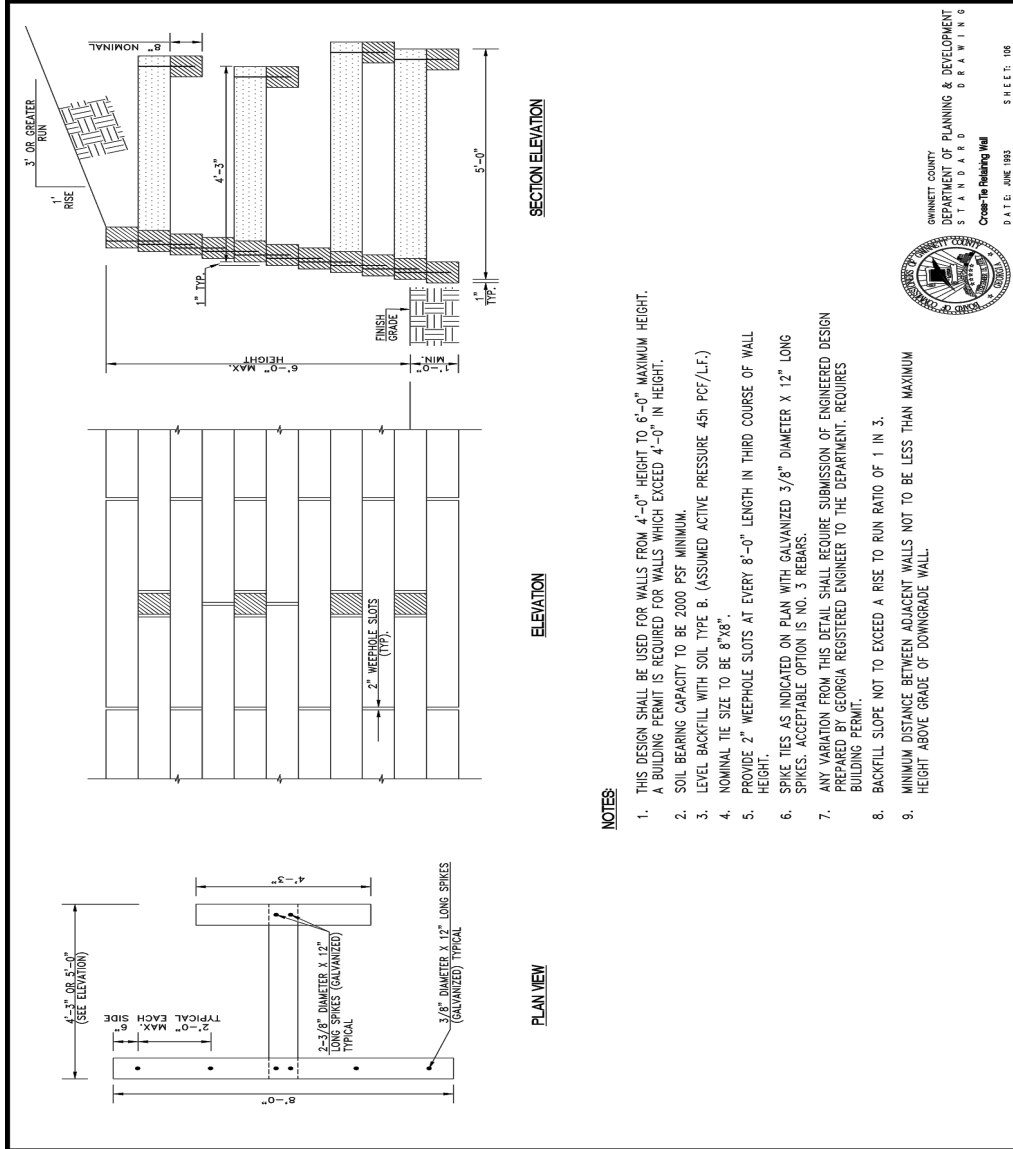




OHIOHNET COUNTY
 DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT
 STANDARD DRAWING
 Concrete Gravity Retaining Wall
 DATE: JANUARY 1988
 SHEET: 104

UDO Appendix



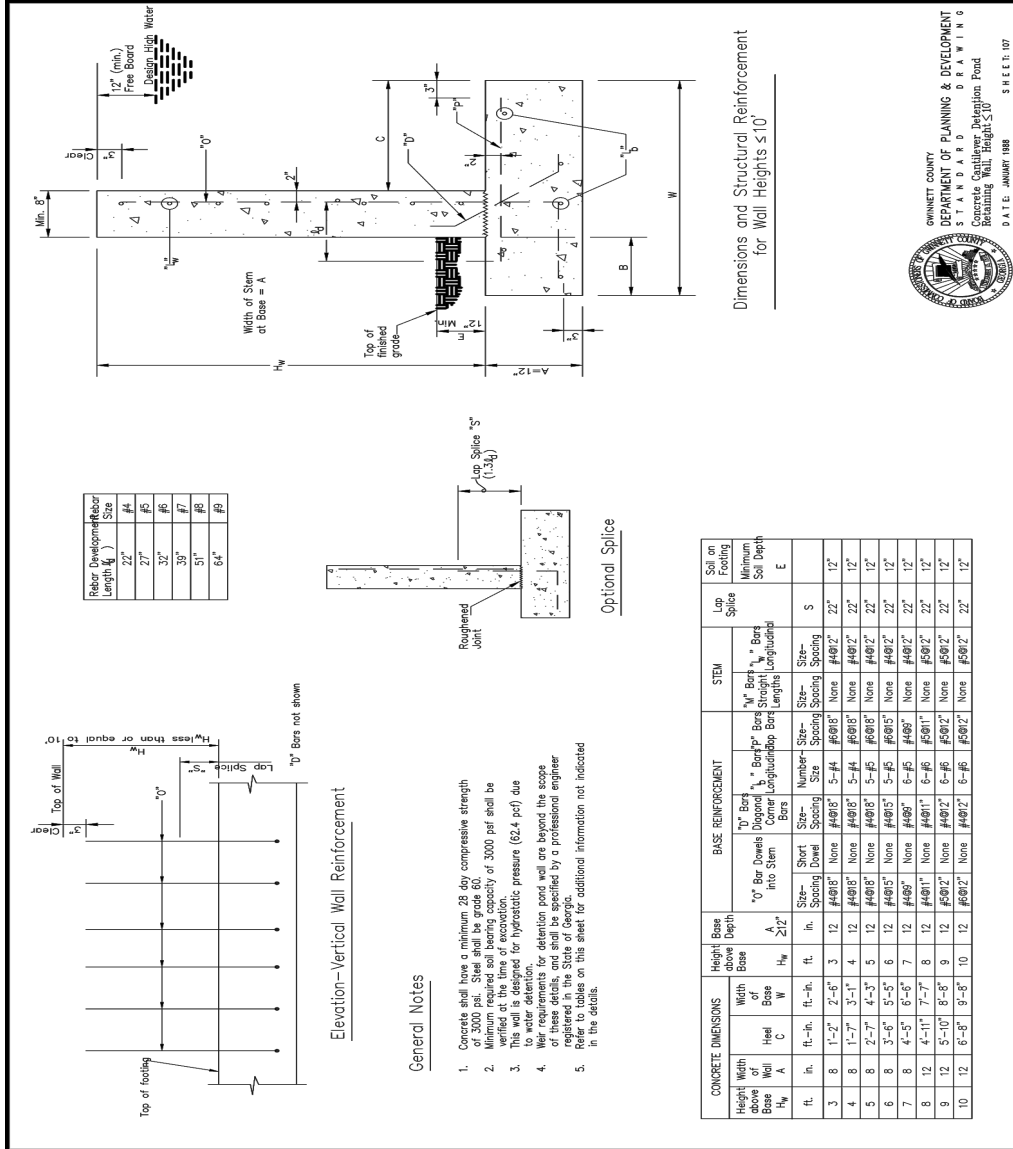


NOTES:

1. THIS DESIGN SHALL BE USED FOR WALLS FROM 4'-0" HEIGHT TO 6'-0" MAXIMUM HEIGHT. A BUILDING PERMIT IS REQUIRED FOR WALLS WHICH EXCEED 4'-0" IN HEIGHT.
2. SOIL BEARING CAPACITY TO BE 2000 PSF MINIMUM.
3. LEVEL BACKFILL WITH SOIL TYPE B. (ASSUMED ACTIVE PRESSURE 45h PCF/L.F.)
4. NOMINAL TIE SIZE TO BE 8"X8".
5. PROVIDE 2" WEEPHOLE SLOTS AT EVERY 8'-0" LENGTH IN THIRD COURSE OF WALL HEIGHT.
6. SPIKE TIES AS INDICATED ON PLAN WITH GALVANIZED 3/8" DIAMETER X 12" LONG SPIKES. ACCEPTABLE OPTION IS NO. 3 REBARS.
7. ANY VARIATION FROM THIS DETAIL SHALL REQUIRE SUBMISSION OF ENGINEERED DESIGN PREPARED BY GEORGIA REGISTERED ENGINEER TO THE DEPARTMENT. REQUIRES BUILDING PERMIT.
8. BACKFILL SLOPE NOT TO EXCEED A RISE TO RUN RATIO OF 1 IN 3.
9. MINIMUM DISTANCE BETWEEN ADJACENT WALLS NOT TO BE LESS THAN MAXIMUM HEIGHT ABOVE GRADE OF DOWNGRADE WALL.

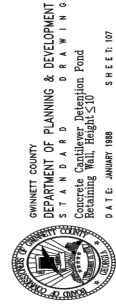


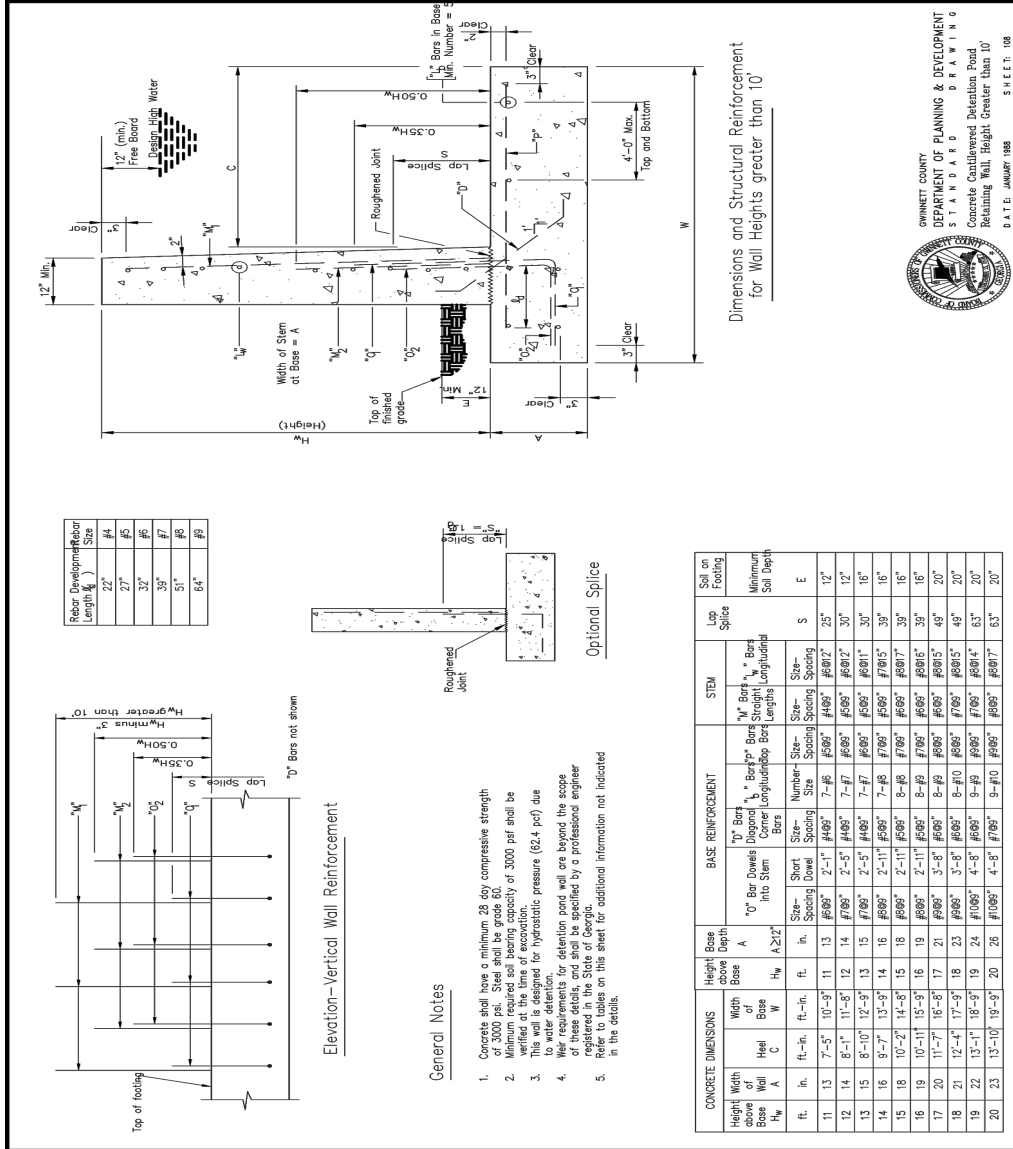
DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT
 STATE OF GEORGIA
 DATE: JUNE 1993
 SHEET: 106
 Cross-Tie Retaining Wall



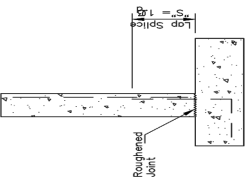
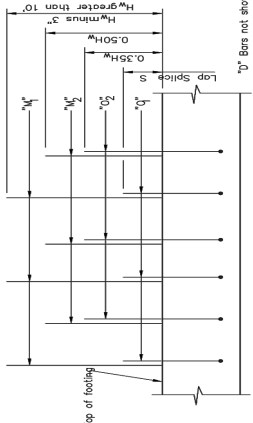
Dimensions and Structural Reinforcement
for Wall Heights ≤ 10'

CONCRETE DIMENSIONS		Height above Base		Base Reinforcement		Stem		Soil on Footing	
Height Base Hw	Width Wall C	ft.	in.	ft.	in.	ft.	in.	ft.	in.
3	8	1'-2"	2'-6"	3	12	#4@18"	None	#4@18"	None
4	8	1'-2"	3'-1"	4	12	#4@18"	None	#4@18"	None
5	8	2'-7"	4'-5"	5	12	#4@18"	None	#4@18"	None
6	8	3'-6"	5'-5"	6	12	#4@18"	None	#4@18"	None
7	8	4'-5"	6'-6"	7	12	#4@18"	None	#4@18"	None
8	12	4'-11"	7'-7"	8	12	#4@18"	None	#4@18"	None
9	12	5'-10"	8'-8"	9	12	#4@18"	None	#4@18"	None
10	12	6'-8"	9'-8"	10	12	#4@18"	None	#4@18"	None





Rebar Development Length L_d	Rebar Size
22"	#4
27"	#5
32"	#6
38"	#7
51"	#8
64"	#9



Optional Splice

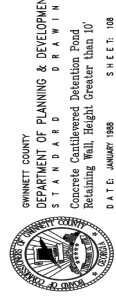
Elevation-Vertical Wall Reinforcement

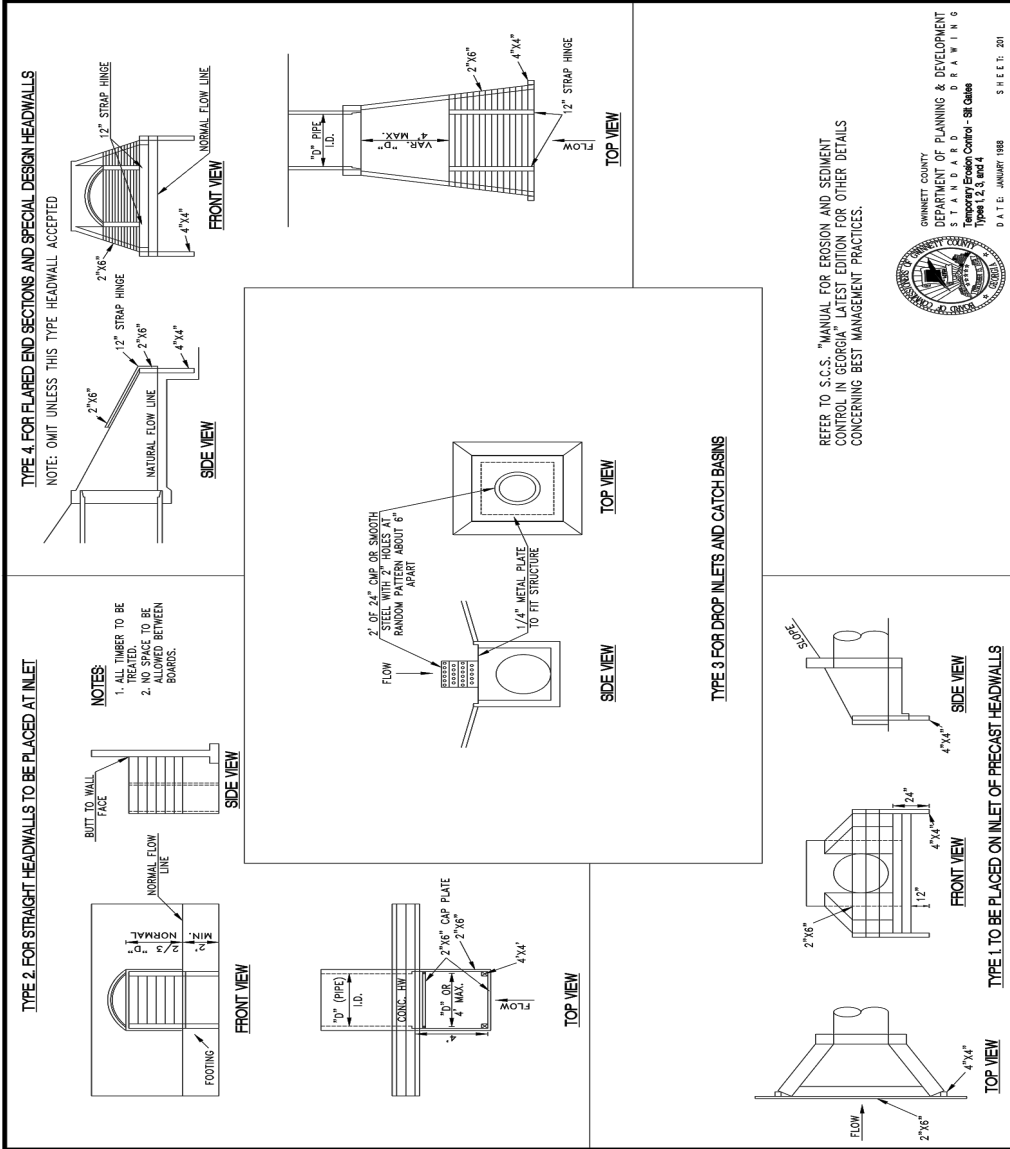
General Notes

- Concrete shall have a minimum 28 day compressive strength of 3000 psi. Steel shall be grade 60.
- Minimum required soil bearing capacity of 3000 psf shall be verified at the time of excavation.
- This wall is designed for hydrostatic pressure (62.4 pcf) due to water retention.
- Use water retention for retention wall are beyond the scope of these details, and shall be specified by a professional engineer registered in the State of Georgia.
- Refer to tables on this sheet for additional information not indicated in the details.

Dimensions and Structural Reinforcement for Wall Heights greater than 10'

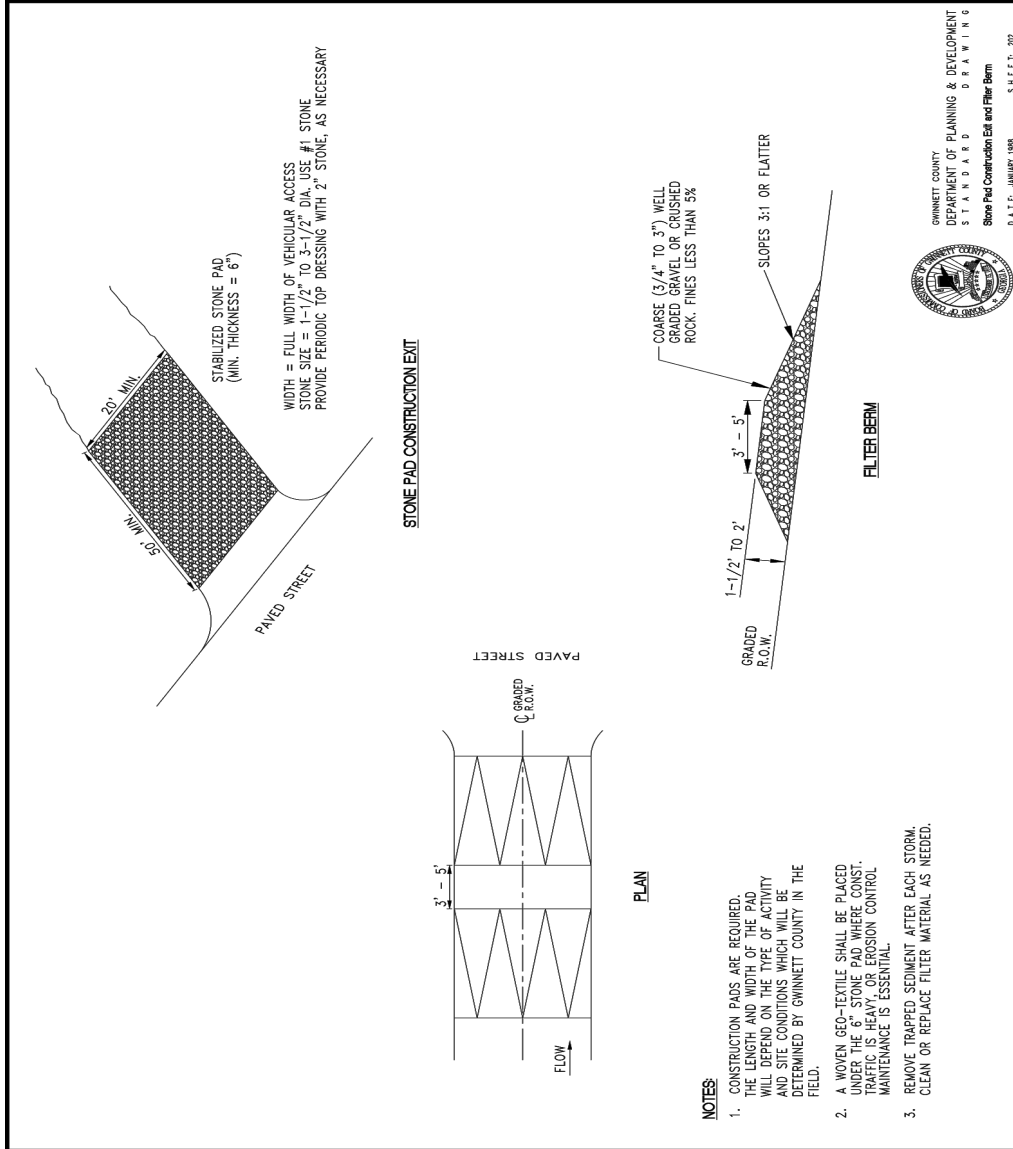
CONCRETE DIMENSIONS	Height of Base above Hw	Width of Base W	Height of Base Hw	Height of Stem Hs	BASE REINFORCEMENT										STEM		Lap Splice	Soil on Footing
					"D" Bar Dowels into Stem	"D" Bar Diagonal Corner Bars	"D" Bar Spacing	Size	Number	Size	Spacing	Size	Spacing	Size	Spacing	Size		
11	13	7'-5"	10'-9"	11	13	#609*	2'-1"	#409*	7-#6	#509*	#6012	25"	12"					
12	14	8'-1"	11'-8"	12	14	#709*	2'-5"	#409*	7-#7	#509*	#6012	30"	12"					
13	15	8'-10"	12'-9"	13	15	#709*	2'-5"	#409*	7-#7	#509*	#6011*	30"	16"					
14	16	9'-2"	13'-9"	14	16	#809*	2'-11"	#509*	7-#8	#709*	#7065*	39"	16"					
15	18	10'-2"	14'-8"	15	18	#809*	2'-11"	#509*	8-#8	#709*	#6017	39"	16"					
16	19	10'-11"	15'-9"	16	19	#809*	2'-11"	#509*	8-#8	#709*	#6016	49"	20"					
17	20	11'-7"	16'-8"	17	21	#909*	3'-8"	#609*	8-#9	#809*	#6015	49"	20"					
18	21	12'-4"	17'-9"	18	23	#909*	3'-8"	#609*	8-#10	#809*	#6015	49"	20"					
19	22	13'-1"	18'-9"	19	24	#1009*	4'-8"	#609*	9-#9	#909*	#6014*	63"	20"					
20	23	13'-10"	19'-9"	20	26	#1009*	4'-8"	#709*	9-#10	#909*	#6017	63"	20"					



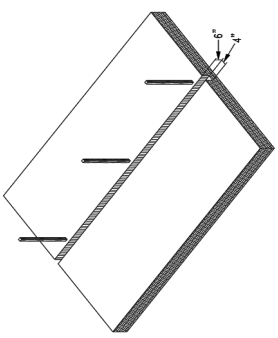


OWENETT COUNTY
 DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT
 STANDARD DRAWING
 Temporary Erosion Control - Sit Guide
 Types 1, 2, 3 and 4
 DATE: JANUARY 1988
 SHEET: 201

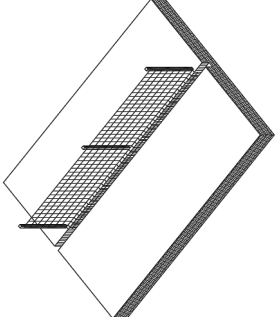
REFER TO S.C.S. "MANUAL FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL IN GEORGIA" LATEST EDITION FOR OTHER DETAILS CONCERNING BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES.



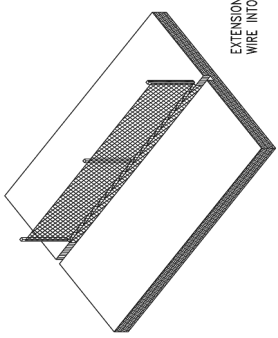
1. SET POSTS AND EXCAVATE A 4"x6" TRENCH UPSLOPE ALONG THE LINE OF POSTS.



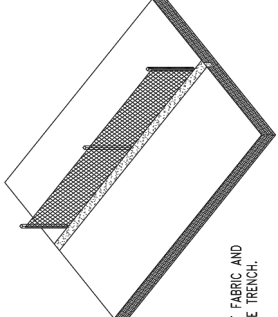
2. STAPLE WIRE FENCING TO THE POSTS. OPTIONAL, BUT RECOMMENDED.



3. ATTACH THE FILTER FABRIC TO THE WIRE FENCE AND EXTEND IT INTO THE TRENCH.



4. BACKFILL AND COMPACT THE EXCAVATED SOIL.



TYPE 'A' FENCE

POST SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 4 FEET LONG AND SHALL BE EITHER WOOD OR STEEL. SOFT WOOD POSTS SHALL BE AT LEAST 3 INCHES IN DIAMETER AND HARDWOOD POSTS SHALL BE AT LEAST 2 INCHES IN DIAMETER. NOTICIBLE MISALIGNMENT, IF HARDWOOD POSTS ARE USED, THE SIZE MAY BE REDUCED TO 1-1/2"x1-1/2" WITH A MINIMUM TOLERANCE OF 1/4". STEEL POSTS SHALL BE U, T OR C SHAPED WITH A MINIMUM WEIGHT OF 1.15 POUNDS PER FOOT AND HAVE PROJECTIONS FOR FASTENING THE FENCE TO THE POSTS. MAXIMUM SPACING OF THE POSTS SHALL BE 6 FEET.

TYPE 'B' FENCE

POST SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 3 FEET LONG AND SHALL BE EITHER WOOD OR STEEL. SOFT WOOD POSTS SHALL BE AT LEAST 2 INCHES IN DIAMETER OR NOMINAL 2"x4". IF HARDWOOD POSTS ARE USED THE SIZE MAY BE REDUCED TO 1"x4" WITH A MINIMUM TOLERANCE OF 1/4". STEEL POSTS SHALL BE U, T OR C SHAPED WITH A MINIMUM WEIGHT OF 0.75 POUNDS PER FOOT AND HAVE PROJECTIONS FOR FASTENING THE FENCE TO THE POSTS. MAXIMUM SPACING SHALL BE 6 FEET.

TYPE 'C' FENCE

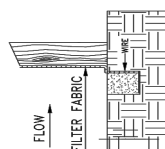
POST SHALL BE STEEL AND HAVE A MINIMUM LENGTH OF 5 FEET. POSTS SHALL BE U, T OR C SHAPED AND HAVE A MINIMUM WEIGHT OF 1.15 POUNDS PER FOOT. THE POSTS SHALL HAVE PROJECTIONS FOR FASTENING THE FENCE TO THE POSTS. THE POSTS SHALL BE AT LEAST 32 INCHES HIGH AND SHALL HAVE AT LEAST 6 HORIZONTAL WIRES. VERTICAL WIRES SHALL HAVE A MAXIMUM SPACING OF 12 INCHES. THE TOP AND BOTTOM WIRES SHALL BE AT LEAST 10 GAUGE, AND ALL OTHER WIRES SHALL BE AT LEAST 12-1/2 GAUGE. THE FILTER FABRIC SHALL BE ATTACHED TO THE TOP OF THE WOVEN WIRE FENCE AT THE MIDPOINT BETWEEN POSTS.

TYPE 'C' SILT FENCE SHALL ALWAYS BE USED EXCEPT IN LOW FLOW AREAS AROUND SINGLE FAMILY DWELLINGS


TYPE FENCE	A	B	C
Tensile Strength (Lbs. Min) (1) (ASTM D-4832)	Warp-120 Fill-100	Warp-120 Fill-100	Warp-260 Fill-180
Elongation (% Max.) (ASTM D-4832)	40	40	40
ACS (Apparent Opening Size) (Max. Size 500) (ASTM D-4751)	#30	#30	#30
Flow Rate (Gal./Min./Sq.Ft.) (SD-87)	25	25	70
Ultraviolet Stability (2) (ASTM D-4832 after 300 hours weathering in accordance with ASTM D-4335)	80	80	80
Bonding Strength (PSI Min.) (ASTM D-988 Dimping/Bearing Strength Tester)	175	175	175
Minimum Fabric Width (Inches)	36	22	36

(1) MINIMUM ROLL AVERAGE OF FIVE SPECIMENS.
(2) PERCENT OF REQUIRED INITIAL MINIMUM TENSILE STRENGTH.

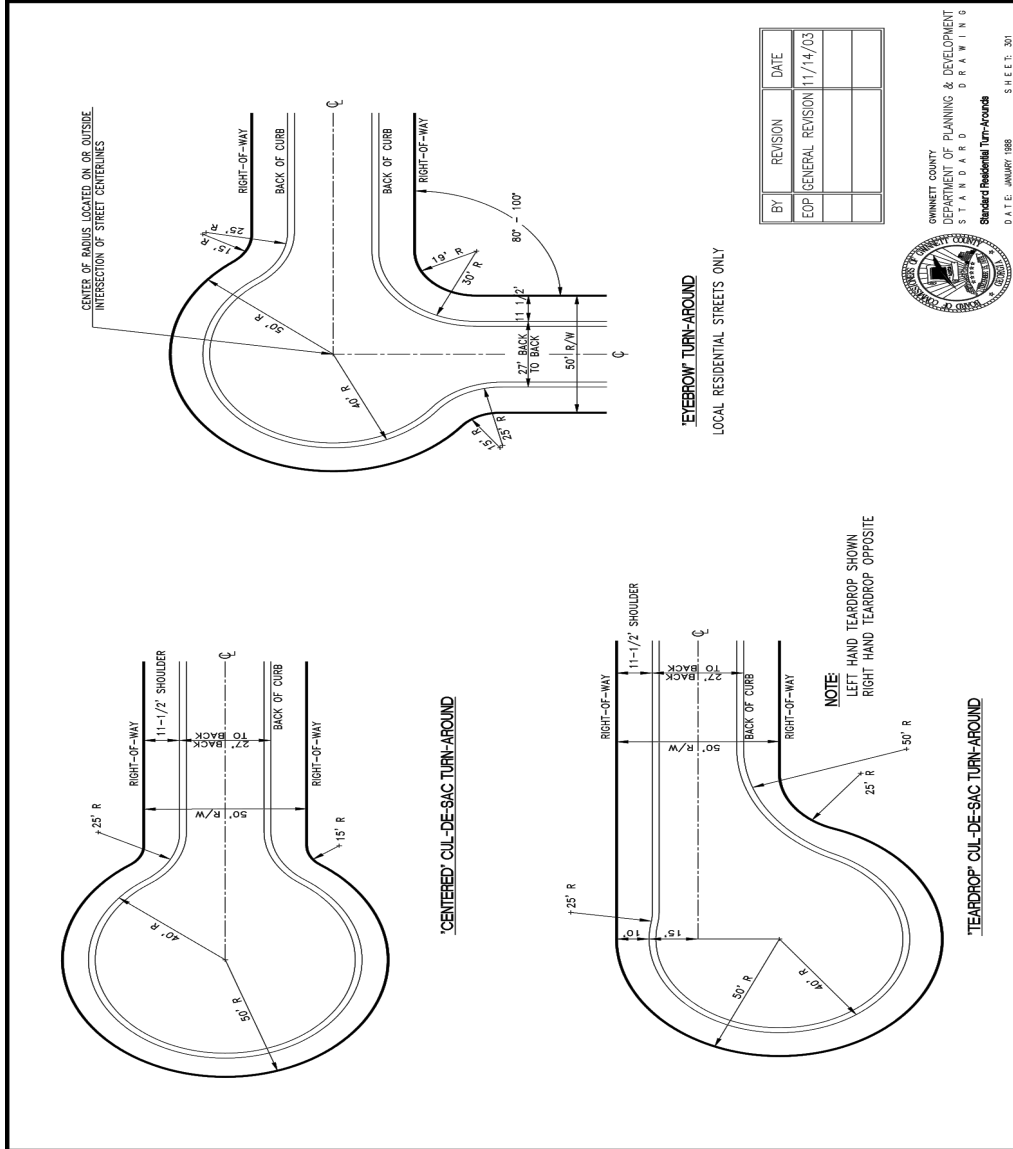
NOTE:
GEO-TEXTILE FABRIC MAY BE ERRECTED WITH OR WITHOUT A WIRE BACKING DEPENDING ON SITE CONDITIONS.

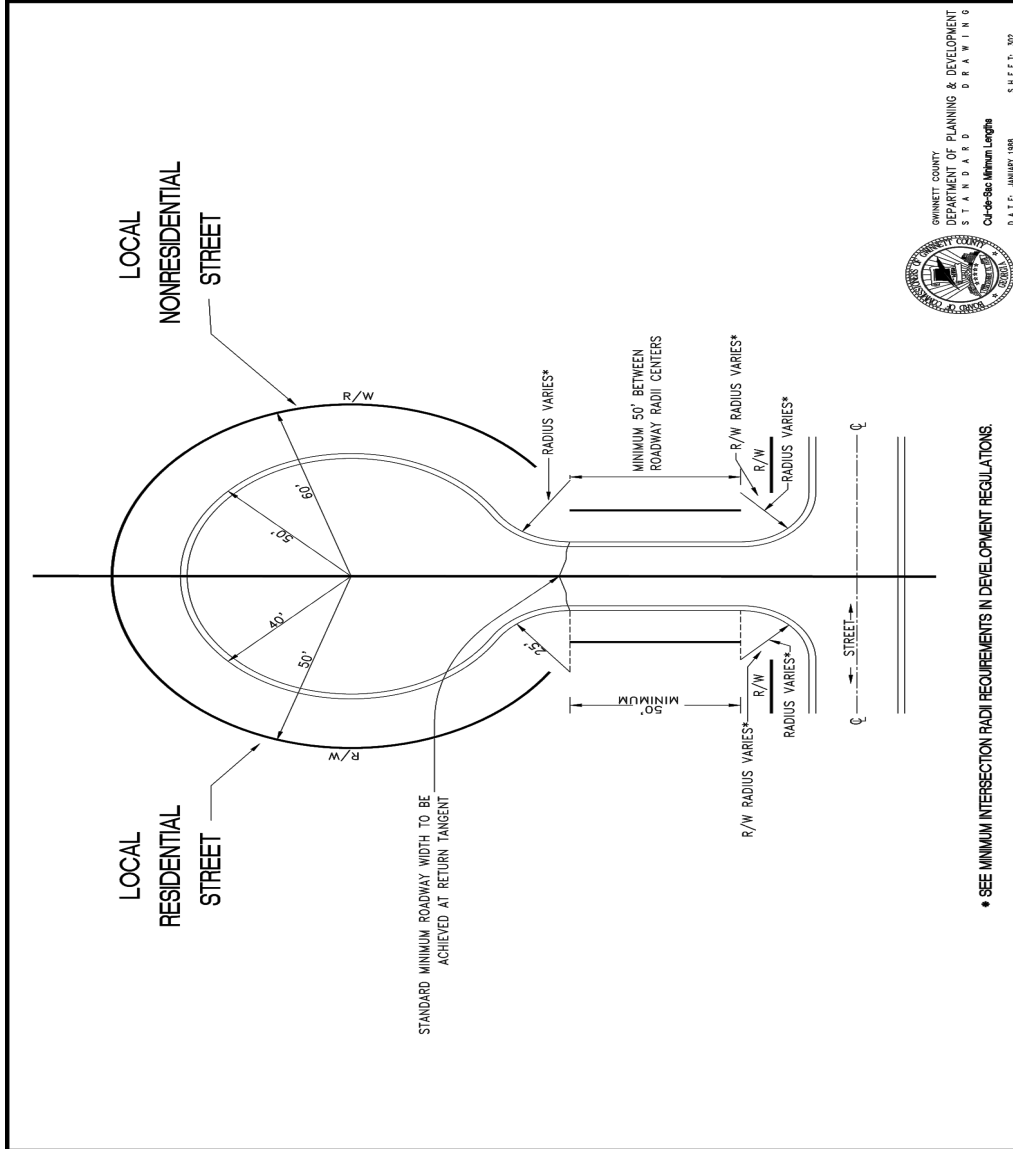


NO.	BY	REVISION	DATE
1.	EDP	REV. TYPE C S.F.	3/3/04



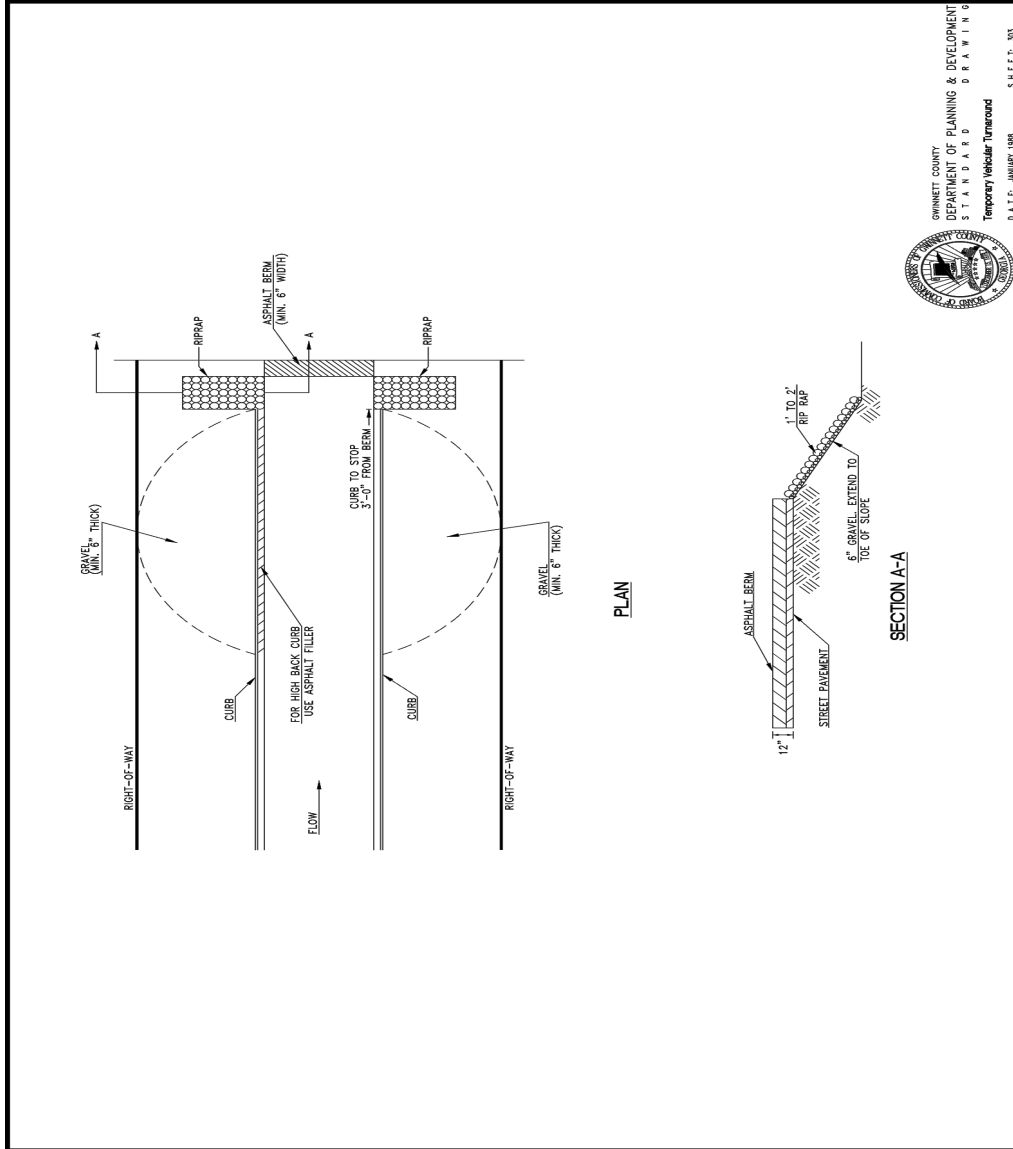
PINET COUNTY
DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT
STANDARD DRAWING
Construction of a Sil Fence
DATE: JANUARY 1988
SHEET: 203






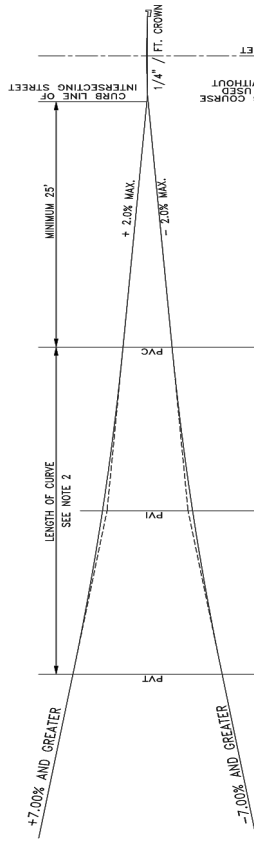
SWINNETT COUNTY
 DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT
 STANDARD DRAWING
 C:\p\p10\min Length
 DATE: JANUARY 1988
 SHEET: 302

• SEE MINIMUM INTERSECTION RADI REQUIREMENTS IN DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS.

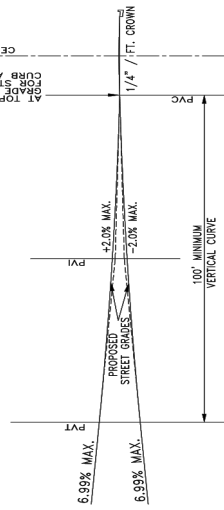



 WINNETT COUNTY
 DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT
 STANDARD DRAWING
 Temporary Vehicular Turnaround
 DATE: JANUARY 1998
 SHEET: 303

INTERSECTION OF LOCAL OR MINOR COLLECTOR STREETS



GRADES 7.00% AND GREATER



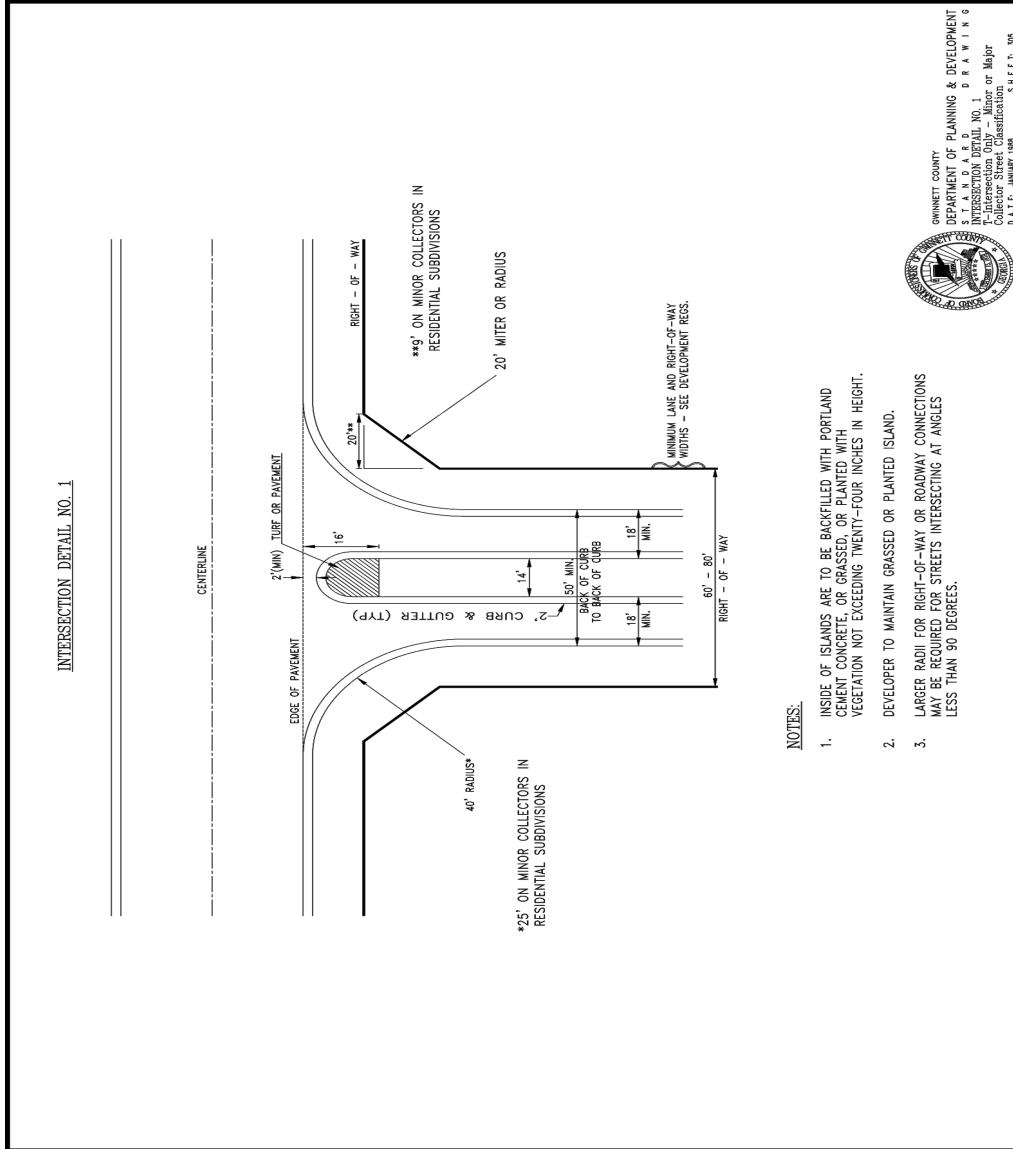
GRADES LESS THAN 7.00%

NOTES:

- 1) THIS STANDARD IS INTENDED TO BE A MINIMUM DESIGN STANDARD FOR CONTROL OF GRADES OF STREETS APPROACHING AN INTERSECTION WITH A LOCAL OR MINOR COLLECTOR STREET. FOR INTERSECTIONS WITH MAJOR THOROUGHFARES, SEE DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS.
- 2) REFER TO DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS TABLE 9-B FOR "K" VALUES FOR VERTICAL CURVES.

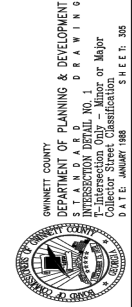


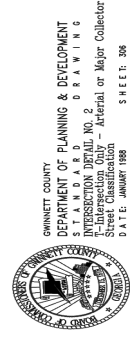
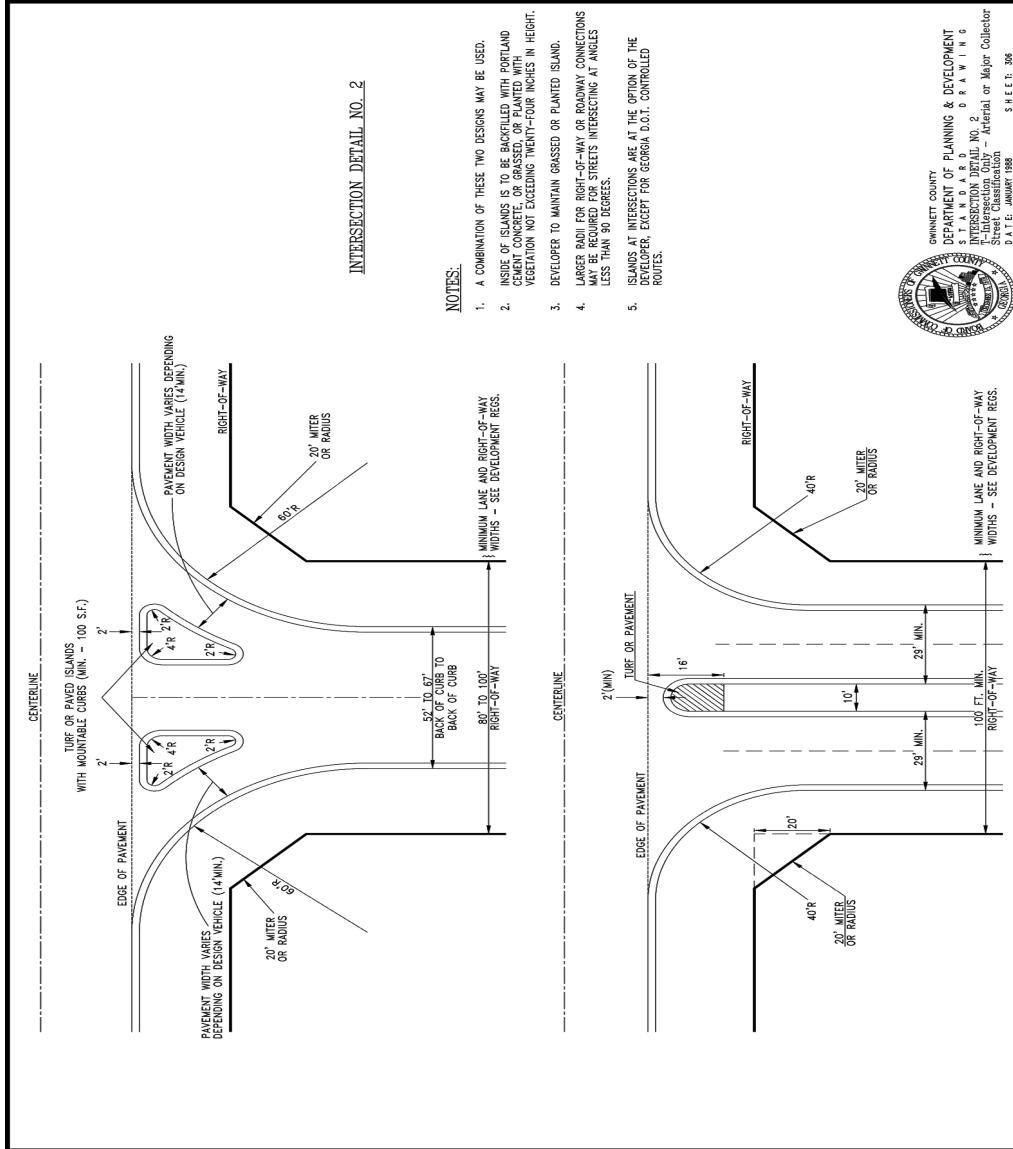
WINNETT COUNTY
 DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT
 STANDARD DRAWING
 Local Ordinance in Conjunction with
 Local Ordinance 2024
 DATE: JANUARY 1988 SHEET: 304



NOTES.

1. INSIDE OF ISLANDS ARE TO BE BACKFILLED WITH PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE, OR GRASSED, OR PLANTED WITH VEGETATION NOT EXCEEDING TWENTY-FOUR INCHES IN HEIGHT.
2. DEVELOPER TO MAINTAIN GRASSED OR PLANTED ISLAND.
3. LARGER RADI FOR RIGHT-OF-WAY OR ROADWAY CONNECTIONS MAY BE REQUIRED FOR STREETS INTERSECTING AT ANGLES LESS THAN 90 DEGREES.

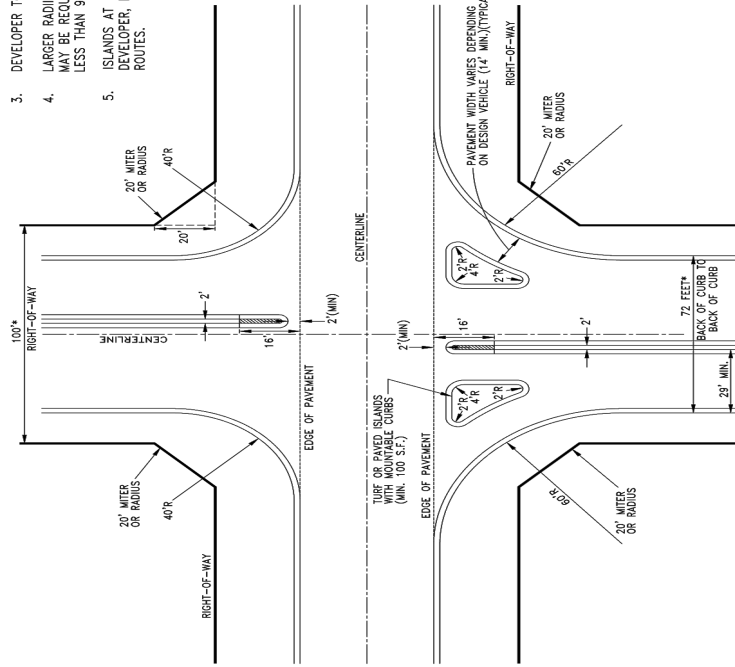




NOTES:

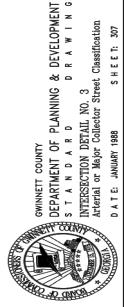
1. A COMBINATION OF THESE TWO DESIGNS MAY BE USED.
2. INSIDE OF ISLANDS IS TO BE BACKFILLED WITH PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE, OR GRASSED, OR PLANTED WITH VEGETATION NOT EXCEEDING TWENTY-FOUR INCHES IN HEIGHT.
3. DEVELOPER TO MAINTAIN GRASSED OR PLANTED ISLAND.
4. LARGER RADI FOR RIGHT-OF-WAY OR ROADWAY CONNECTIONS MAY BE REQUIRED FOR STREETS INTERSECTING AT ANGLES LESS THAN 90 DEGREES.
5. ISLANDS AT INTERSECTIONS ARE AT THE OPTION OF THE DEVELOPER, EXCEPT FOR GEORGIA D.O.T. CONTROLLED ROUTES.

INTERSECTION DETAIL NO. 3

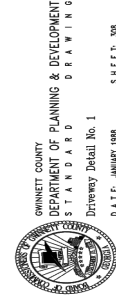
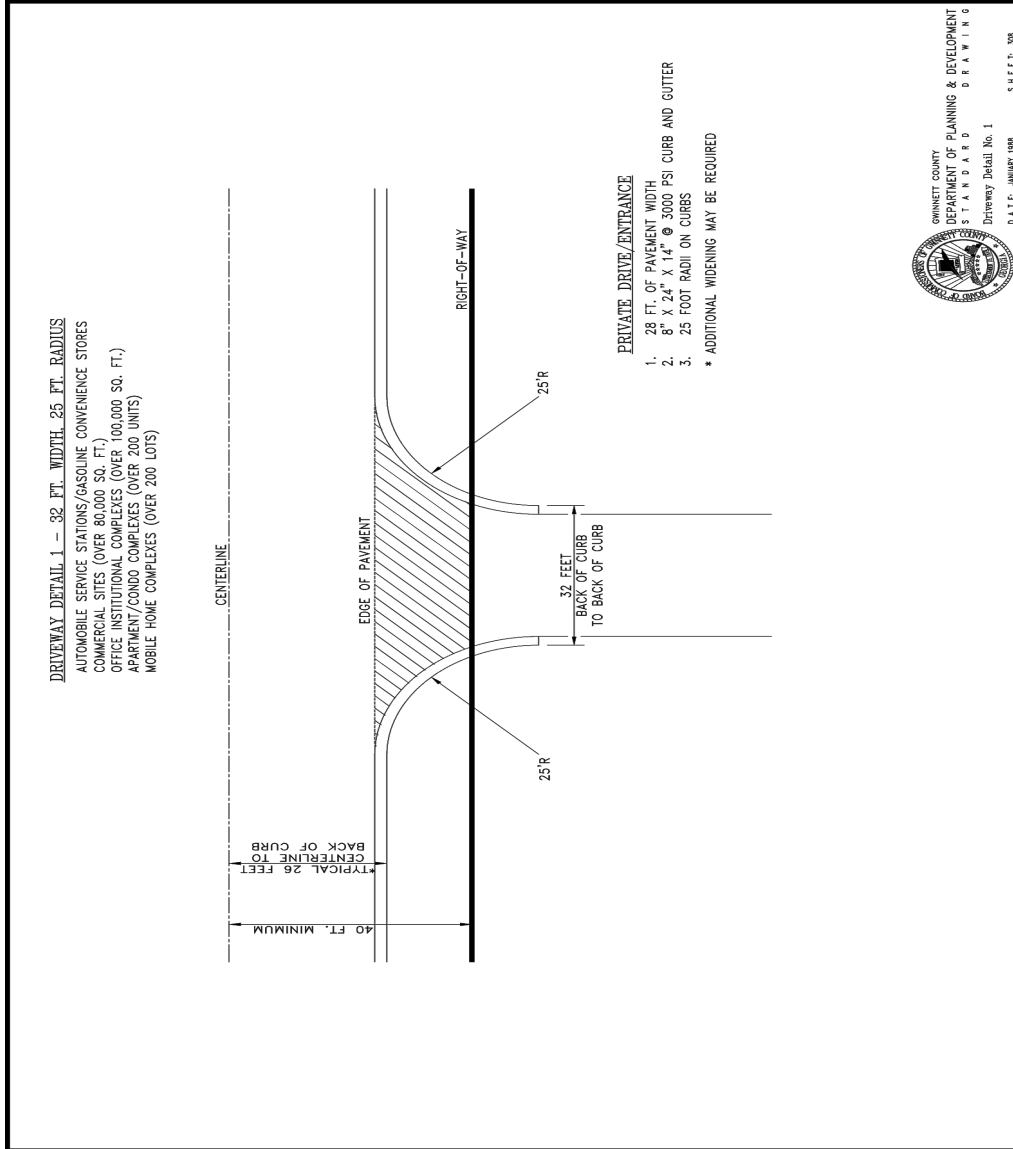


UNDIVIDED
 60' - 100' RIGHT-OF-WAY*
 52' - 66' OR 67' ROADWAY*

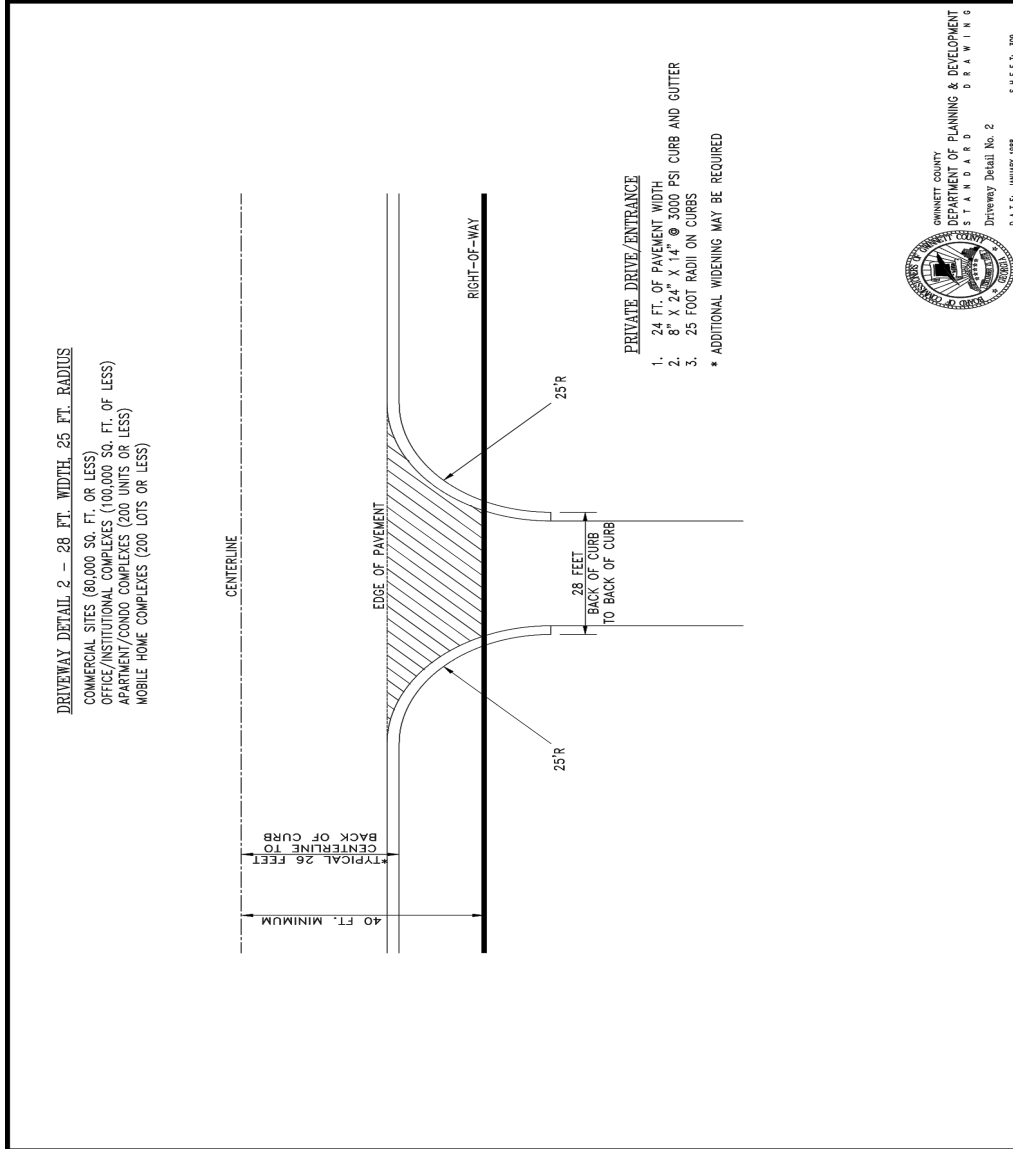
* MINIMUM LANE AND RIGHT-OF-WAY WIDTHS
 SEE DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS

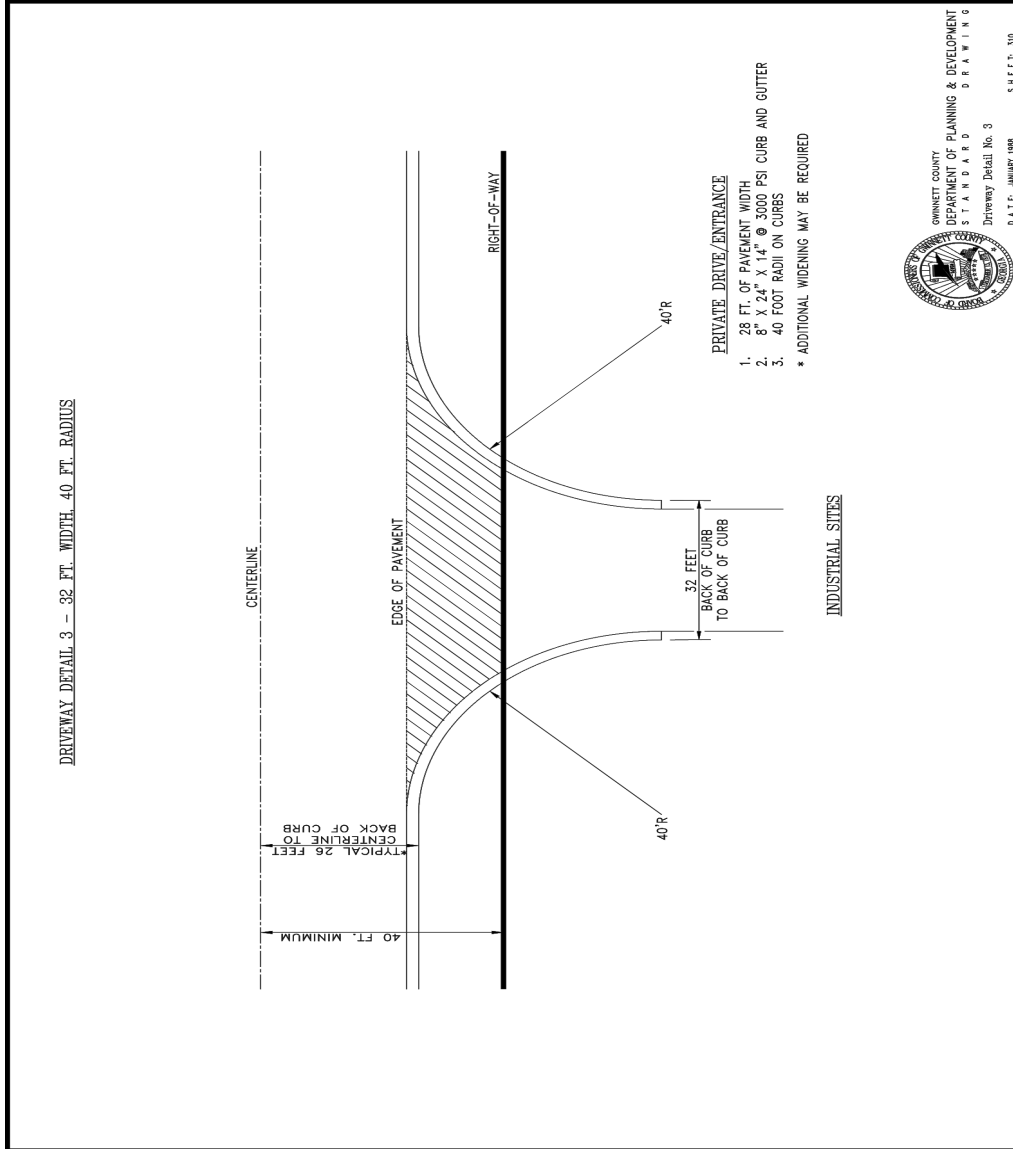


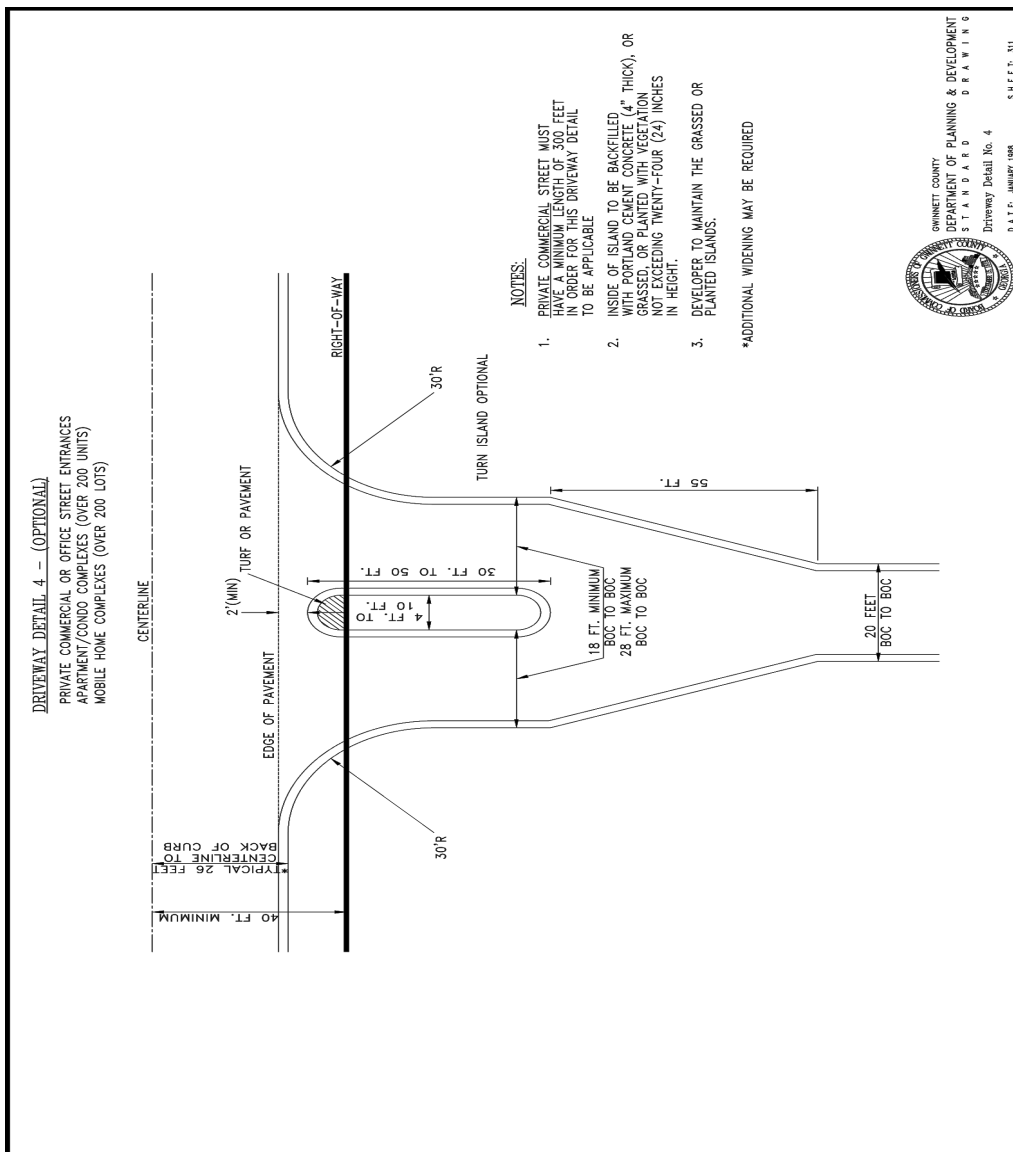
UDO Appendix

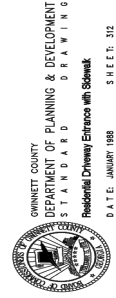
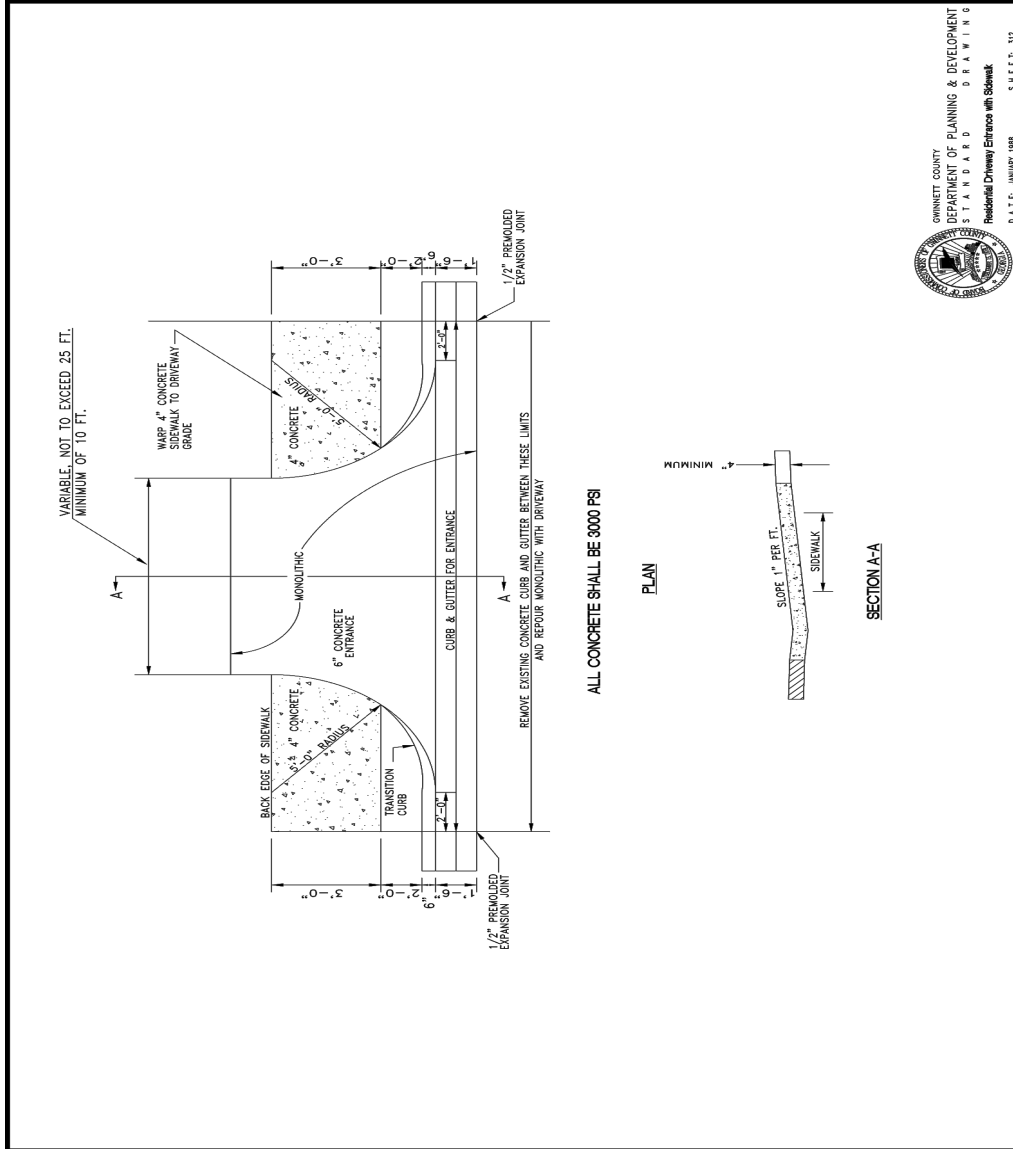


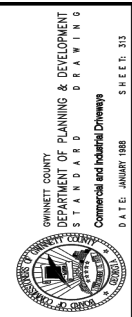
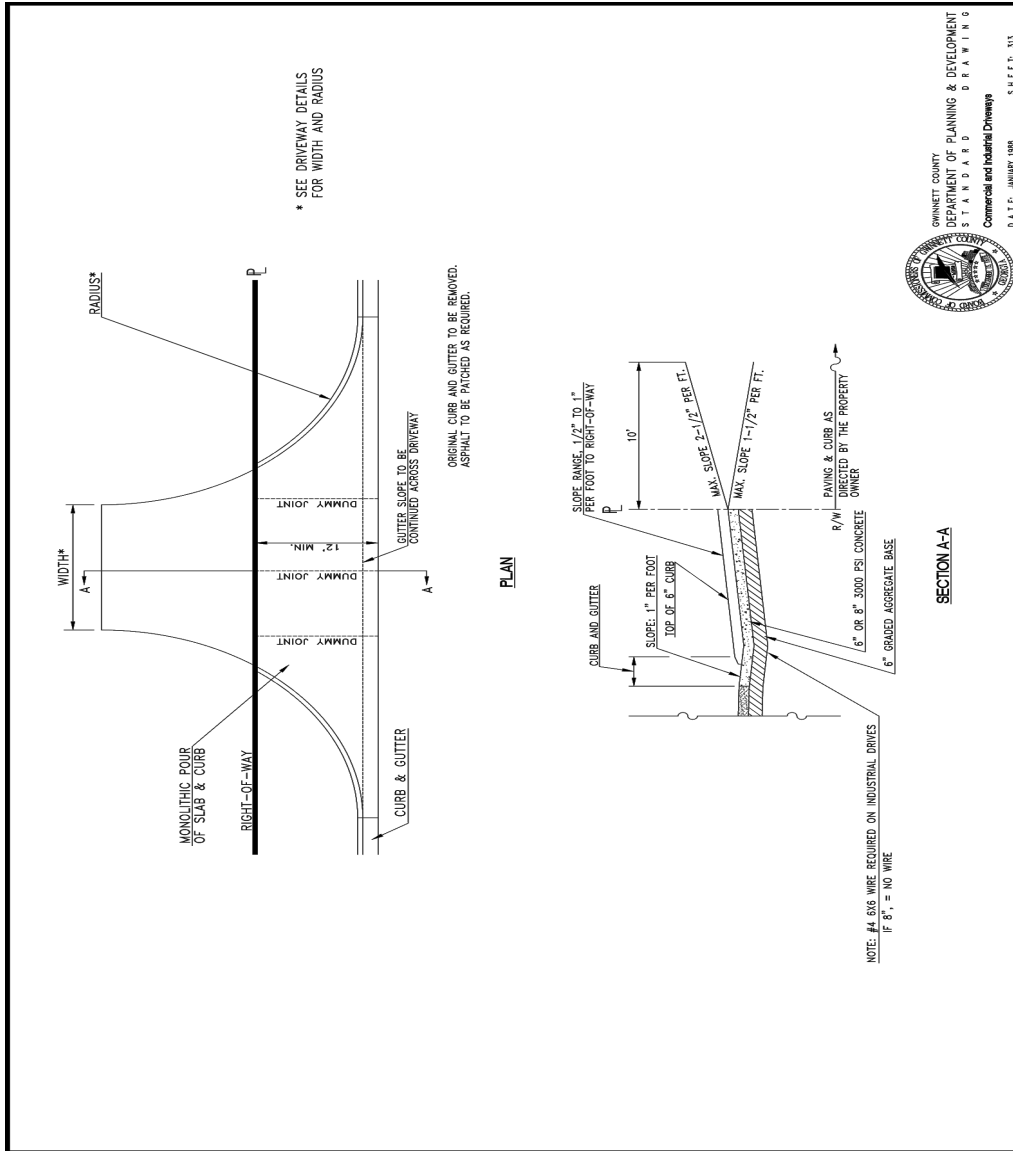
UDO Appendix



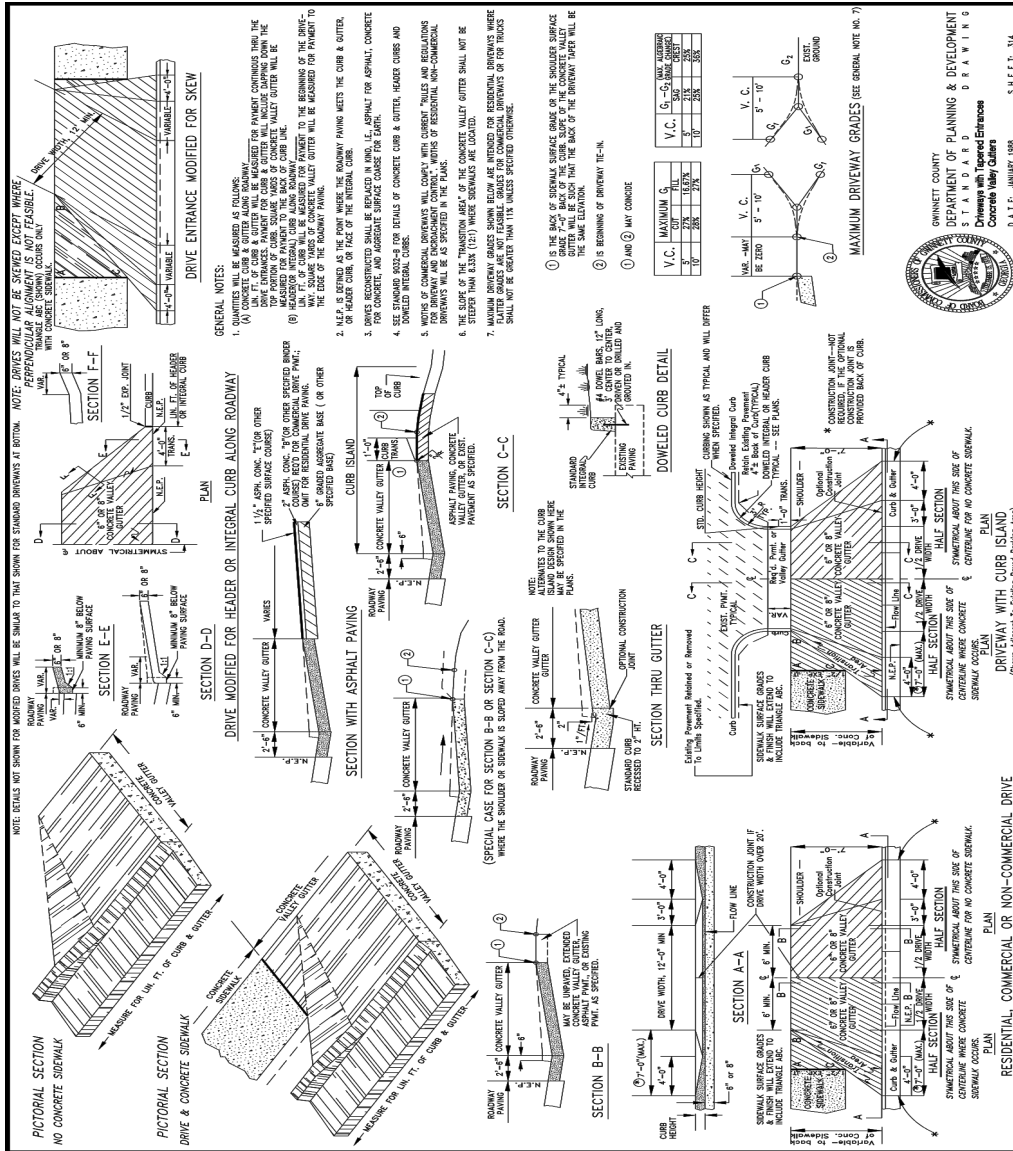


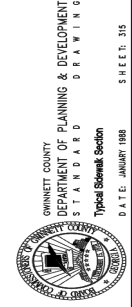
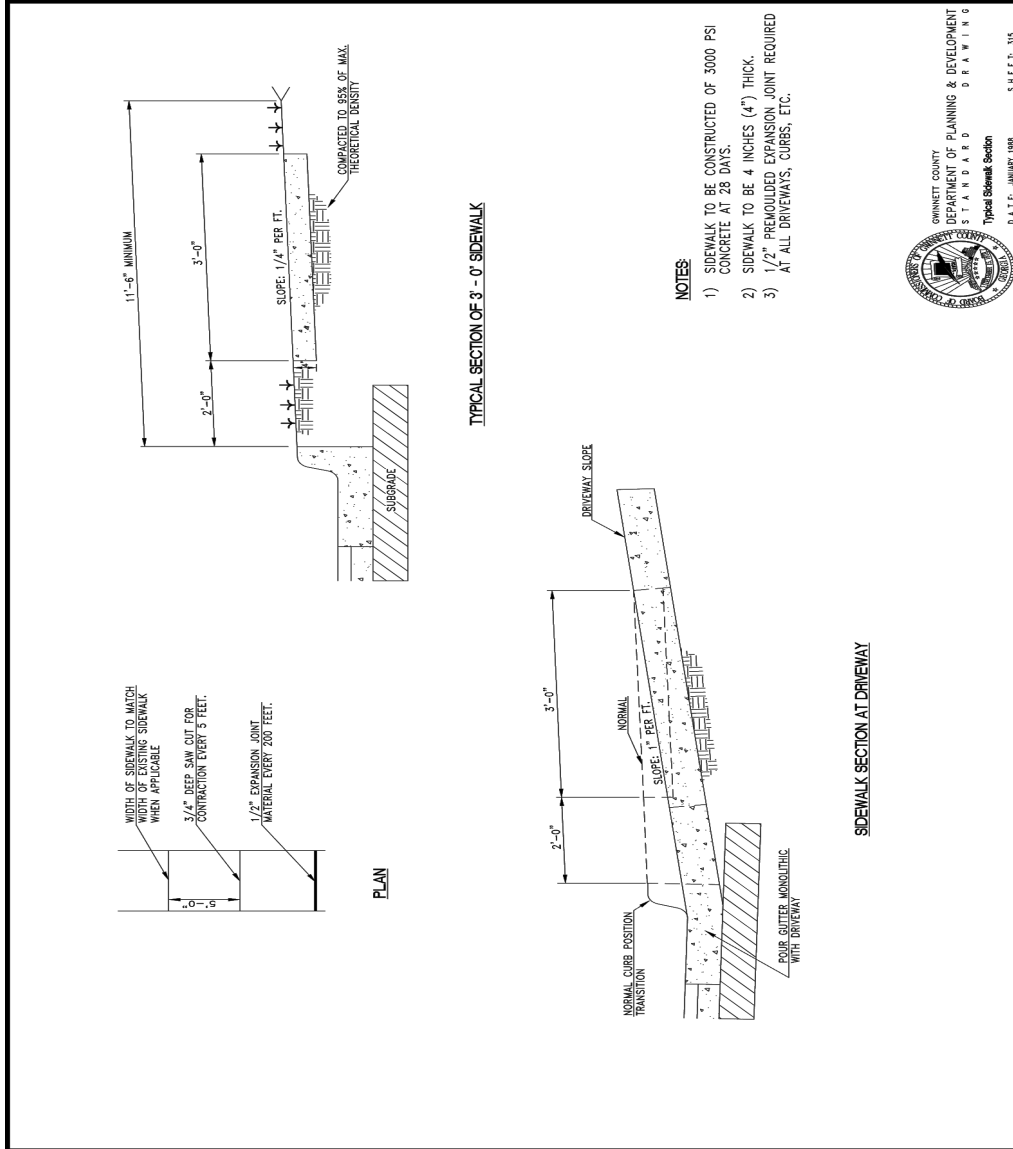


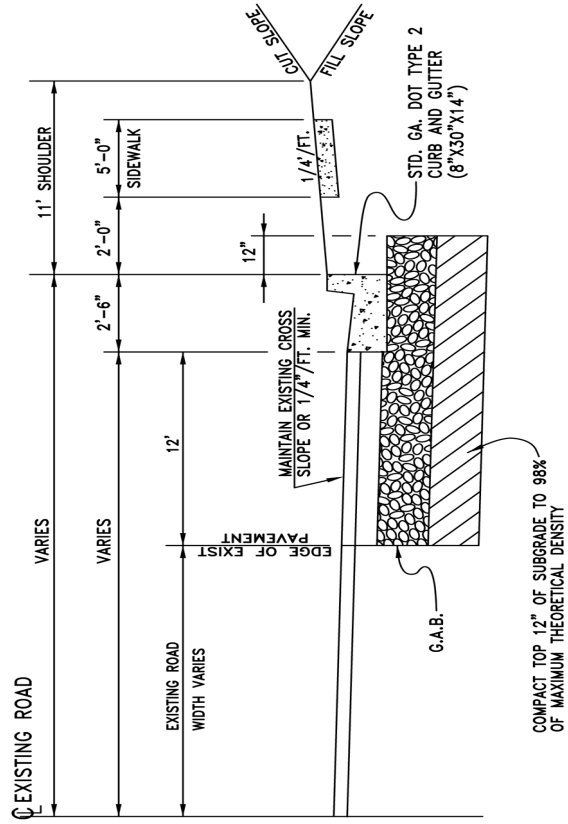




PHOENIX COUNTY
 DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT
 STANDARD DRAWING
 Commercial and Industrial Driveways
 DATE: JANUARY 1988
 SHEET: 218





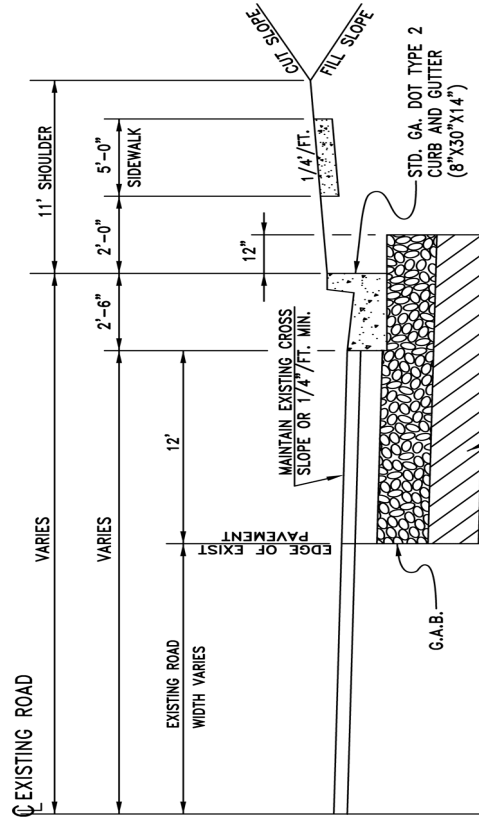


ARTERIALS OVER 10,000 ADT
TYPICAL DECELERATION LANE SECTION

10" OF G.A.B., 4" OF 25mm SUPERPAVE,
2" OF 19mm SUPERPAVE AND 1.5" OF 12.5mm SUPERPAVE

BY	REVISION	DATE

GWINNETT COUNTY
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 401A MAJOR ARTERIAL DECEL LANE TYP. SECTION
 DATE: May, 2014
 BY: LC



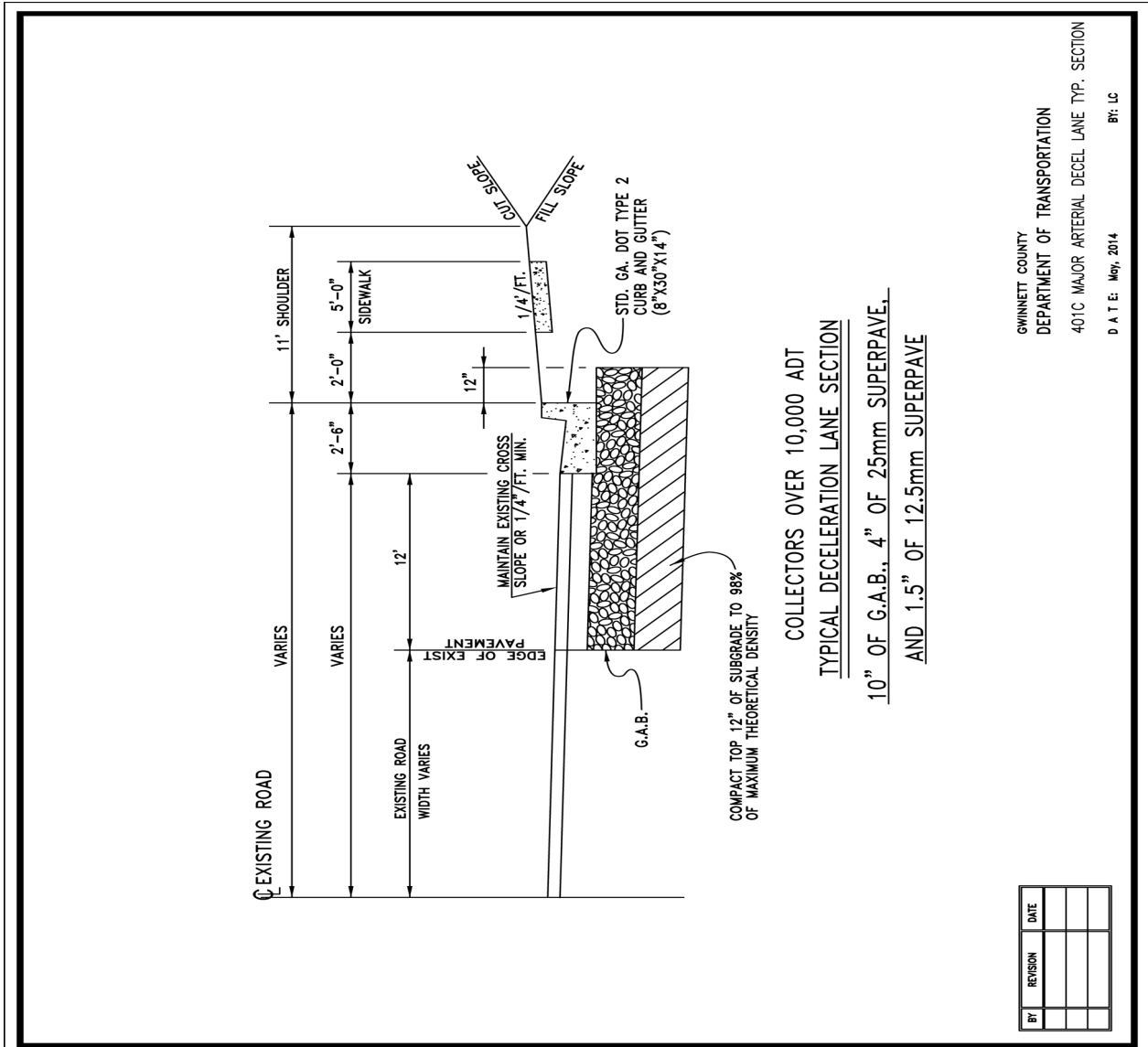
COMPACT TOP 12" OF SUBGRADE TO 98% OF MAXIMUM THEORETICAL DENSITY

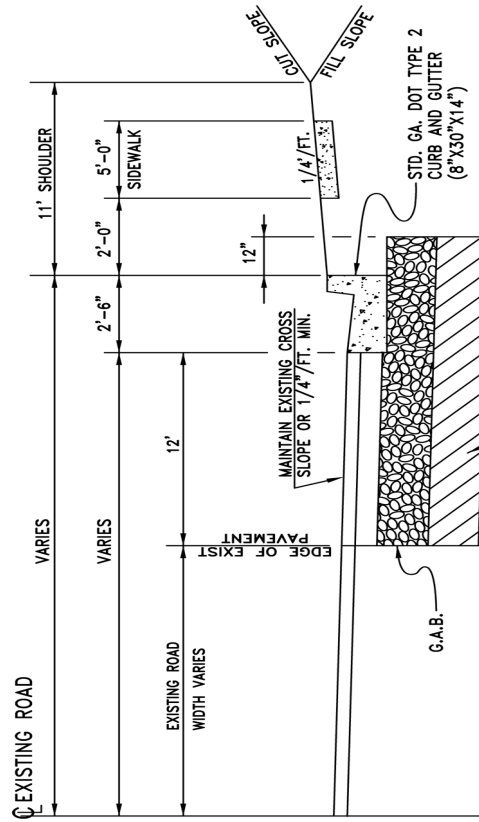
ARTERIALS UNDER 10,000 ADT
TYPICAL DECELERATION LANE SECTION

10" OF G.A.B., 4" OF 25mm SUPERPAVE,
 2" OF 19mm SUPERPAVE AND 1.5" OF TYPE II 9.5mm SUPERPAVE

BY	REVISION	DATE

GWINNETT COUNTY
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 401B MAJOR ARTERIAL DECEL LANE TYP. SECTION
 D A T E: May, 2014
 BY: LC



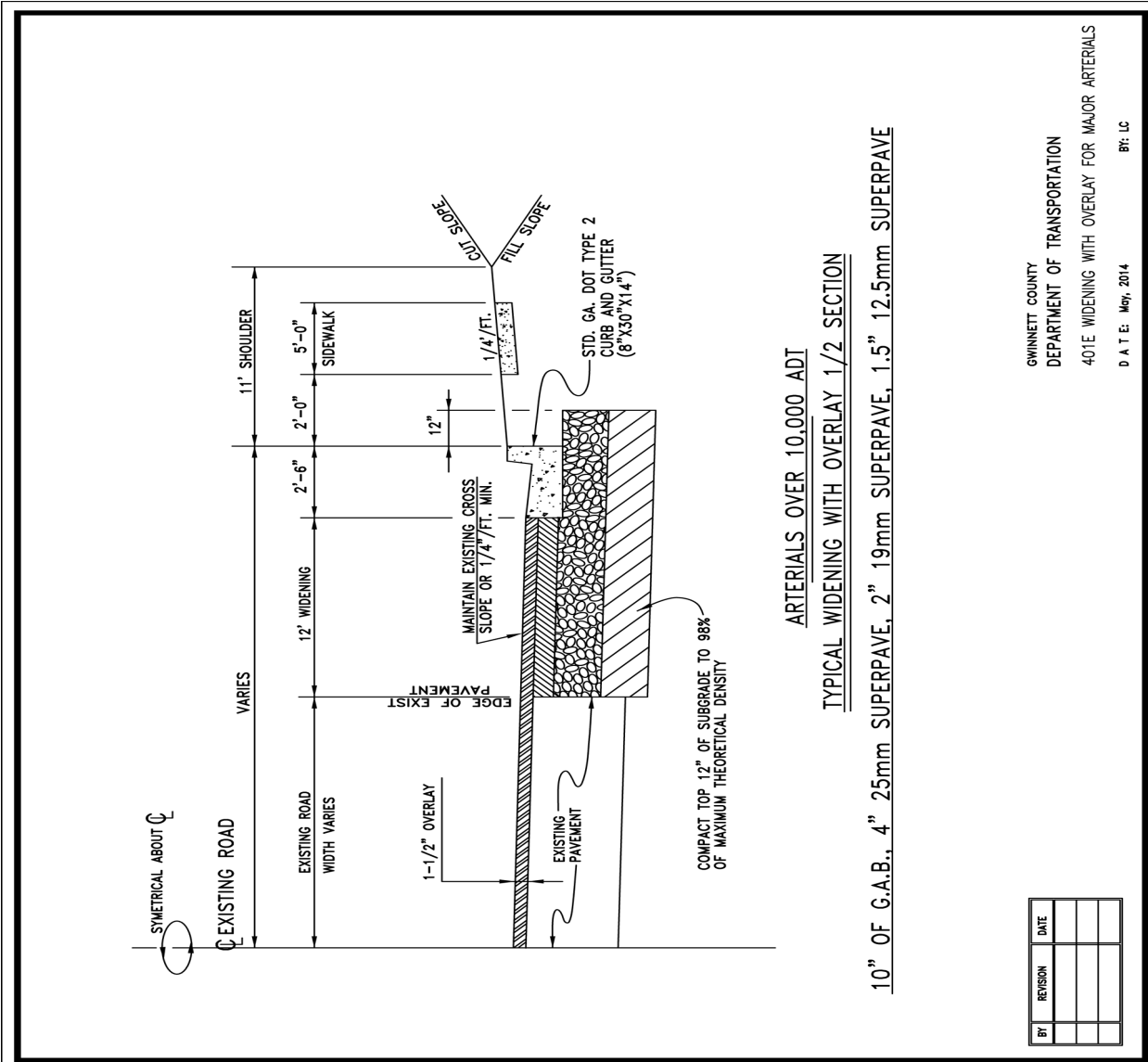


COMPACT TOP 12" OF SUBGRADE TO 98% OF MAXIMUM THEORETICAL DENSITY

COLLECTORS UNDER 10,000 ADT
TYPICAL DECELERATION LANE SECTION
10" OF G.A.B., 4" OF 25mm SUPERPAVE,
AND 1.5" OF TYPE II 9.5mm SUPERPAVE

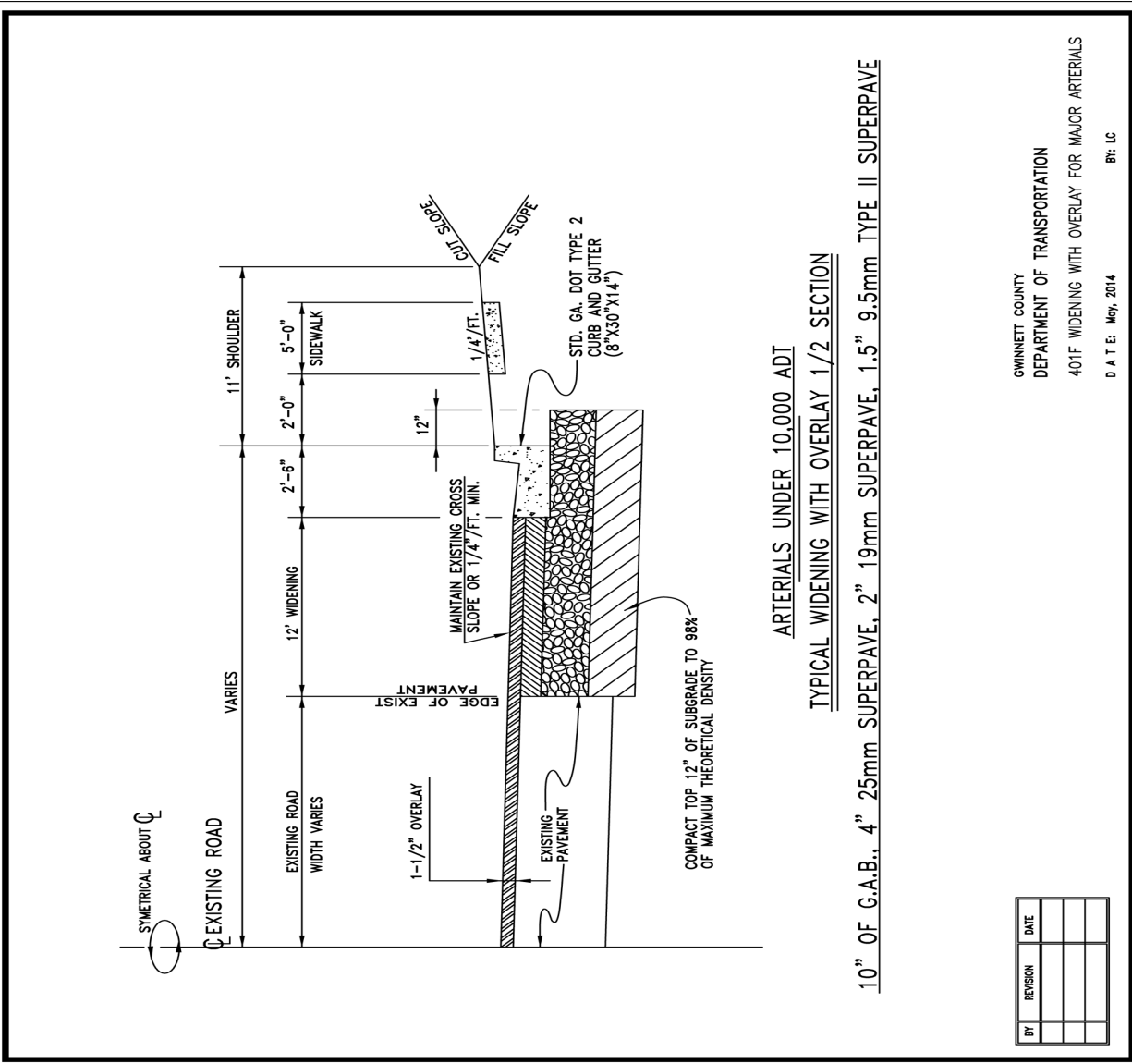
BY	REVISION	DATE

GWINNETT COUNTY
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 401D MAJOR ARTERIAL DECEL LANE TYP. SECTION
 D A T E: May, 2014
 BY: LC



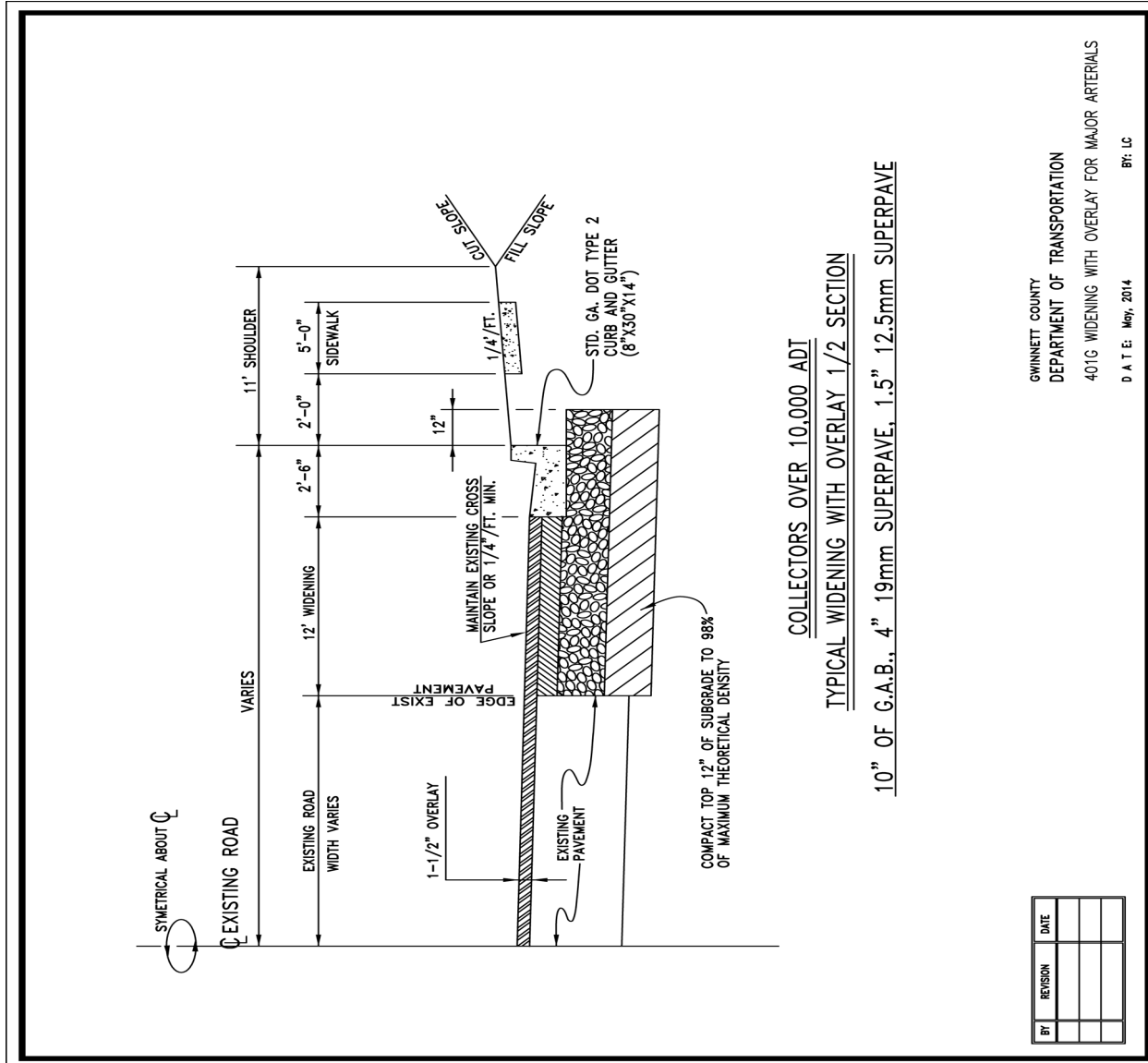
BY	REVISION	DATE

GWINNETT COUNTY
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 401E WIDENING WITH OVERLAY FOR MAJOR ARTERIALS
 D A T E: May, 2014
 BY: LC



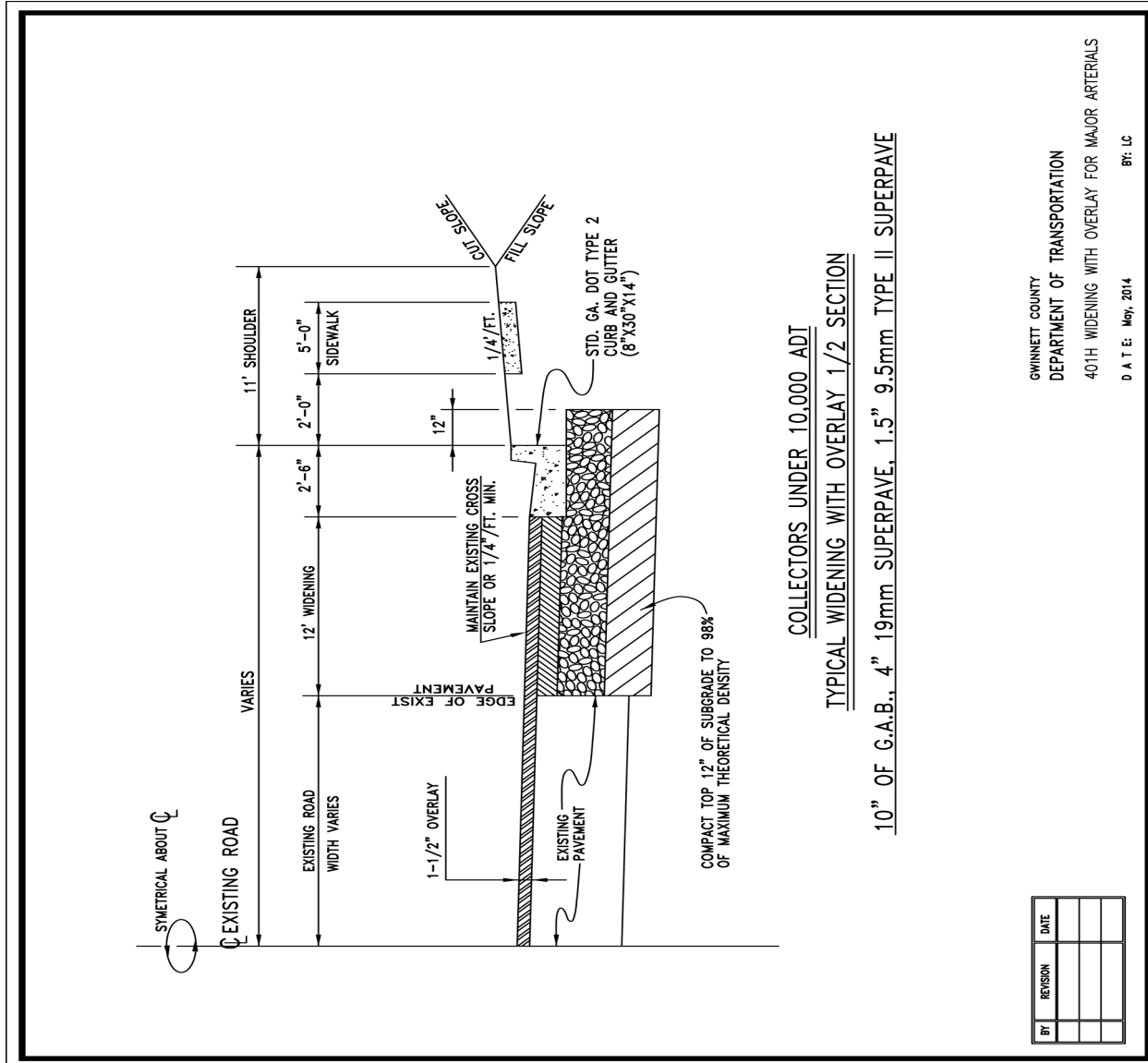
BY	REVISION	DATE

GWINNETT COUNTY
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 401F WIDENING WITH OVERLAY FOR MAJOR ARTERIALS
 D A T E: May, 2014
 BY: LC



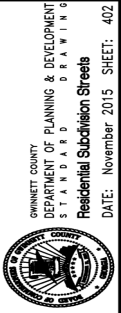
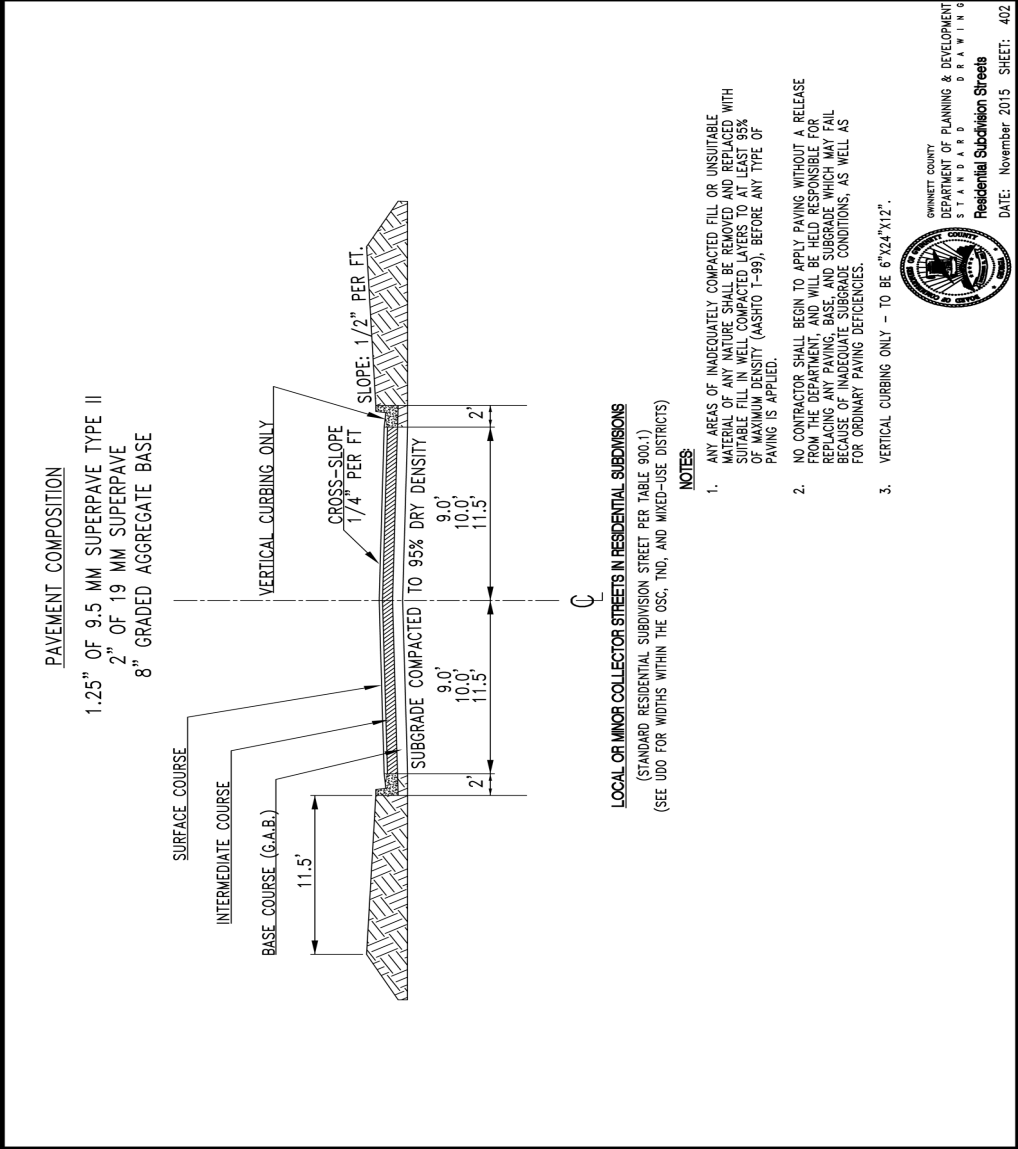
BY	REVISION	DATE

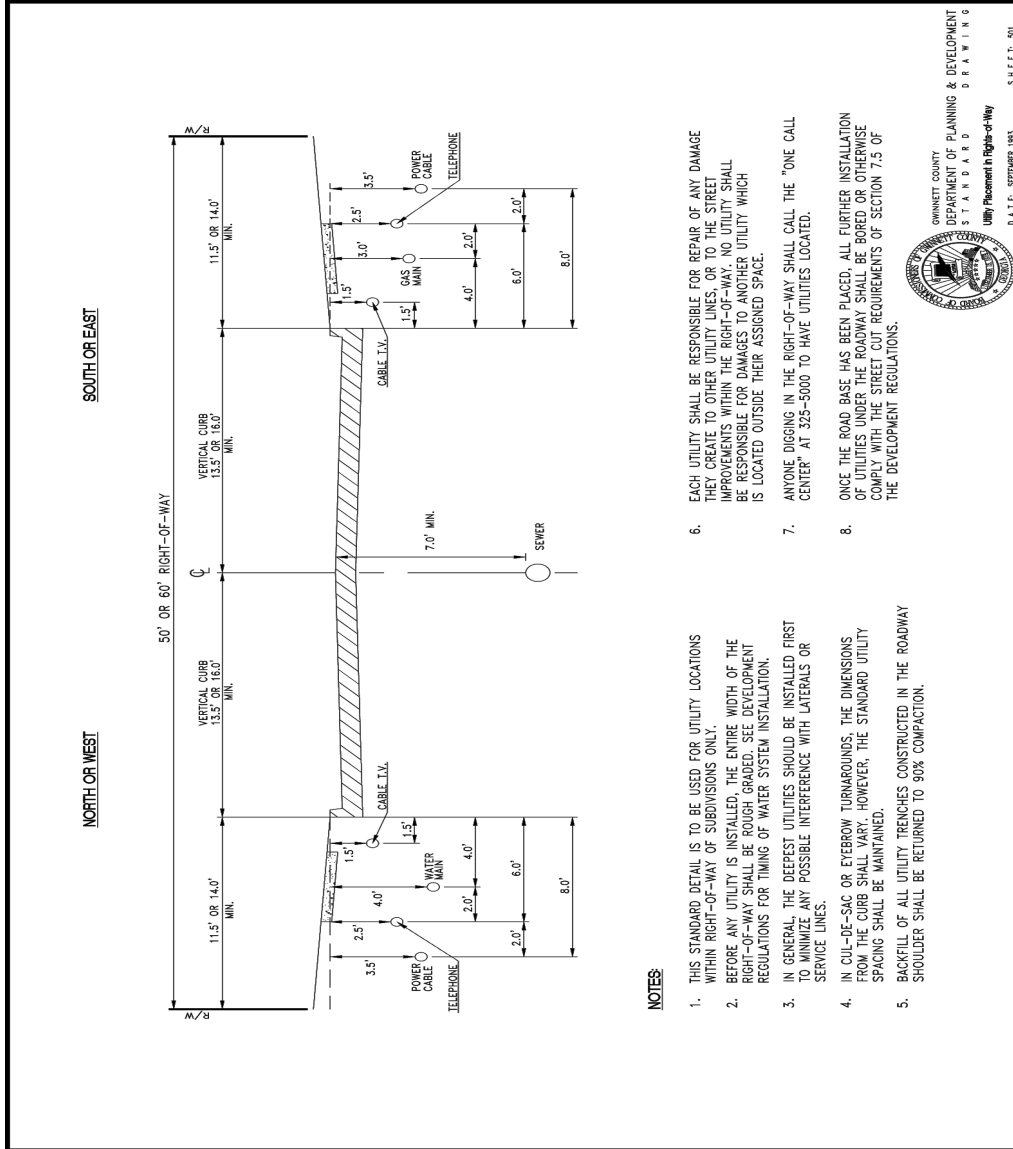
GWINNETT COUNTY
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 401G WIDENING WITH OVERLAY FOR MAJOR ARTERIALS
 DATE: May, 2014
 BY: LC



BY	REVISION	DATE

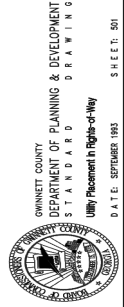
GWINNETT COUNTY
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 40TH WIDENING WITH OVERLAY FOR MAJOR ARTERIALS
 DATE: May, 2014
 BY: LC

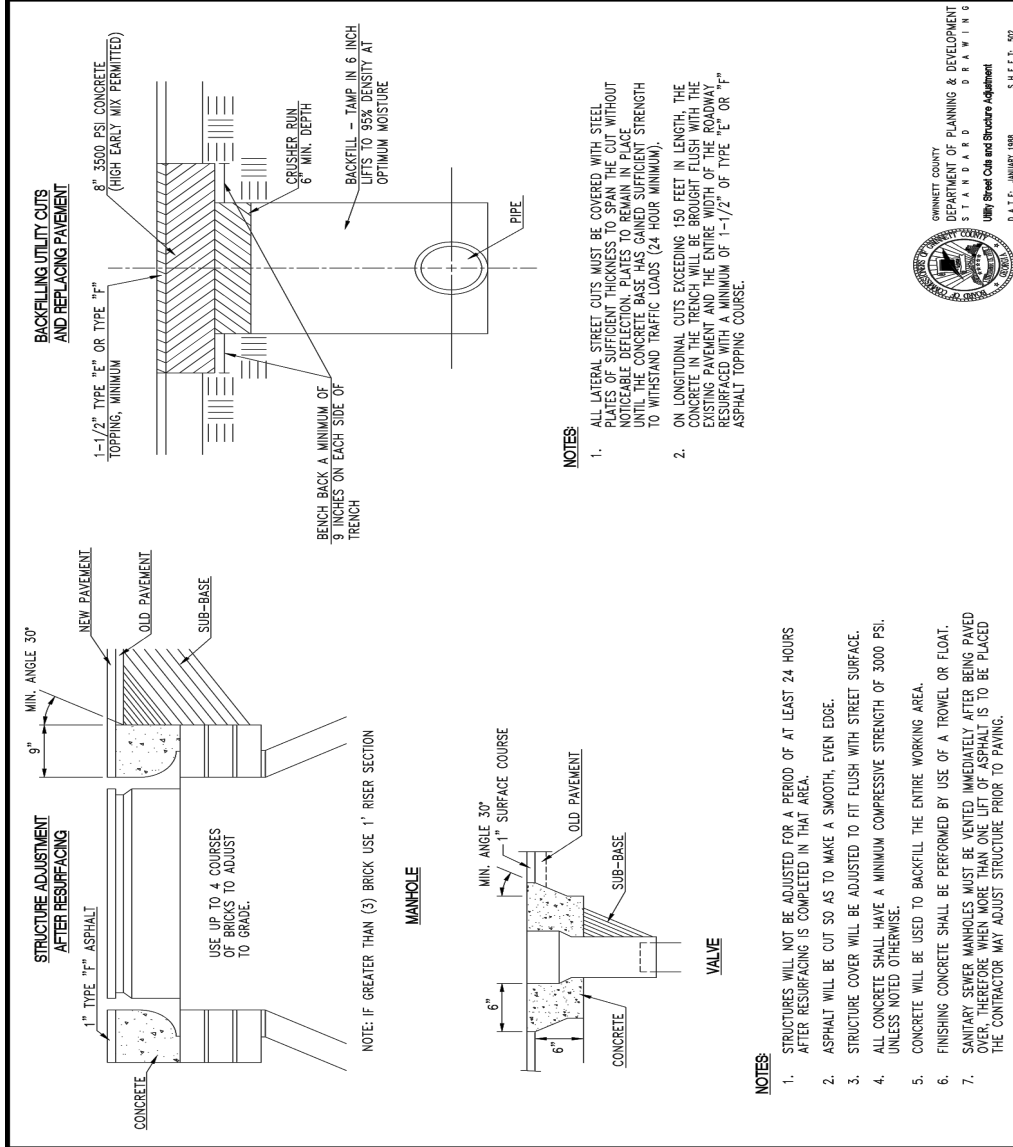




NOTES:

1. THIS STANDARD DETAIL IS TO BE USED FOR UTILITY LOCATIONS WITHIN RIGHT-OF-WAY OF SUBDIVISIONS ONLY.
2. BEFORE ANY UTILITY IS INSTALLED, THE ENTIRE WIDTH OF THE RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE ROUGH GRADED. SEE DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS FOR TIMING OF WATER SYSTEM INSTALLATION.
3. IN GENERAL, THE DEEPEST UTILITIES SHOULD BE INSTALLED FIRST TO MINIMIZE ANY POSSIBLE INTERFERENCE WITH LATERALS OR SERVICE LINES.
4. IN CUL-DE-SAC OR PYERROW TURNAROUNDS, THE DIMENSIONS FROM THE CURB SHALL VARY. HOWEVER, THE STANDARD UTILITY SPACING SHALL BE MAINTAINED.
5. BACKFILL OF ALL UTILITY TRENCHES CONSTRUCTED IN THE ROADWAY SHOULDER SHALL BE RETURNED TO 90% COMPACTION.
6. EACH UTILITY SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REPAIR OF ANY DAMAGE THEY CREATE TO OTHER UTILITY LINES, OR TO THE STREET IMPROVEMENTS WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY. NO UTILITY SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DAMAGES TO ANOTHER UTILITY WHICH IS LOCATED OUTSIDE THEIR ASSIGNED SPACE.
7. ANYONE DIGGING IN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL CALL THE "ONE CALL CENTER" AT 325-5000 TO HAVE UTILITIES LOCATED.
8. ONCE THE ROAD BASE HAS BEEN PLACED, ALL FURTHER INSTALLATION OF UTILITIES UNDER THE ROADWAY SHALL BE BORED OR OTHERWISE COMPLY WITH THE STREET CUT REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 7.5 OF THE DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS.





NOTES:

1. ALL LATERAL STREET CUTS MUST BE COVERED WITH STEEL PLATES OF SUFFICIENT THICKNESS TO SPAN THE CUT WITHOUT NOTICEABLE DEFLECTION. PLATES TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE CONCRETE BASE HAS GAINED SUFFICIENT STRENGTH TO WITHSTAND TRAFFIC LOADS (24 HOUR MINIMUM).
2. ON LONGITUDINAL CUTS EXCEEDING 150 FEET IN LENGTH, THE CONCRETE IN THE TRENCH WILL BE BROUGHT FLUSH WITH THE EXISTING PAVEMENT AND THE ENTIRE WIDTH OF THE ROADWAY RESURFACED WITH A MINIMUM OF 1-1/2" OF TYPE "E" OR "F" ASPHALT TOPPING COURSE.

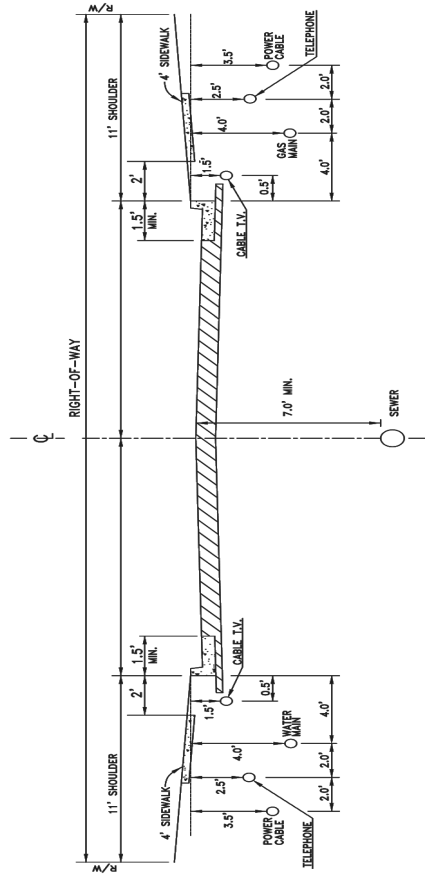
NOTES:

1. STRUCTURES WILL NOT BE ADJUSTED FOR A PERIOD OF AT LEAST 24 HOURS AFTER RESURFACING IS COMPLETED IN THAT AREA.
2. ASPHALT WILL BE CUT SO AS TO MAKE A SMOOTH, EVEN EDGE.
3. STRUCTURE COVER WILL BE ADJUSTED TO FIT FLUSH WITH STREET SURFACE.
4. ALL CONCRETE SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 3000 PSI, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
5. CONCRETE WILL BE USED TO BACKFILL THE ENTIRE WORKING AREA.
6. FINISHING CONCRETE SHALL BE PERFORMED BY USE OF A TROWEL OR FLOAT.
7. SANITARY SEWER MANHOLES MUST BE VENTED IMMEDIATELY AFTER BEING PAVED OVER, THEREFORE WHEN MORE THAN ONE LIFT OF ASPHALT IS TO BE PLACED THE CONTRACTOR MAY ADJUST STRUCTURE PRIOR TO PAVING.

OLINETT COUNTY
DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT
STANDARD DRAWING
Utility Street Cuts and Structure Adjustment
DATE: JANUARY 1988
SHEET: 302

NORTH OR WEST

SOUTH OR EAST

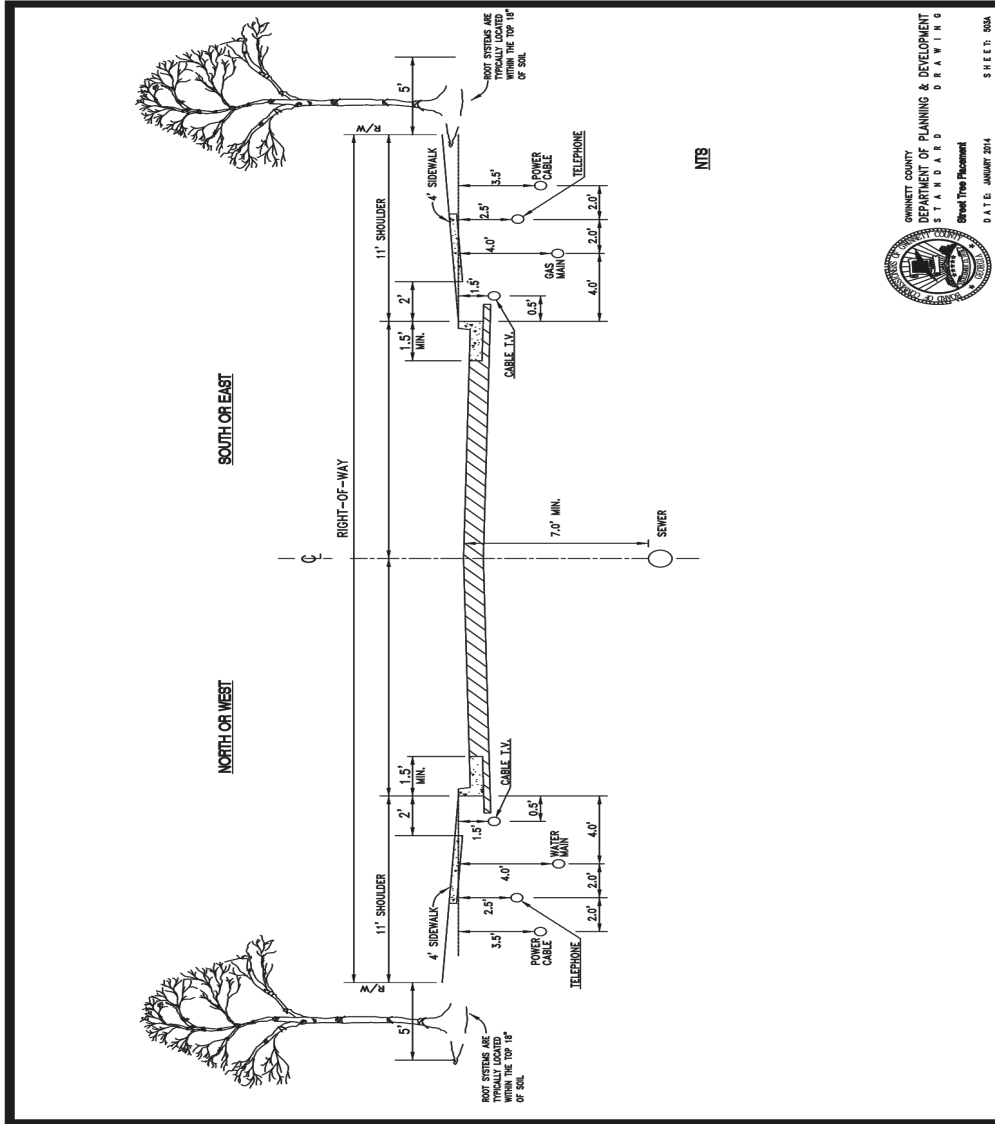


NOTES

1. THIS STANDARD DETAIL IS TO BE USED FOR UTILITY LOCATIONS WITHIN RIGHT-OF-WAY OF RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISION DISTRICT STREETS.
2. BEFORE ANY UTILITY IS INSTALLED, THE ENTIRE WIDTH OF THE RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE ROUGH GRADED. SEE DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS FOR TIMING OF WATER SYSTEM INSTALLATION.
3. IN GENERAL, THE DEEPEST UTILITIES SHOULD BE INSTALLED, FIRST TO MINIMIZE ANY POSSIBLE INTERFERENCE WITH LATERALS OR SERVICE LINES.
4. IN CUL-DE-SAC OR EYEBROW TURNAROUNDS, THE DIMENSIONS FROM THE CURB SHALL VARY. HOWEVER, THE STANDARD UTILITY SPACING SHALL BE MAINTAINED.
5. BACKFILL OF ALL UTILITY TRENCHES CONSTRUCTED IN THE ROADWAY SHOULDER SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 95% (MIN.) OF MAXIMUM DENSITY.
6. EACH UTILITY SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REPAIR OF ANY DAMAGE THEY CREATE TO OTHER UTILITY LINES, OR TO THE STREET IMPROVEMENTS WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY. NO UTILITY SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DAMAGES TO ANOTHER UTILITY WHICH IS LOCATED OUTSIDE THEIR ASSIGNED SPACE.
7. ANYONE DIGGING IN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL CALL THE UTILITIES PROTECTION CENTER OF GEORGIA AT 1-800-282-7411 (METRO-ATLANTA AREA: 770-623-7411) TO HAVE EXISTING UTILITIES LOCATED PRIOR TO EXCAVATION.
8. ONCE THE ROAD BASE HAS BEEN PLACED, ALL FURTHER INSTALLATION OF UTILITIES UNDER THE ROADWAY SHALL BE BORED OR OTHERWISE COMPLY WITH THE STREET CUT REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 7.5 OF THE DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS.

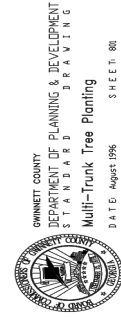
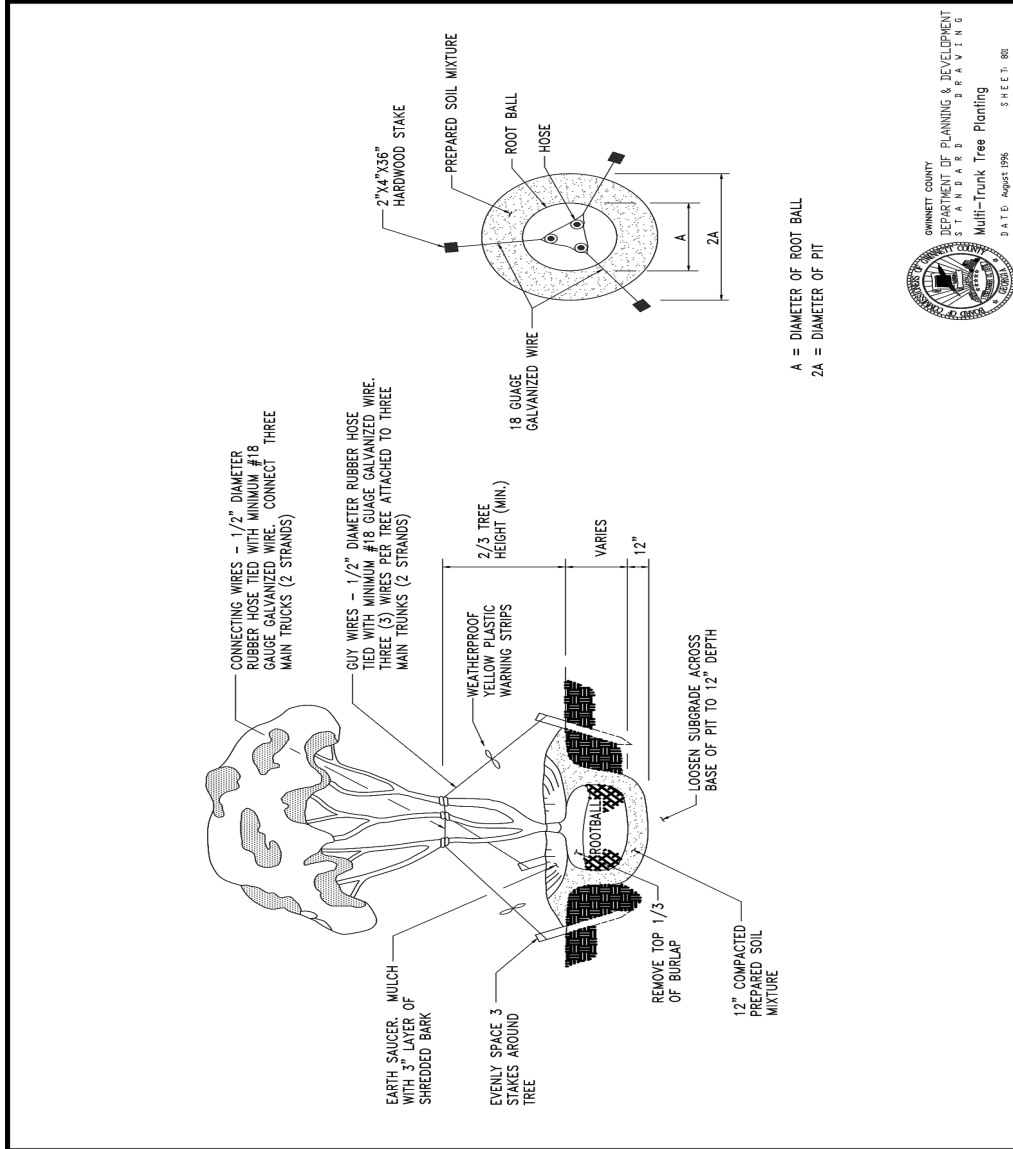
GWINNETT COUNTY
 DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT
 STANDARD DRAWING
 Utility Placement in Right-of-Way of Residential Subdivision District Streets
 DATE: JANUARY 2014

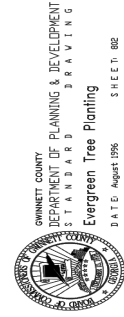
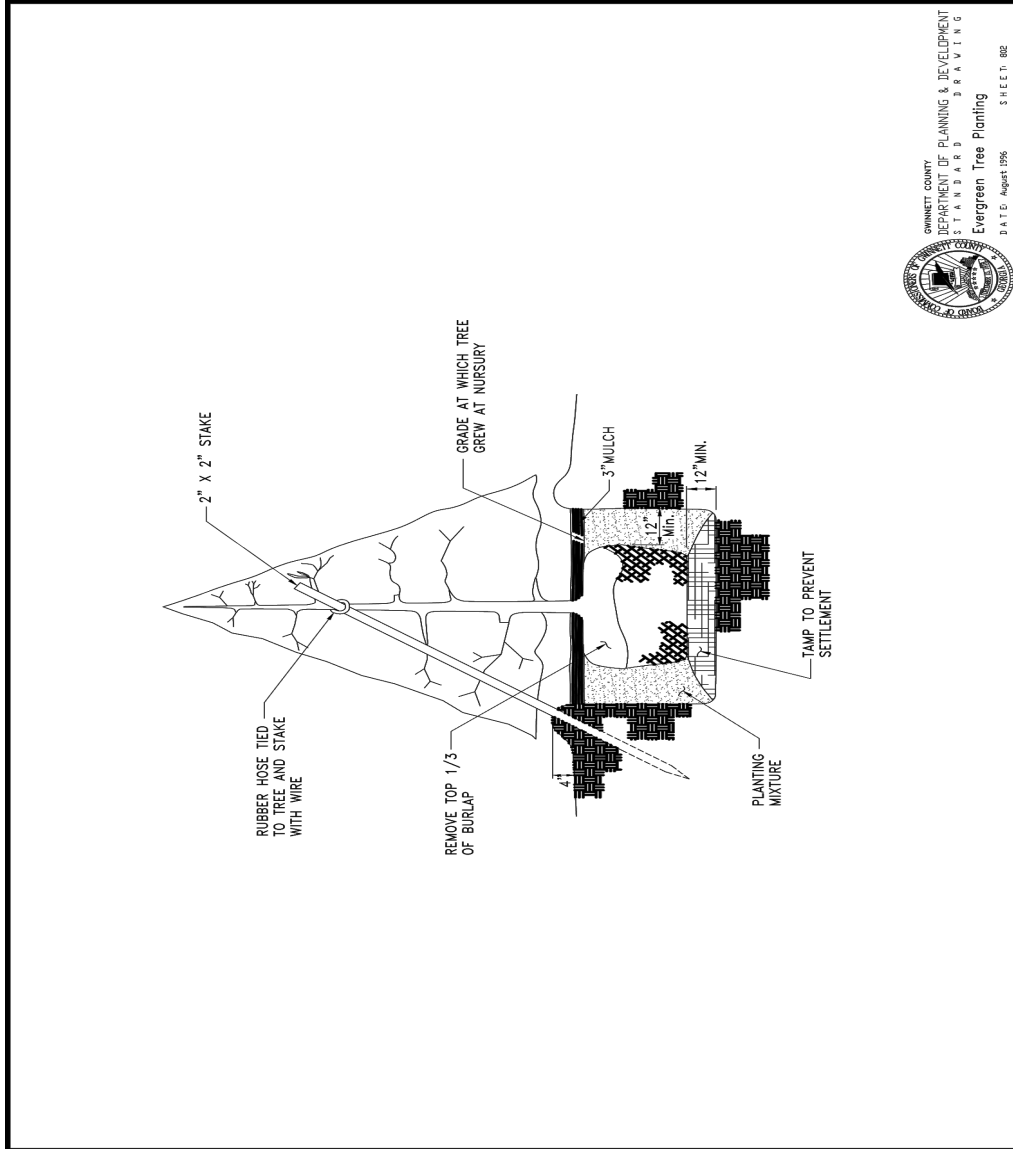
UDO Appendix



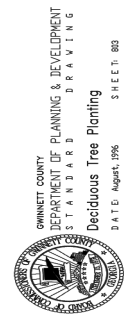
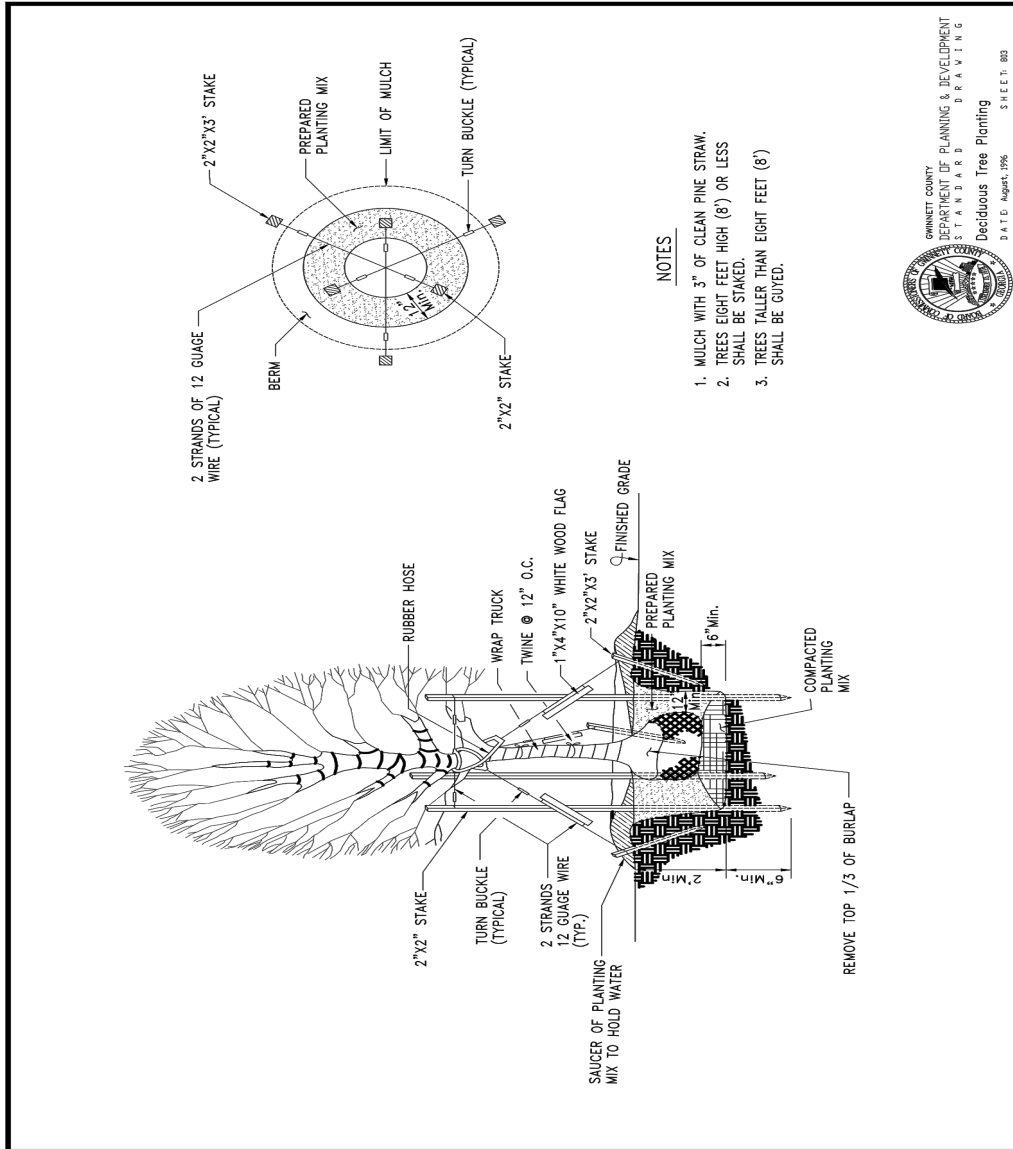
OSWINE COUNTY
DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT
STANDARD DRAWINGS
Street Tree Placement
DATE: JANUARY 2014
SHEET: 303A

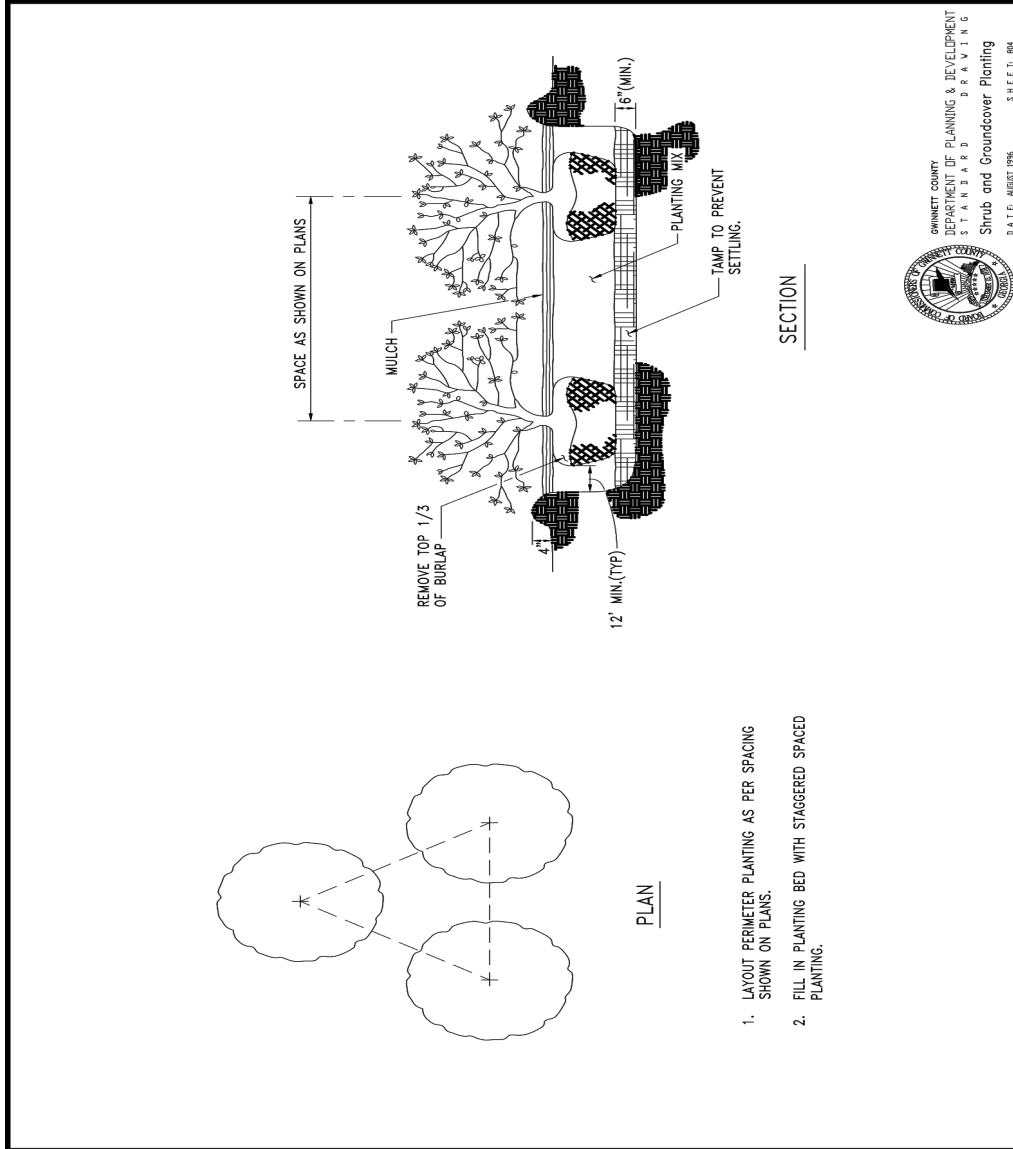
UDO Appendix





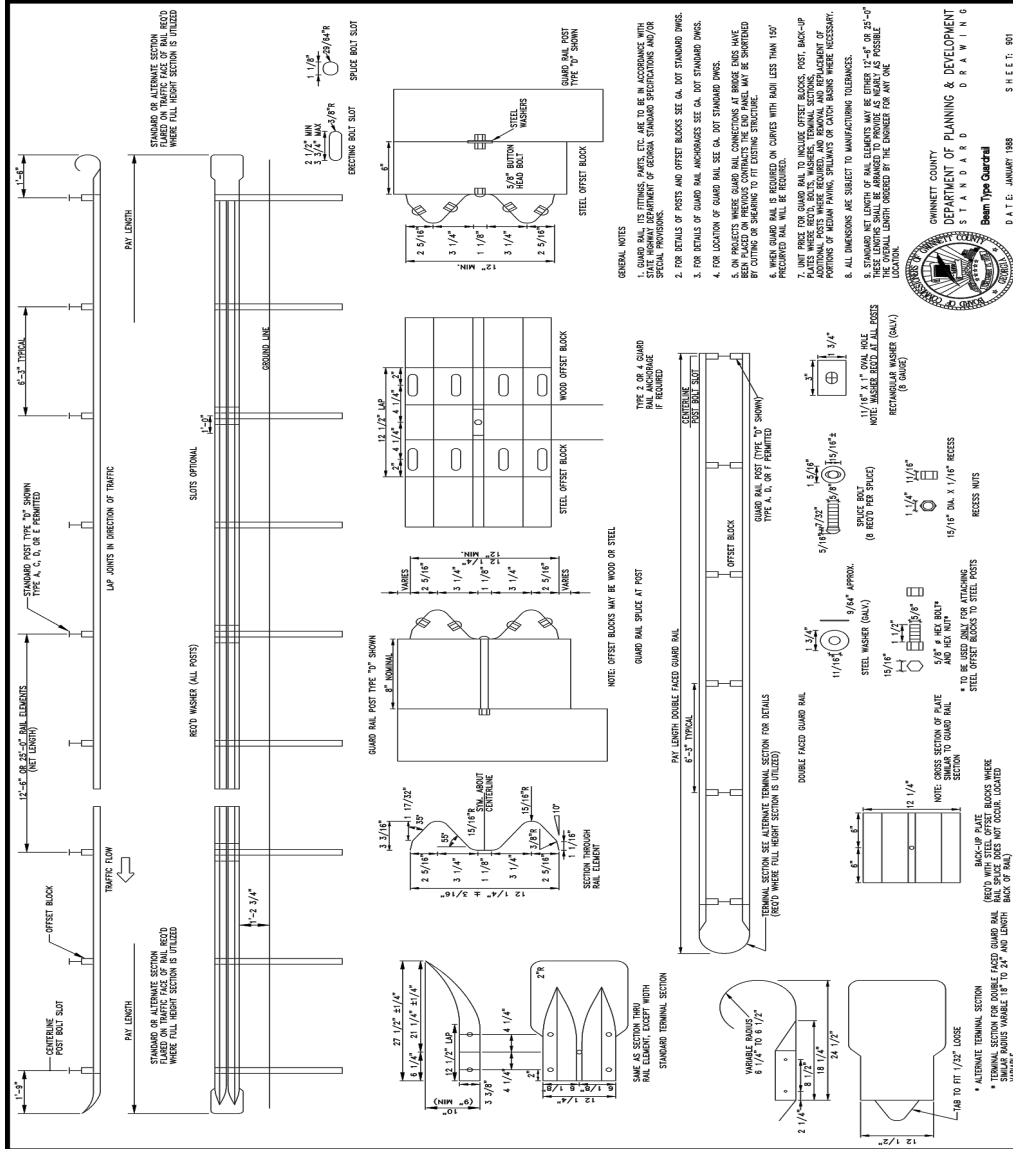
UDO Appendix





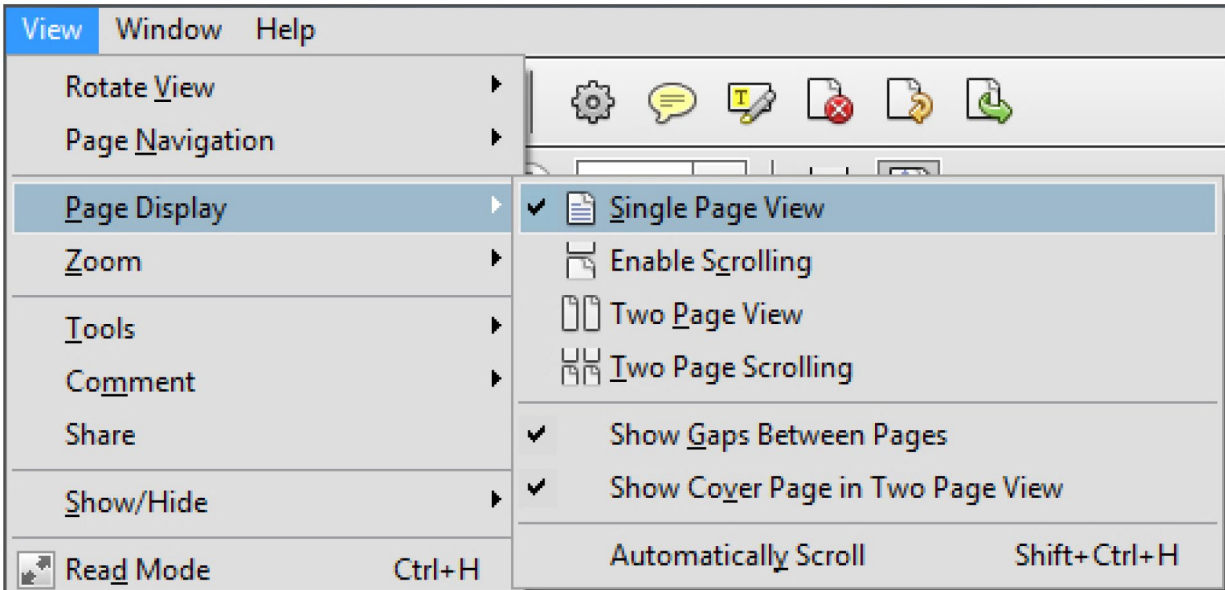
1. LAYOUT PERIMETER PLANTING AS PER SPACING SHOWN ON PLANS.
2. FILL IN PLANTING BED WITH STAGGERED SPACED PLANTING.

GWINNETT COUNTY
DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT
STANDARD DRAWING
Shrub and Groundcover Planting
DATE: AUGUST 1996 SHEET: 804



NOTE: The next section is best viewed in Single Page View. To revert back to this from Two Page View, go to the View tab, then select *Page Display* and check the option *Single Page View* as shown below.

UDO Appendix



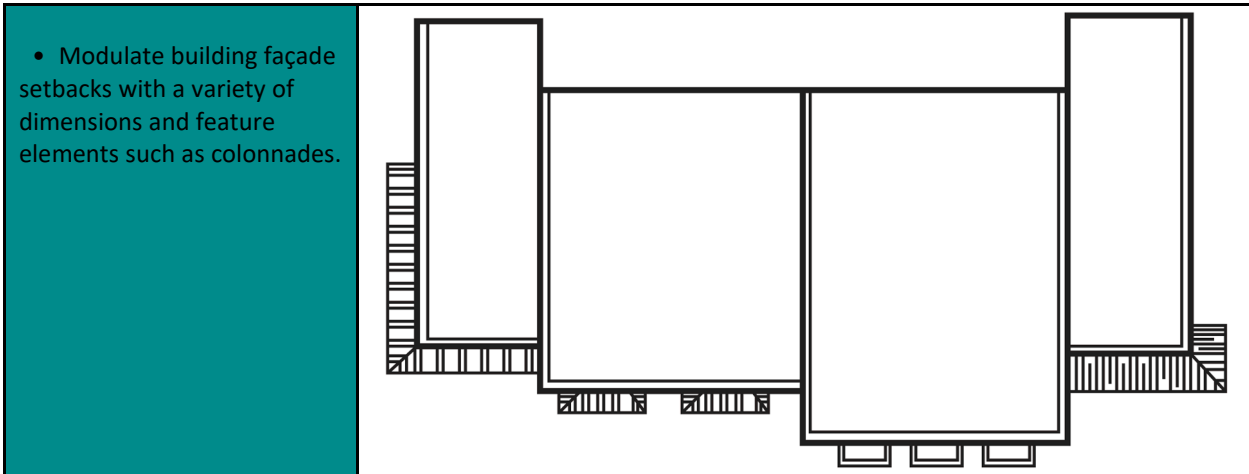
(Ord. No. UDOA2014-00001(GCID No. 2014-0548), 7-22-14; Ord. No. UDOA2019-00005(GCID2019-0295) , Exh. A, 3-19-2019)

Appendix Section 2.0: Design Guidelines

General Design

Building Façade Materials and Modulation

Plan



Elevation



Architectural Design For Multi-Story Buildings

The following design guidelines should be considered when designing multi-story buildings:

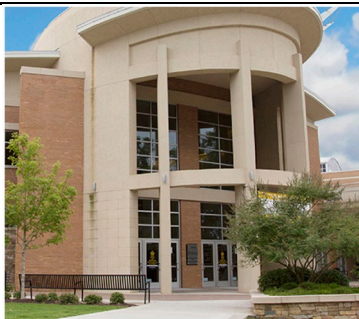
- Create unique iconic features at building corners such as towers and balconies.
- Building facades shall be varied via offsets and recesses to avoid creating a heavy monolithic appearance.
- Ground floors shall be distinguished through façade projections, recesses, and change of materials and color that will differentiate building elevations.
- Ground floors shall incorporate large frequent window articulations.
- Changes in building material, texture, and color shall be incorporated.



Architectural Entry Features

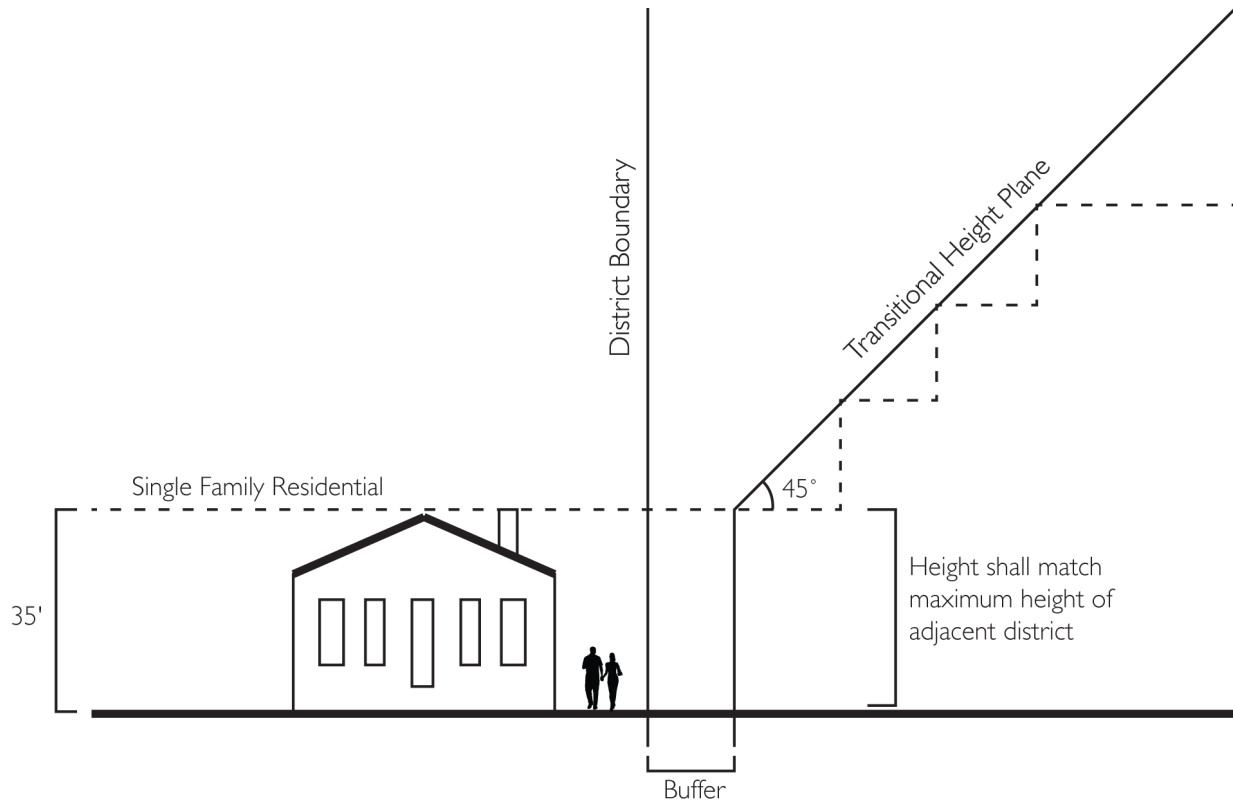
The following architectural entry features should be considered when designing commercial buildings:

- Incorporate height variations to distinguish entry features
- Incorporate projections, roof overhangs, canopy structures, and awnings to distinguish entry features
- Changes in building material, texture, and color to distinguish entry features.
- Incorporate unique window and door features to provide entry identity.
- Incorporate offsets and recesses to distinguish entry features.



Height Transitions

Transitional Height Plane



Internal Height Transitions

Avoid drastic changes in building and cornice heights along shared façades



Multifamily Residential

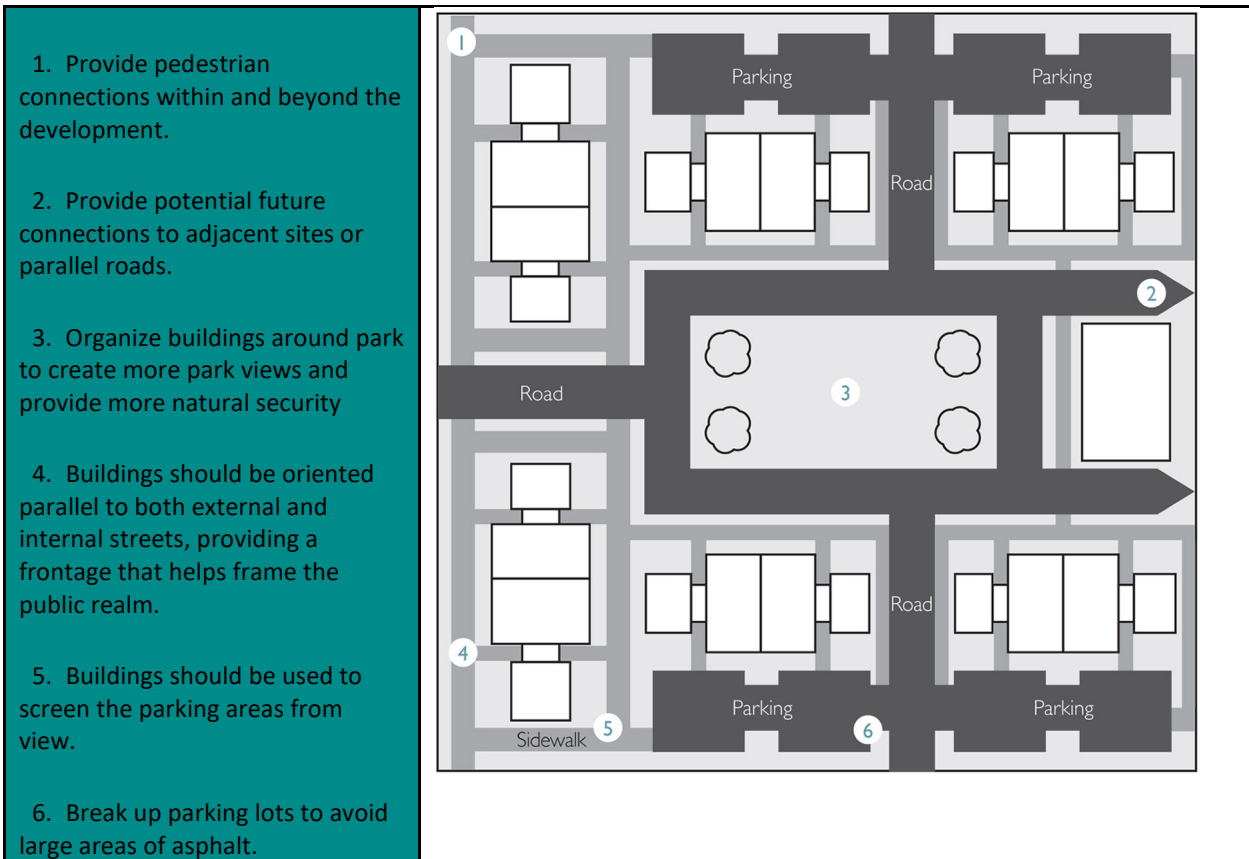
The following architectural and site design guidelines are laid out to ensure well-designed and well-constructed multifamily development that enhances the quality of life in the surrounding community and provides a variety of quality housing options to current and future residents.

Typical Multifamily Building Elevation



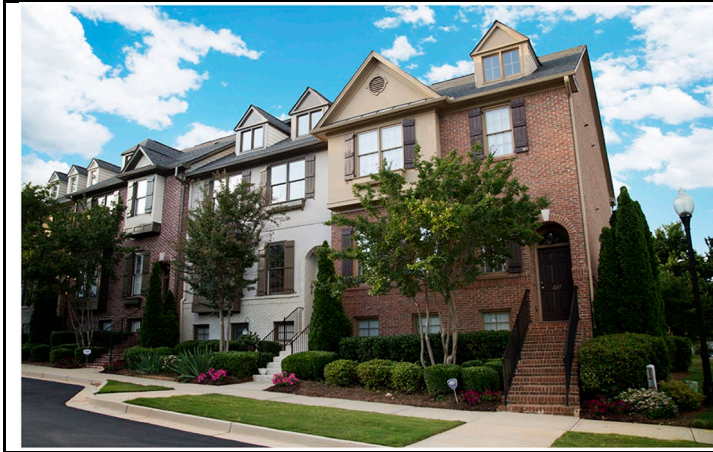
- Multifamily buildings encouraged to be designed with a pitched roof (see 3.8 for roof guidelines.)
- Common entrances and breezeway entrances shall incorporate a distinctive architectural entrance structure such as a tower element, arched portal or arbor/trellis.
- Front, sides, and rear facades shall be finished with a minimum of 50 percent brick or stone finish on each elevation.

Typical Site Layout For Multifamily Residential



Attached Single-Family Residential

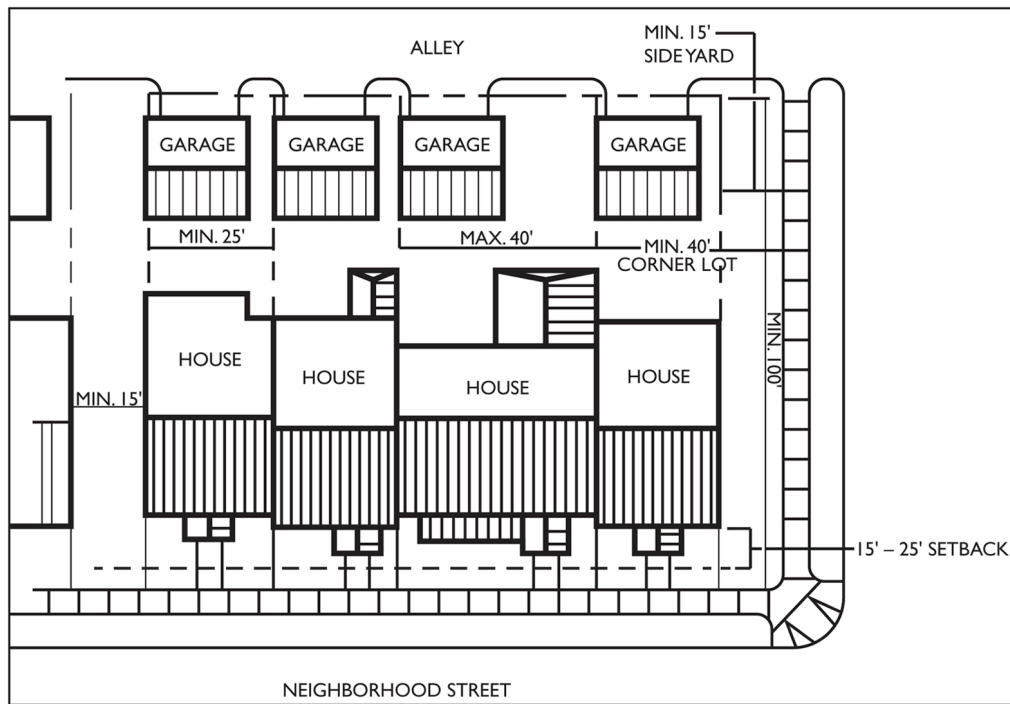
Typical Attached Single-Family Building Elevation



- Buildings shall be designed with a pitched roof (see 3.8 for roof guidelines)
- Front, sides, and rear facades shall be finished with a minimum of 50 percent* brick or stone finish on each elevation

* Required percentage of brick or stone finish varies by zoning district.

Typical Site Layout For Attached Single-Family Residential

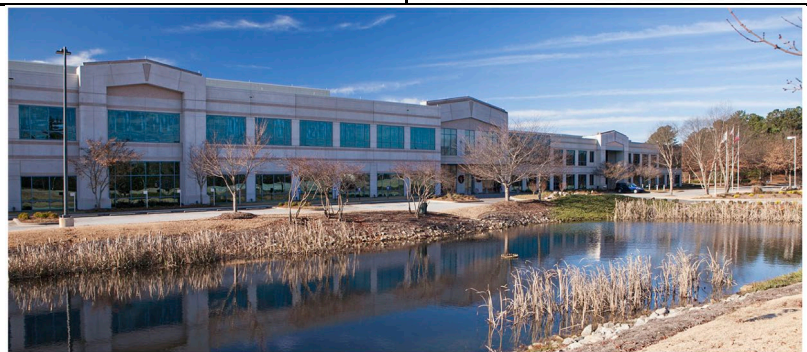


- Building front façade changes in setback are encouraged.

Industrial Building Facades

The following design guidelines should be considered when designing industrial buildings:

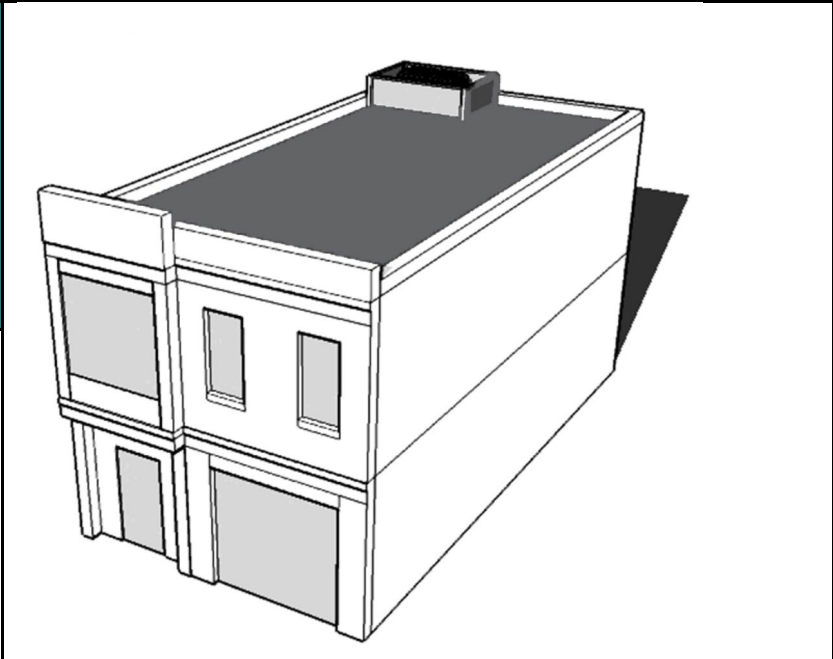
- Articulate facades to provide a consistent visual effect that is consistent with the character and scale of the area.
- Elevations visible to public view shall reflect the overall design, colors and textures used on the front façade.
- Design multi-building projects to include consistent design elements throughout the project.
- Incorporate clearly defined public and employee entrances.
- Incorporate canopies, porticoes, and peaked roof features.
- Varied parapet elevation height changes.
- Entrance framed by outdoor pedestrian features or enhanced landscaping.
- Incorporate architectural details such as façade articulation that includes changes in color and materials.
- Incorporate integral planters in the outdoor pedestrian areas.



Roof Treatments

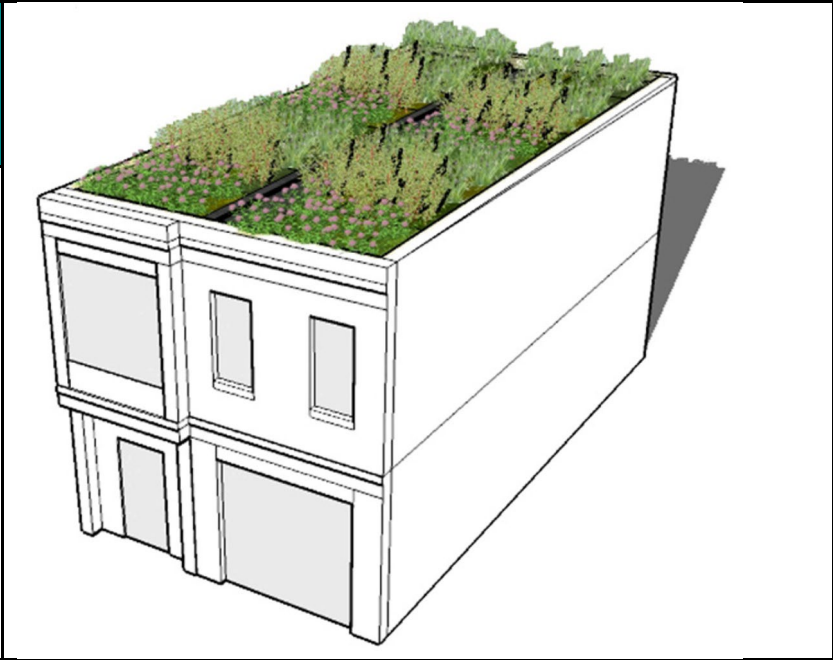
Flat Roof

• Flat roof buildings shall incorporate articulated parapets or facade projections every 100 feet. Parapets should be a minimum of 1' in height. Vary building and cornice heights along long facades, but avoid drastic changes - generally no more than 20 feet or two stories.



Green Roof

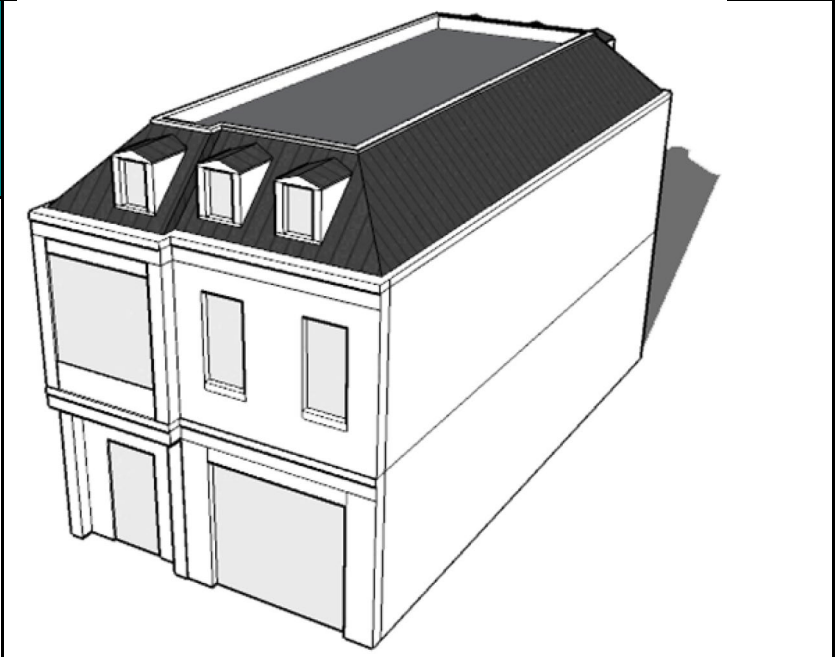
• Flat roofs with live vegetative planting visible from ground views may be substituted for articulated parapets or pitched roofs.



Mansard Roof

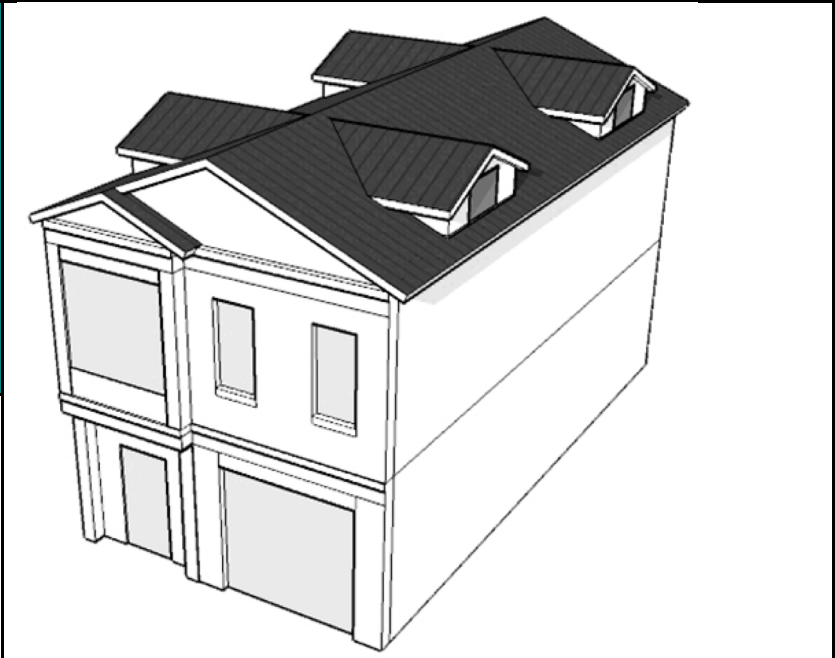
• Pitched roofs may have a flat roof well located in the central

area of the roof, not to exceed 50 percent of the total roof area. The height of the partial (mansard) roof profile should be equal in ridge height to the design height of a fully pitched roof.



Pitched Roof

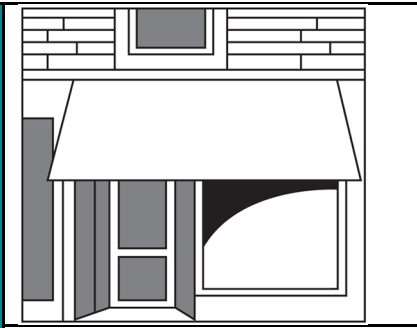

- Fully pitched roofs require a minimum slope of 4 feet in every 12 feet. Roof eaves must overhang 1 foot at minimum. Roofing material is limited to seam metal, slate, tile, or architectural shingles. Roof must be articulated every 100 feet. Incorporate features such as roof eave height changes, towers, spires, cupolas, dormers, and/or gables.



Awning/Canopy Design

Awnings

UDO Appendix

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The scale of the awning, i.e., height, length, depth, and overall bulk shall be compatible with the building storefront or entry. • Awnings shall not be made of shiny, high gloss, or translucent materials. • Awnings shall not cover distinctive architectural features of the building façade. 		
	<p>Discouraged: higher awnings that cover signage or architectural features</p>	<p>Encouraged: awnings that highlight signage and enhance building</p>

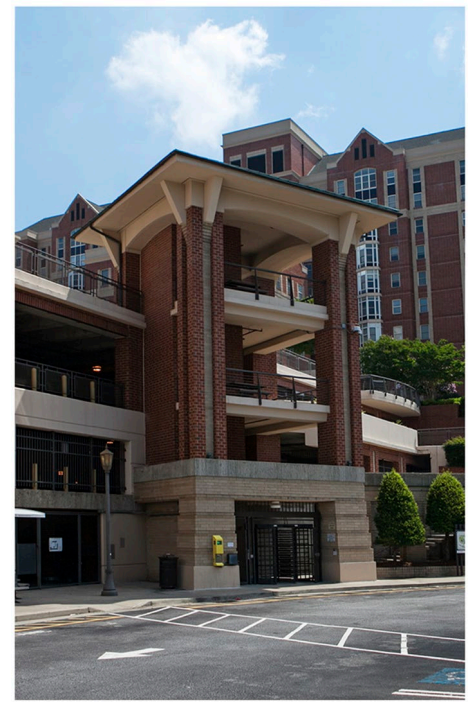
Canopies

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Canopies shall be compatible in material, color, and construction to the style of the building. • Canopy roof and column material and design shall compliment the main building design. 	
	

Parking Decks: Architectural Features and Screening

The following design guidelines should be considered when designing parking deck facades:

- Front, sides and rear facades shall opacified glass, brick, stone, stucco/EIFS, and/or architectural pre-cast concrete that relates to the finishes of the adjacent primary building.
- The parking deck entrance shall incorporate a brick and/or stone entrance feature.
- The first level of parking that is adjacent to public or private streets shall incorporate a full-height screen utilizing opacified glass, brick, stone, false windows, decorative grills, and/or dense vegetative screening.
- Facades facing public streets or driveways shall incorporate landscape areas immediately in the front of the parking structure.



Landscape and Plaza Design

Multifamily Residential

- Vary heights, sizes and types of plant materials around the building foundation area.
- Create focal cluster groups of plants adjacent to the building entry points.
- Incorporate perennials and annuals to add color.






Commercial/Office

- Screen service areas with large evergreens.
- Vary heights, sizes and types of plant materials around the building foundation area.
- Create focal cluster groups of plants adjacent to the building entry points.
- Incorporate perennials and annuals to add color.



Ground-Level Utility Equipment and Dumpster Screening

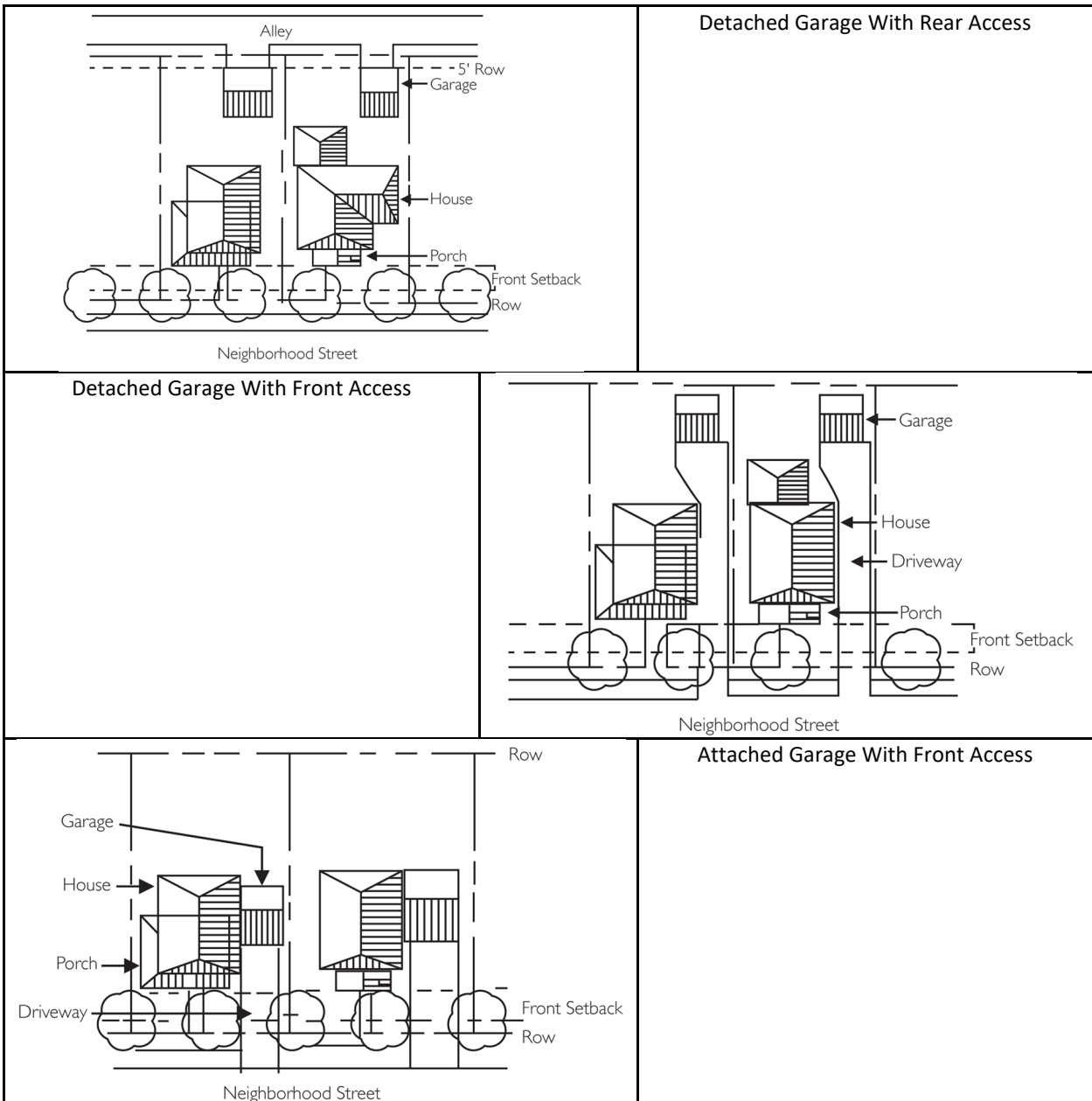
Utility equipment screening

<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Utility equipment such as HVAC and other mechanical equipment should be designed and located in a manner to be hidden from public view.• Screens for exterior equipment should exceed the height of the equipment.• Screen structures shall utilize building materials that match the exterior materials of the adjacent building.	
<p>Utility meter and other building mounted equipment screening</p>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Utility meters shall be screened to the best extent possible with evergreen and other plantings.• Utility meters and associated fixtures shall be painted to match the color of the building.• Heating and air conditioning units, exhaust hoods, fans, vent piping, satellite dishes, antennae, solar panels, and other appurtenances that are ground or roof mounted shall be screened from public view.	
<p>Dumpster enclosures</p>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Dumpster enclosures shall be constructed of materials that match the material and color finishes of the adjacent primary building.	

***Appendix Section 3.0: Design Guidelines
Traditional Neighborhood Design***

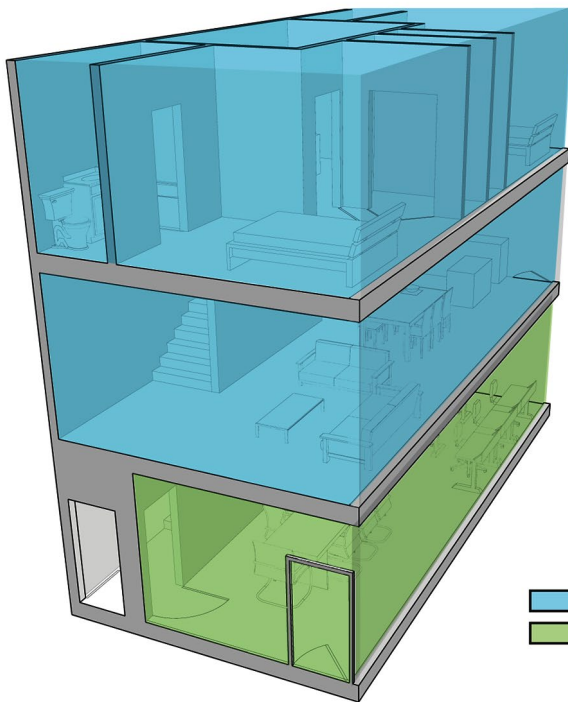
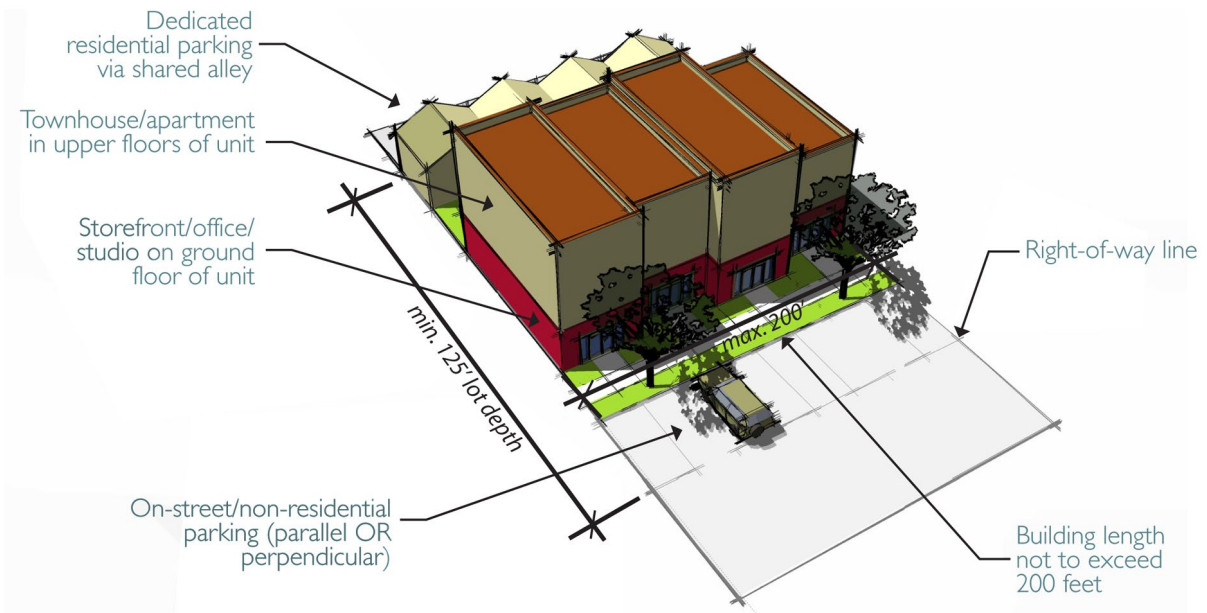
Detached Single-Family Residential

UDO Appendix



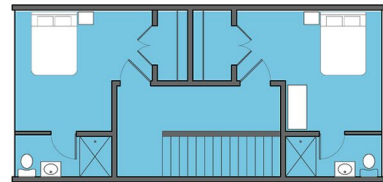
Live-Work Units

UDO Appendix

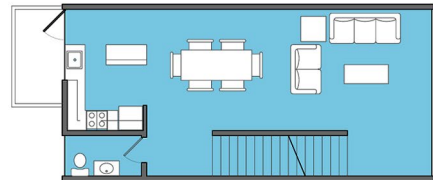


*Master's Research Studio: Live/Work 2009
Northeastern University School of Architecture*

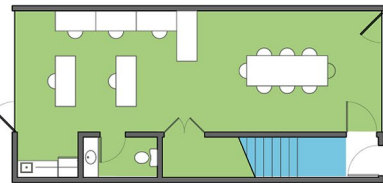
LIVE
WORK



Third Floor



Second Floor

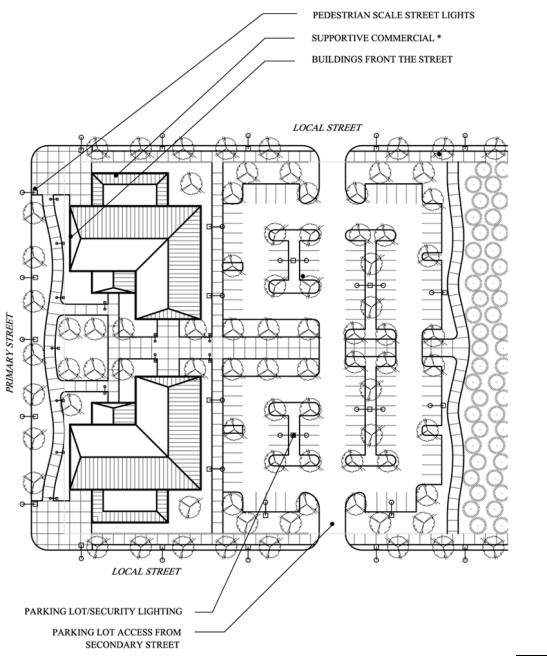


Ground Floor

Civic Uses

The following design guidelines should be considered when designing civic buildings:

- Complement the architectural style of the Traditional Neighborhood.
- Façade design should incorporate covered porches, towers, pilasters, colonnade, cornice, and/or roof eave brackets.
- Incorporate changes in building material, texture, and color.
- Provide roof design elements such as dormers and cupolas, eave brackets.
- Incorporate civic site features such as water features, plazas, arbors, and gazebos.

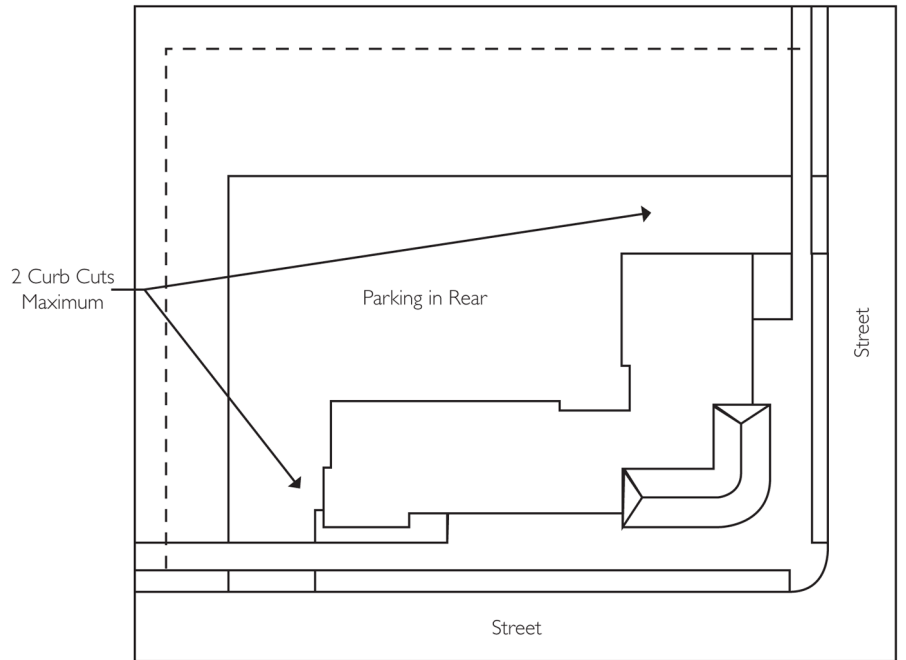


Commercial Uses

The following design guidelines should be considered when designing commercial neighborhood buildings:

- Commercial Uses are small commercial retail and services within residentially-scaled buildings that are located on designated corners within walking distance of adjacent neighborhoods for the convenience of local neighborhood residents.

Commercial Corner - Typical Site Plan



Elements In Residential Design

The following design guidelines should be considered when designing detached residential buildings:

- Articulate facades with porch elements and bay windows.
- Provide unique architectural entrance door surround.
- Incorporate changes in building material, texture, and color.
- Provide design elements such as shutters and roof eave brackets.
- Incorporate roof elements such as dormers and gables.



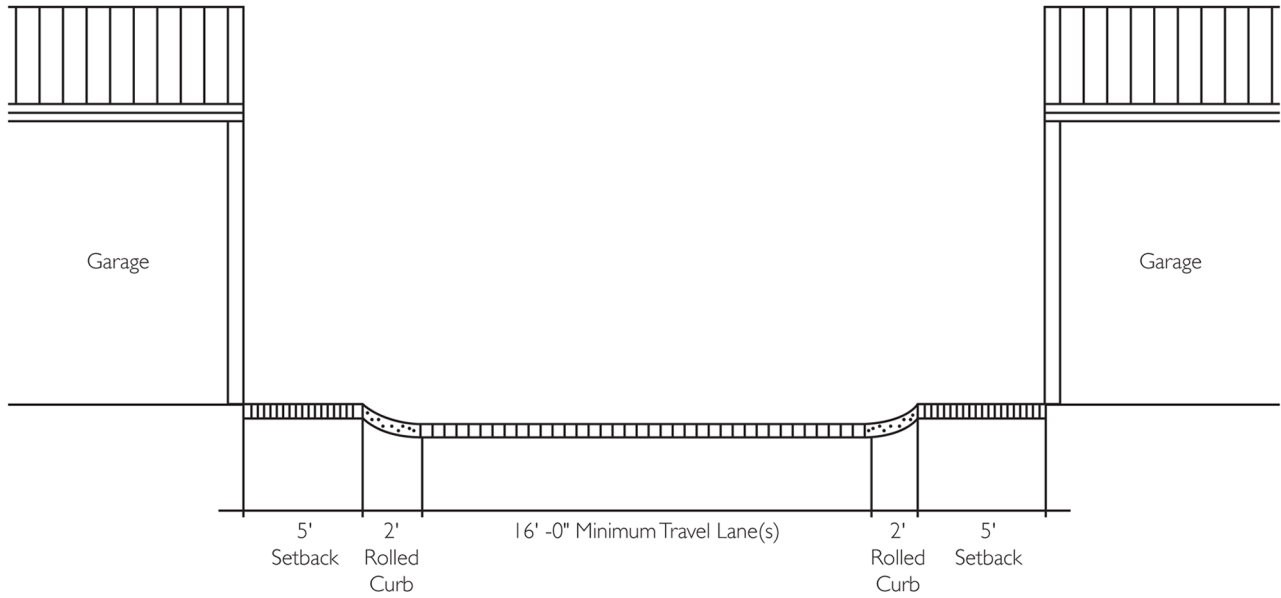
Local Street

UDO Appendix

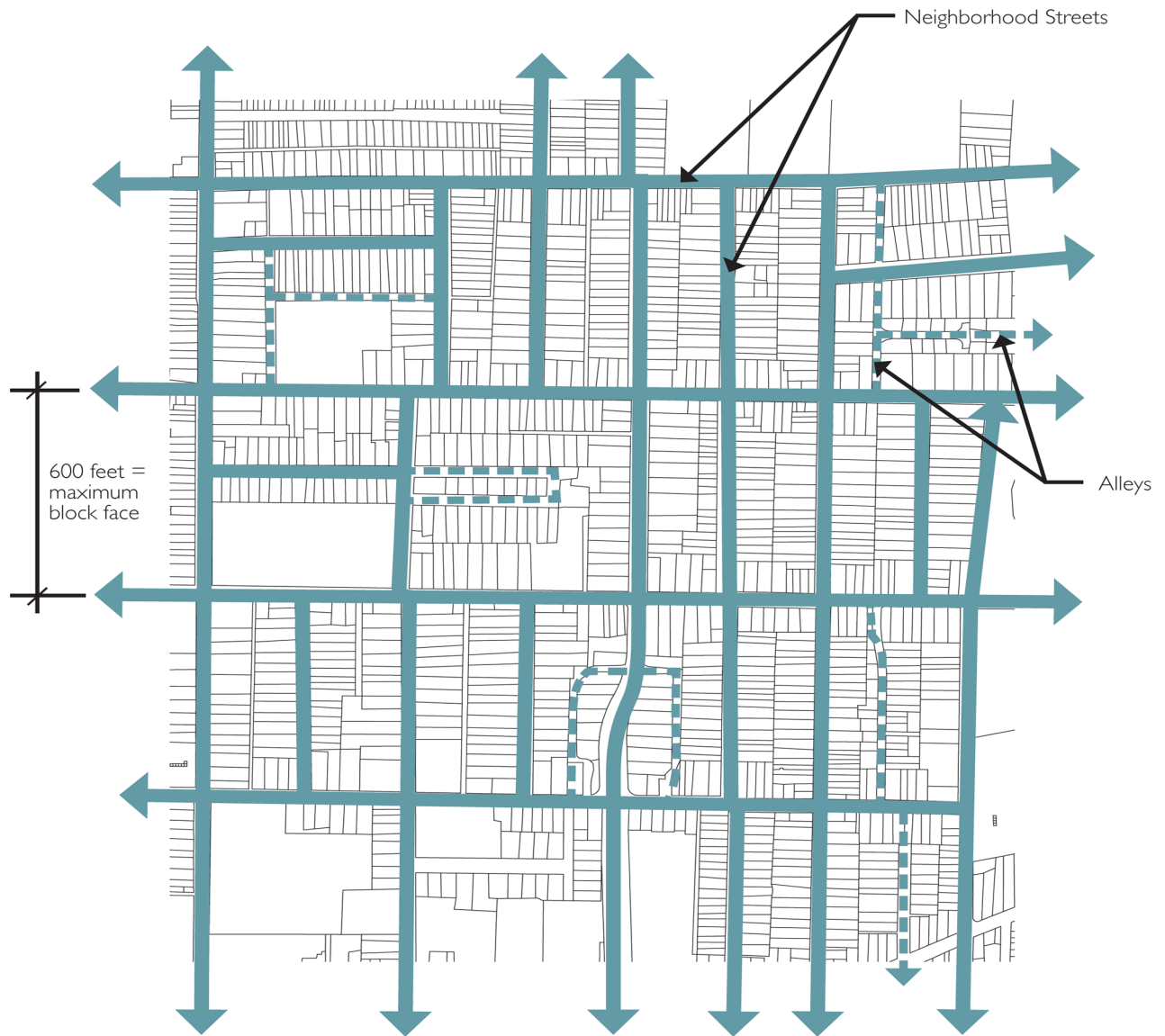
<p>Section</p>		
<p>Plan View</p>		
<p>Street Section: Permitted Uses</p>	<p>Single Family (Detached) Single Family (Attached) Live/Work Units Neighborhood Commercial Civic Uses</p>	<p>A. Spacing of street trees and street lights may be adjusted to account for driveways, utility poles, fire hydrants and other obstructions and to provide adequate visual clearance for intersections, driveways and traffic control devices.</p>
<p>Block length</p>	<p>600 feet</p>	<p>B. Underground utility lines are required. Sewer lots only. Septic lots are not permitted</p>
<p>Streetscape: Landscape strip Sidewalk</p>	<p>5 feet 4 feet</p>	

Alley

UDO Appendix

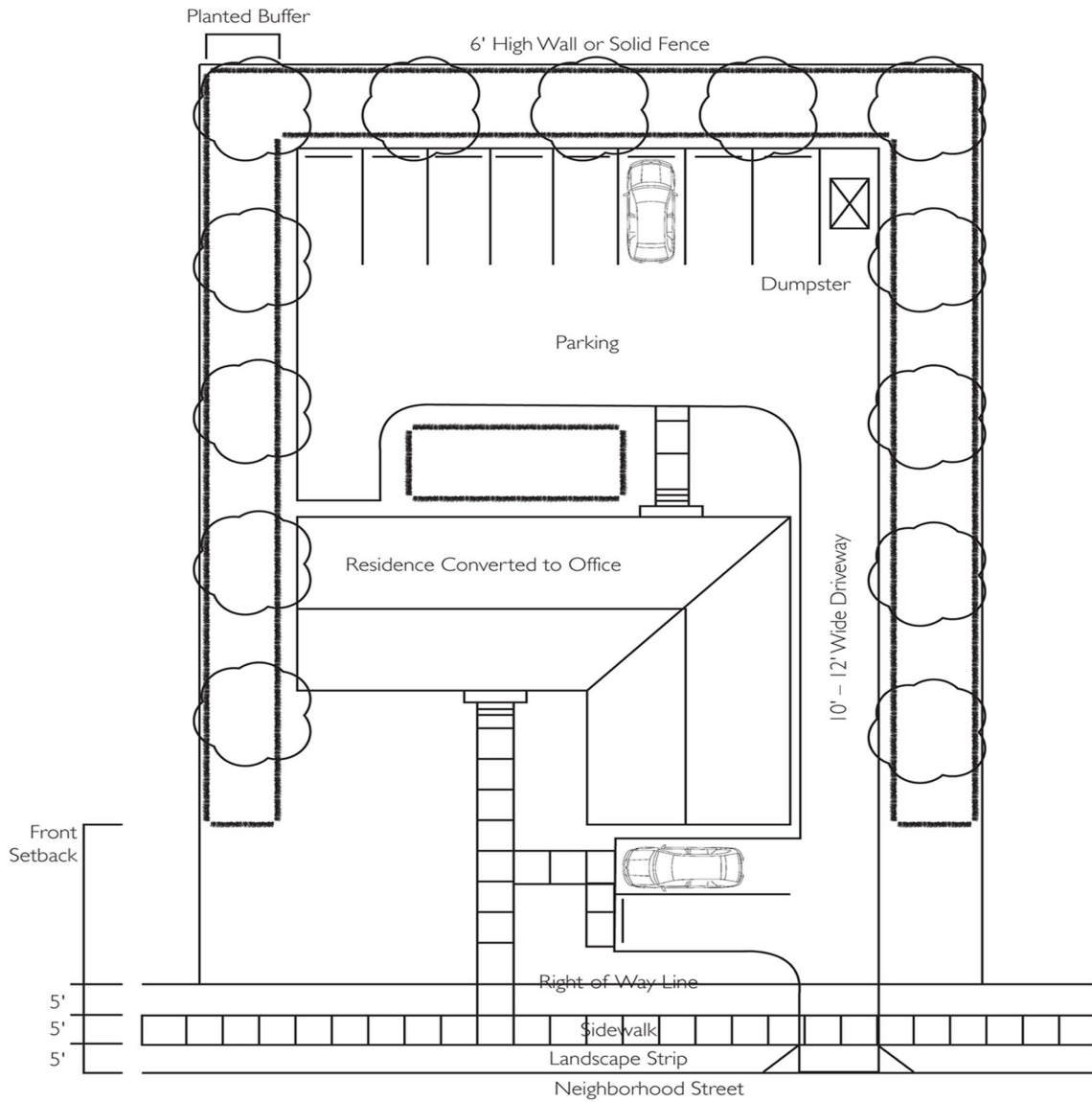


Interconnected Street Grid



Appendix Section 3.0: Design Guidelines
Office Residential District

Office-Residential Uses



Appendix Section 3.0: Design Guidelines
Public Spaces

Pocket Parks and Green Spaces

A. Pocket Park

Minimum size: 3,000 square feet	
Landscaping: mix of undisturbed	

natural plantings and/or formal plantings	
Outdoor furnishings: benches, tables, seat walls, planters, play structure, picnic areas/shelter	
Maximum impervious cover: 25 percent.	

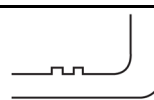
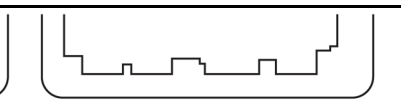
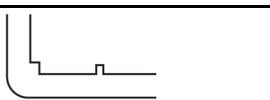
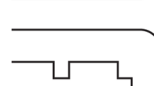

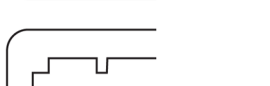
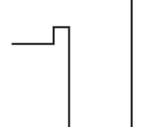


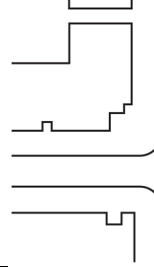
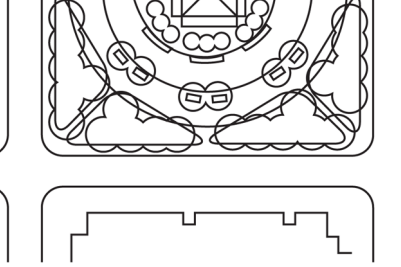
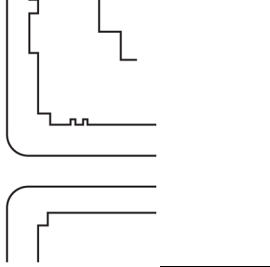
B. Green

Minimum size: 25,000 square feet	
Maximum Length to width ratio: 3 to 1	
Maximum impervious surface: 20 percent	
Landscaping: mix of undisturbed natural plantings and/or formal plantings	
Outdoor furnishings: benches, picnic shelter, gazebo, water feature, play structure, trellis, wayfinding or interpretive signage	

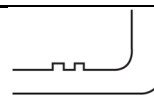
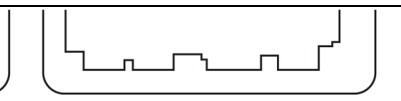
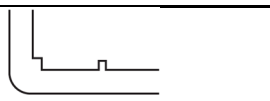
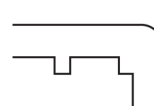
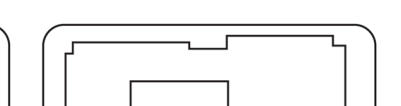
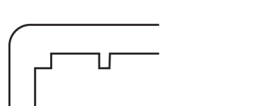



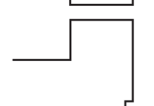

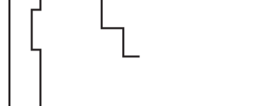


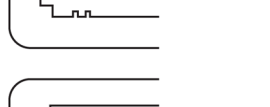



Squares and Plazas

C. Square

Minimum size: 1 acre	
Maximum Length to width ratio: 2 to 1	
Maximum impervious surface: 60 percent	

Bounded by streets on two or more sides			
Formal areas of landscaping			
Outdoor furnishings: benches, gazebo, water feature, play structure			
Outdoor lighting			

D. Plaza

Minimum size: 10,000 square feet			
Facing a public street or connected to public street ROW by pedestrian corridor			
Maximum impervious surface: 75 percent			
Formal areas of landscaping			
Outdoor furnishings: benches, gazebo, water feature, play structure			
Outdoor lighting			

Courtyards

E. Courtyard

Landscaped outdoor public space partially enclosed on two or three sides by buildings or other structures	
---	--

Minimum area: 1,000	
Maximum impervious surface: 75 percent	
Formal planted areas	
Outdoor furnishings: benches, gazebo, water feature, seating	
Outdoor lighting	

Paths and Trails

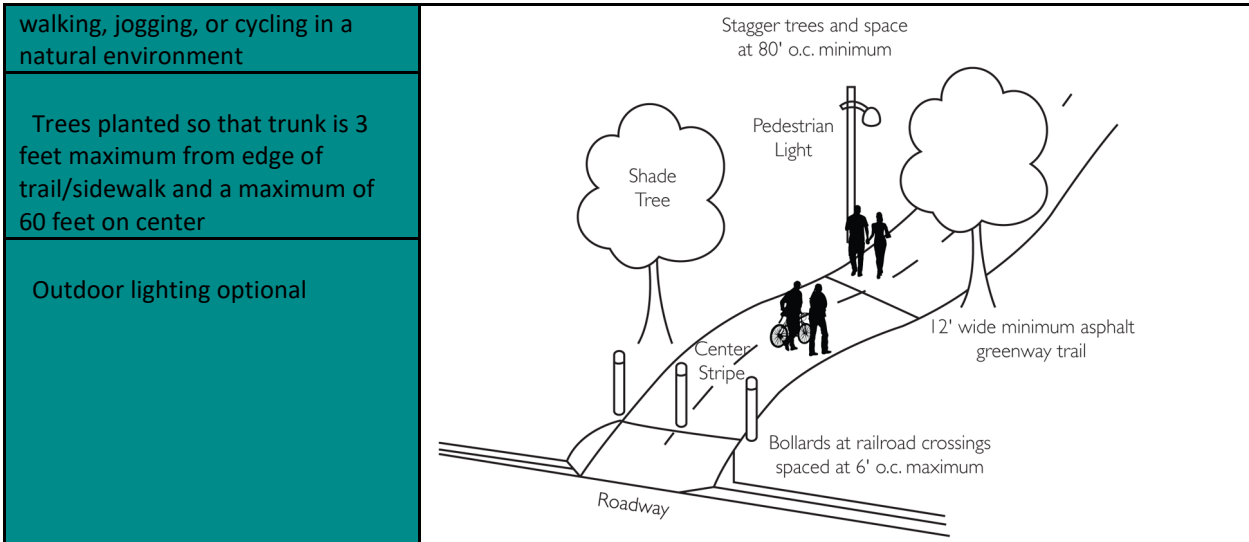
F. Multi-Use Path

Connects two common areas or connects a common area to a sidewalk or trail along a public right of way	
Trees planted so that trunk is 3 feet maximum from edge of trail/sidewalk and a maximum of 60 feet on center	
Outdoor lighting optional	

G. Greenway Trail

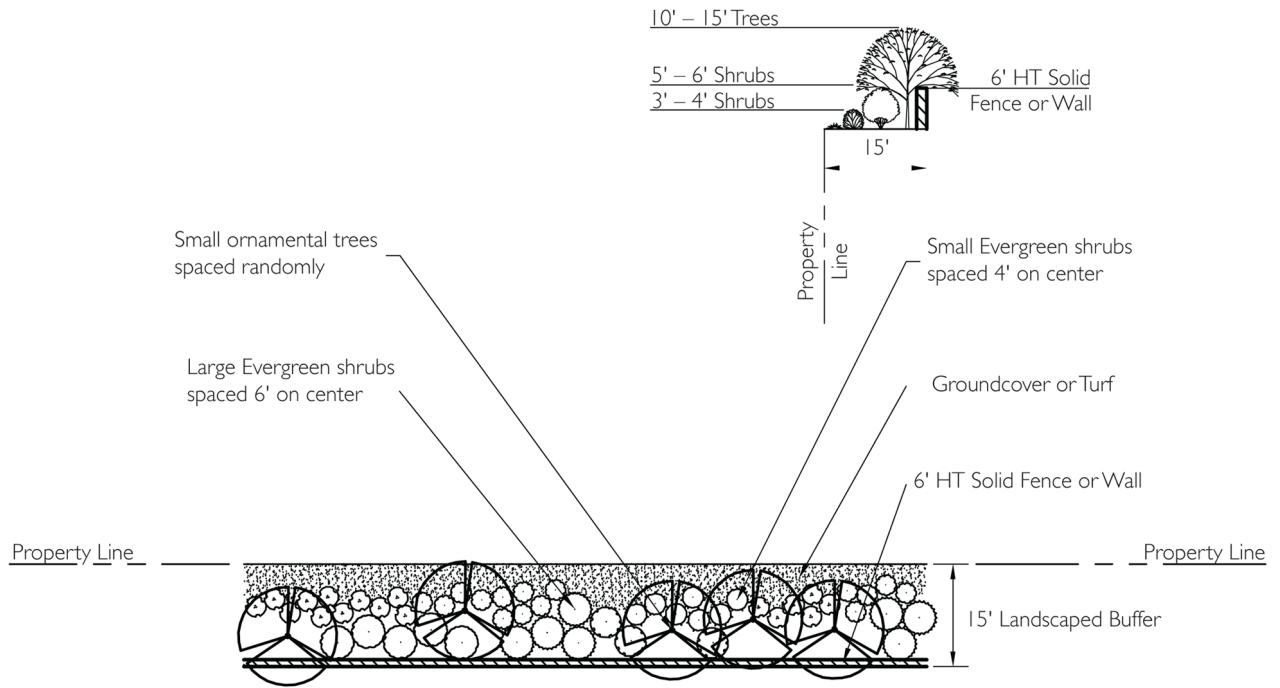
Linear public space following a stream, lake, utility easement, or street with paved or unpaved improvements designed for	
---	--

UDO Appendix



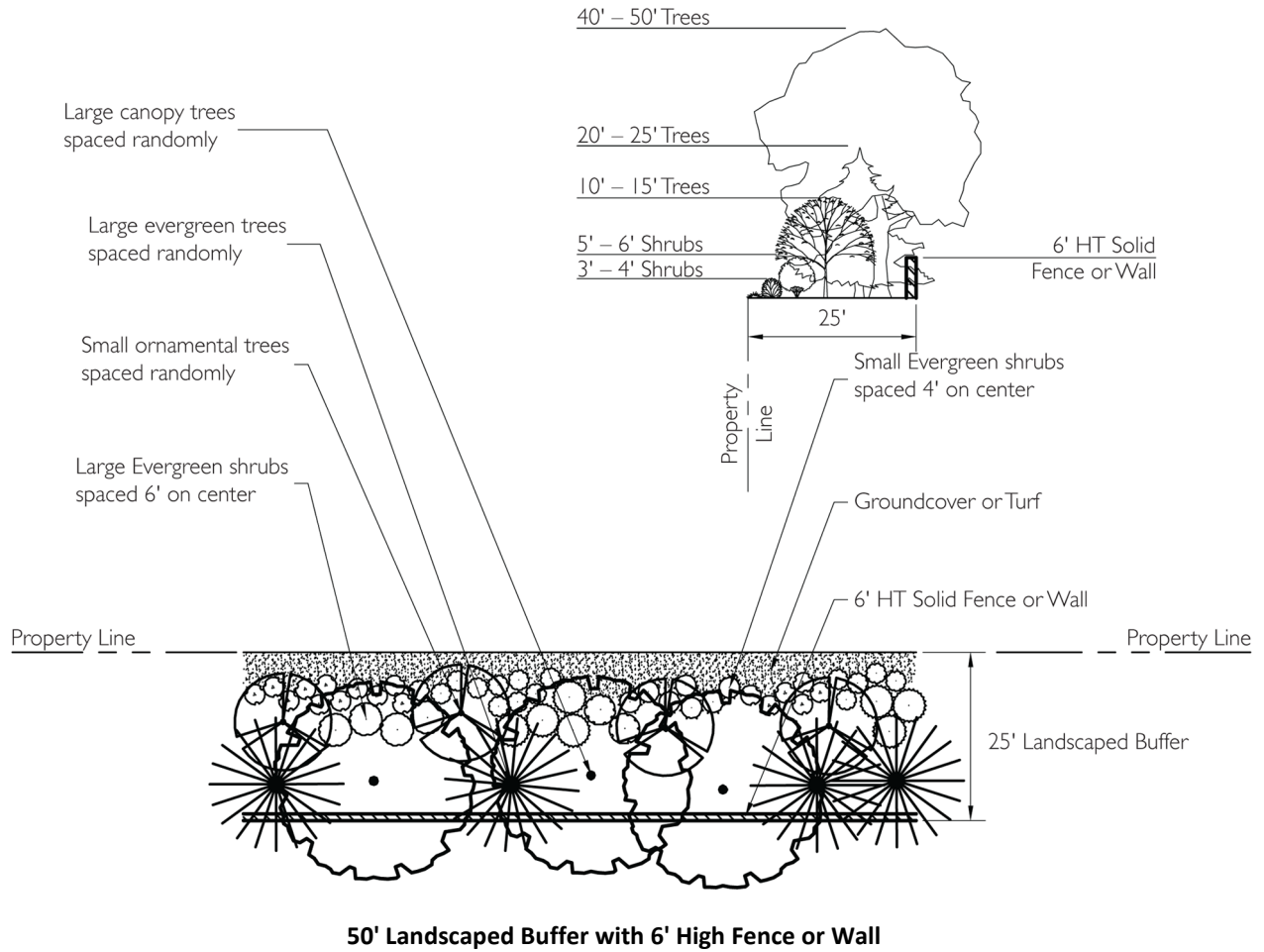
Appendix Section 3.0: Buffers, Landscaping, and Tree Protection
Landscape Buffers

15' Landscaped Buffer with 6' High Fence or Wall

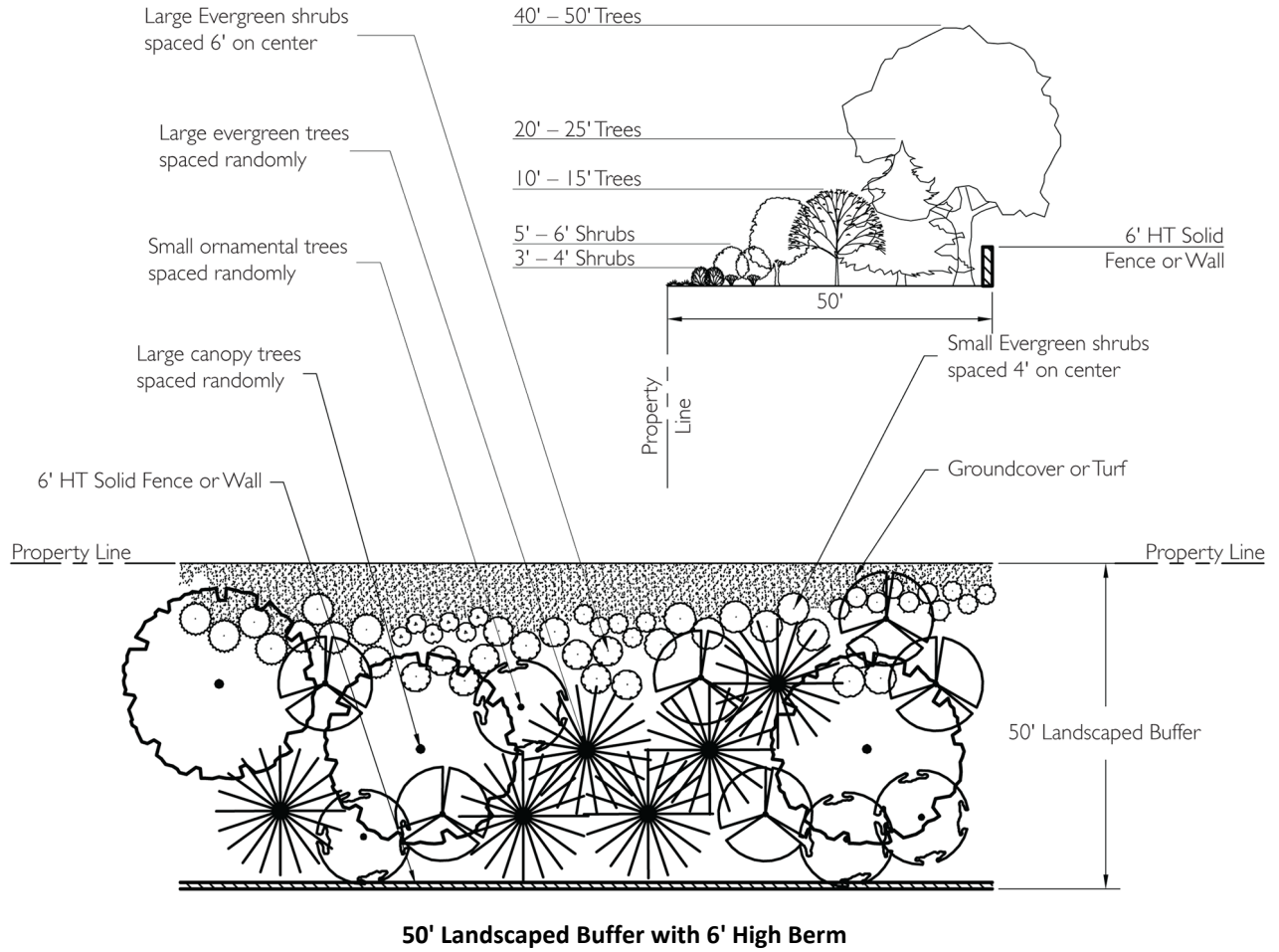


25' Landscaped Buffer with 6' High Fence or Wall

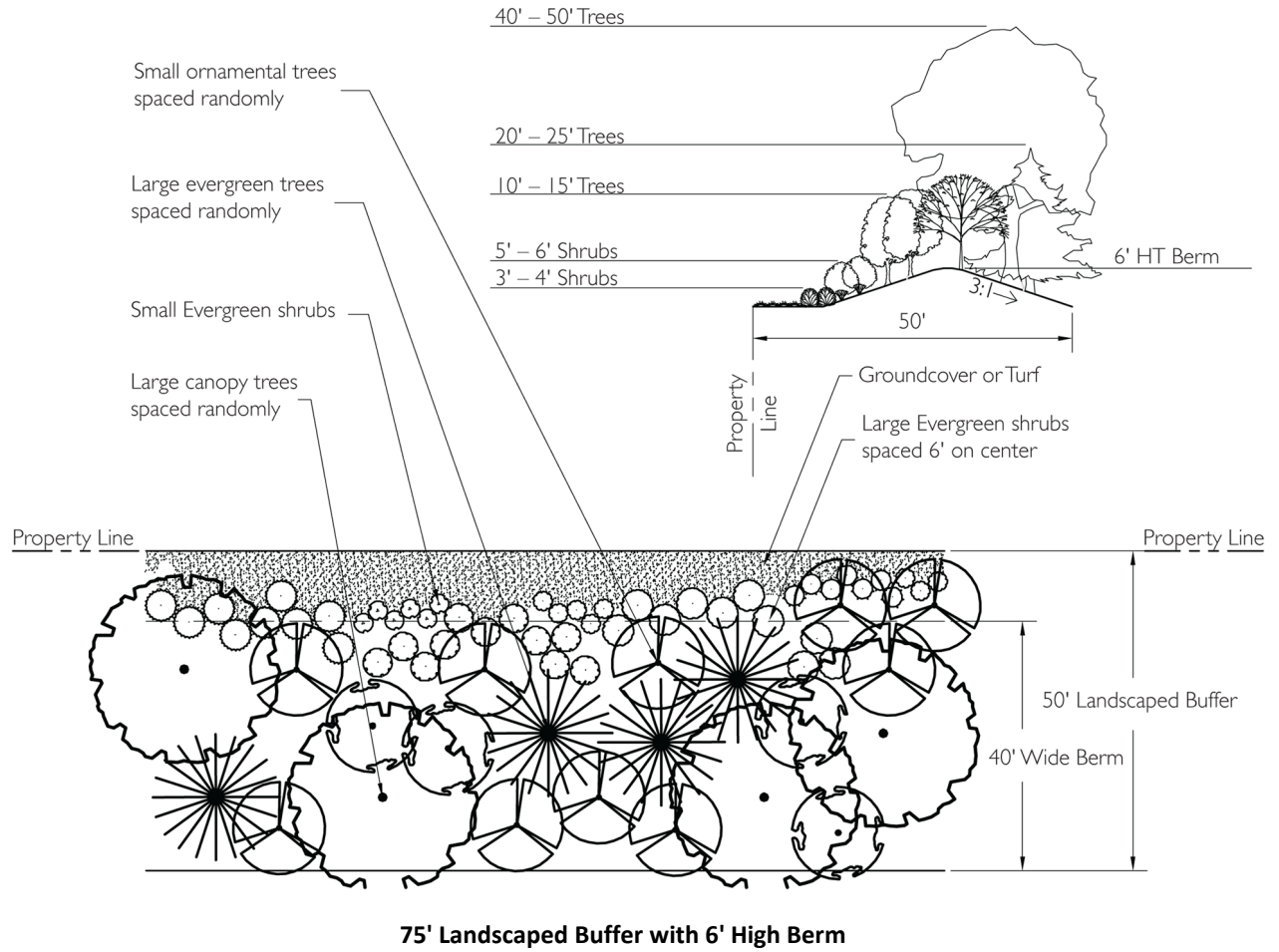
UDO Appendix



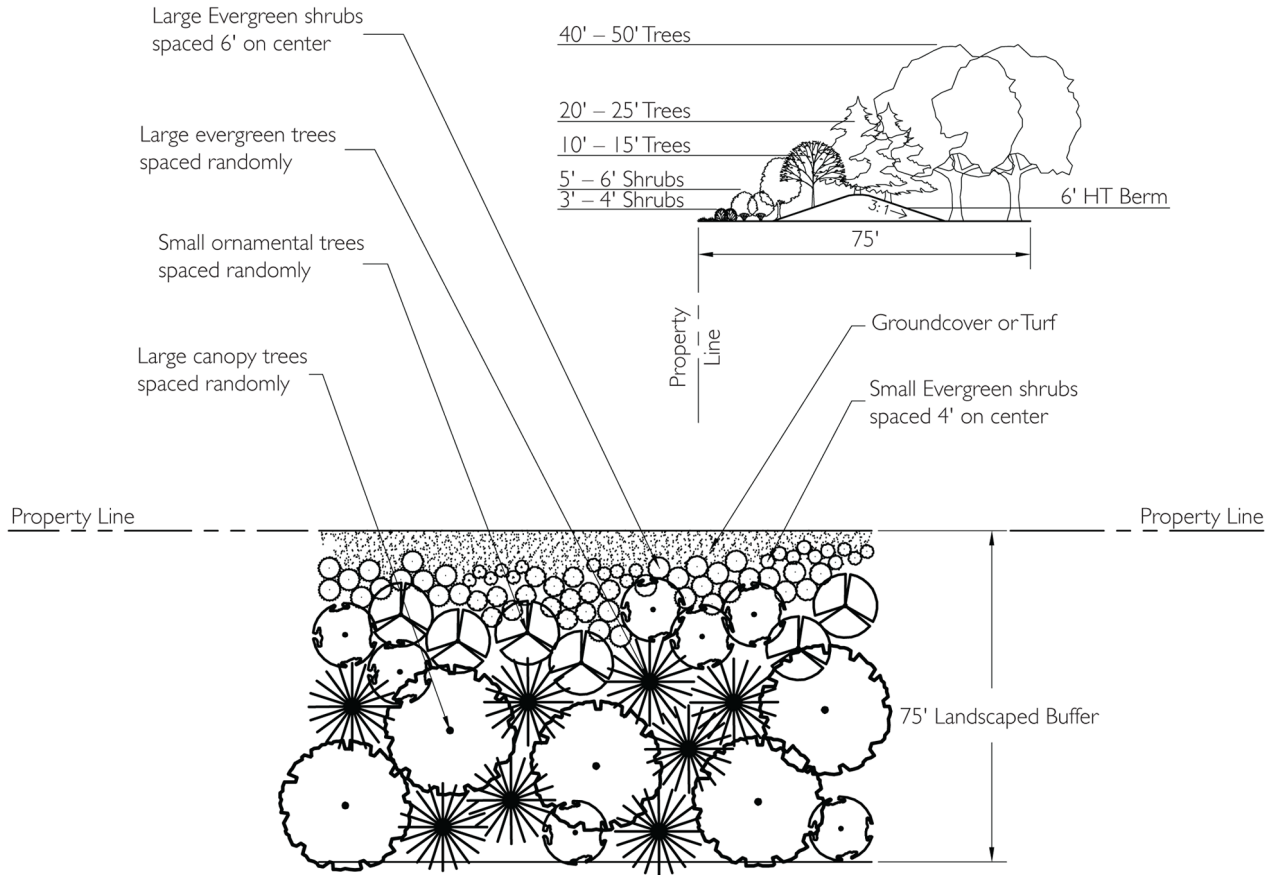
UDO Appendix



UDO Appendix



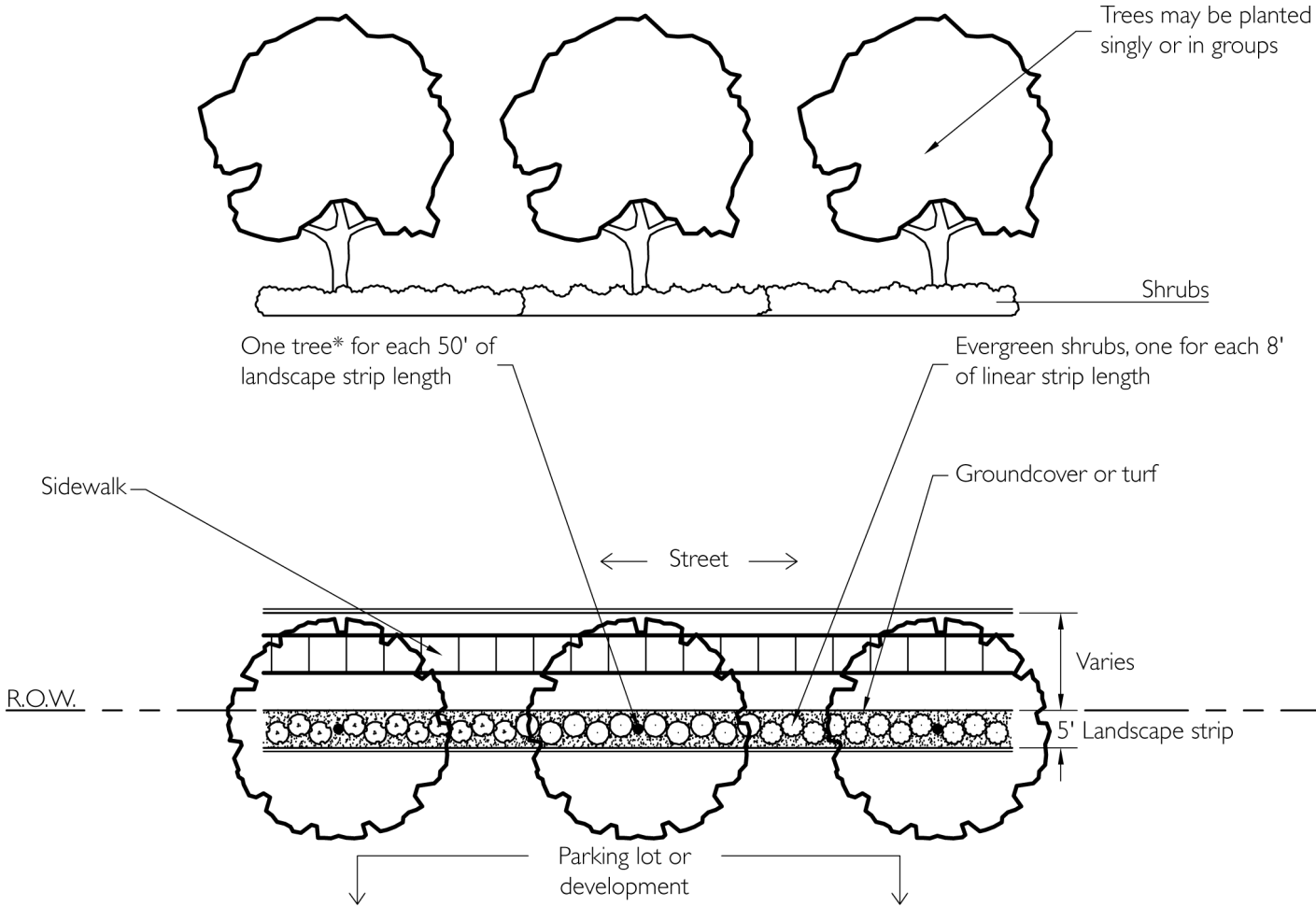
UDO Appendix



Appendix Section 3.0: Buffers, Landscaping, and Tree Protection ***Landscape Strips***

Type 1: 5' Landscape Strip

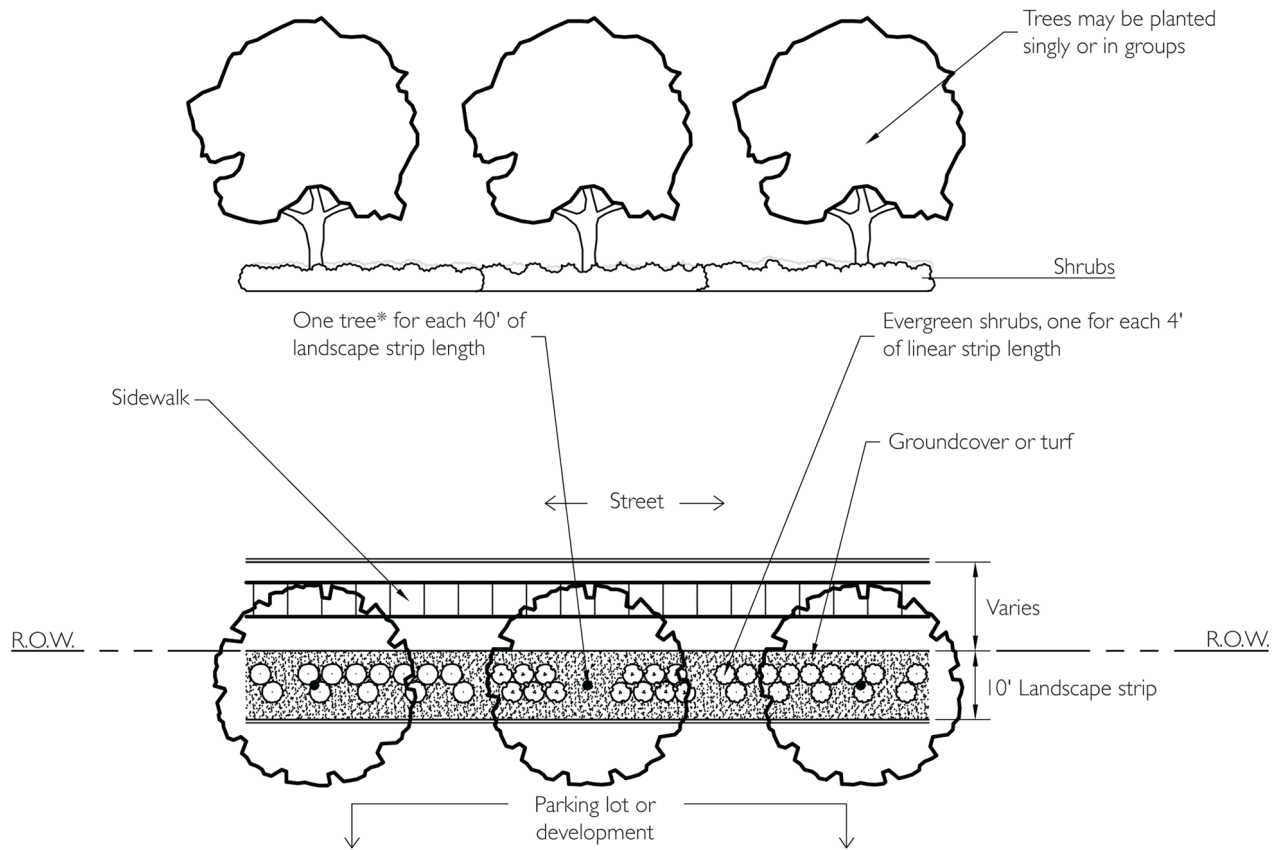
UDO Appendix



*Refer to the tree species lists in 4.11 – 4.13 for recommended tree species

Type 2: 10' Landscape Strip

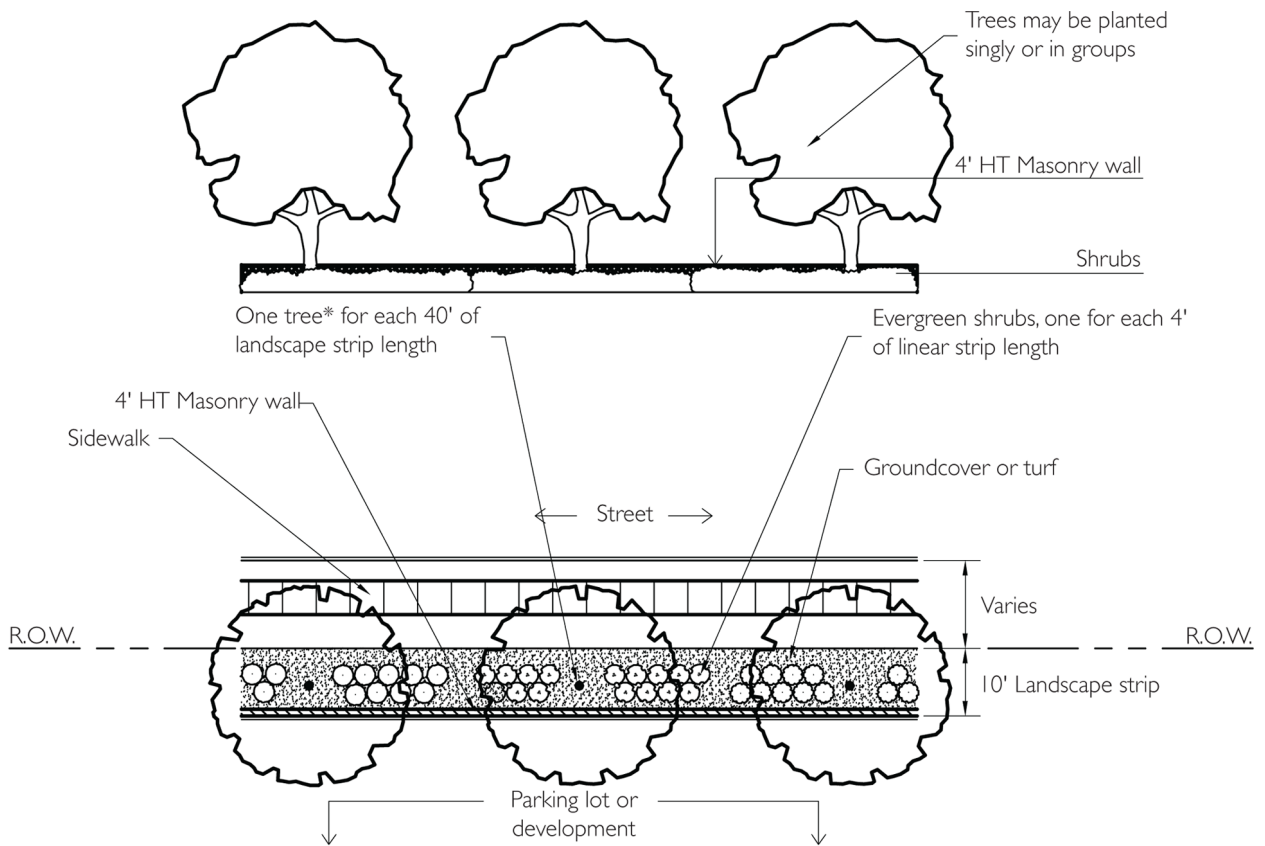
UDO Appendix



*Refer to the tree species lists in 4.11 – 4.13 for recommended tree species

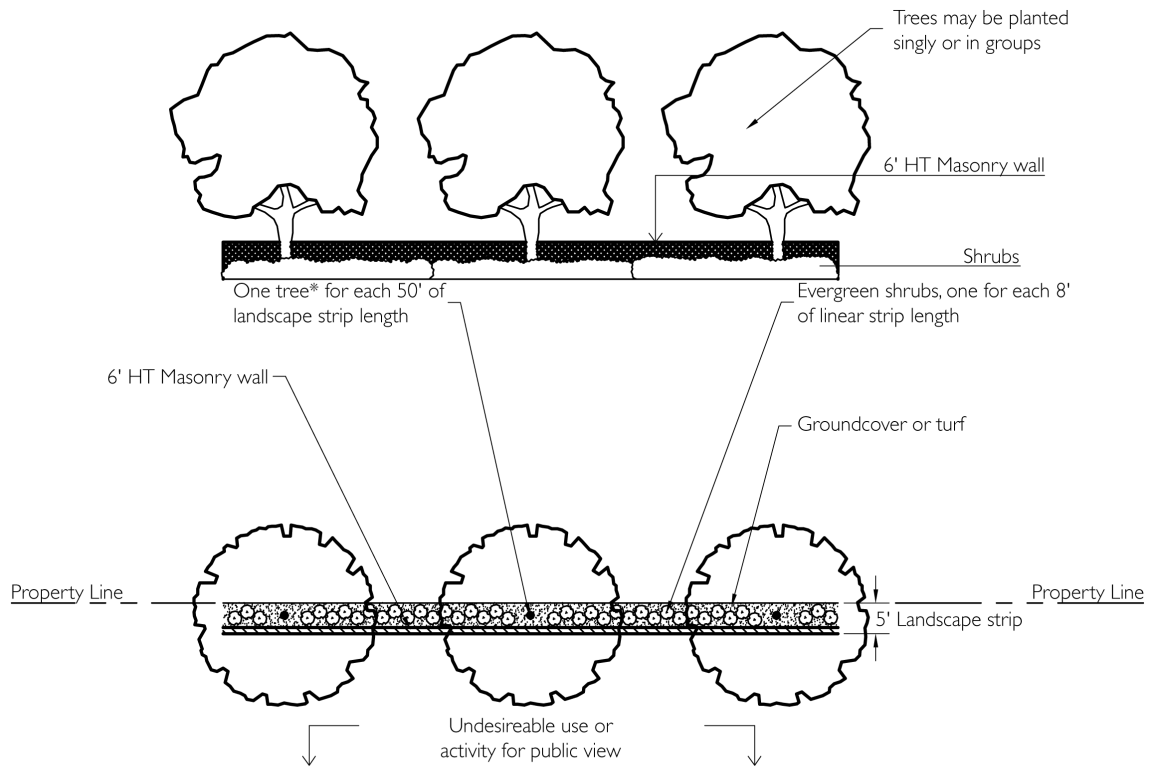
Type 3: 10' Landscape Strip with 4' High Masonry Screening Wall

UDO Appendix



Type 4: 5' Landscape Strip with 6' High Masonry Screening Wall

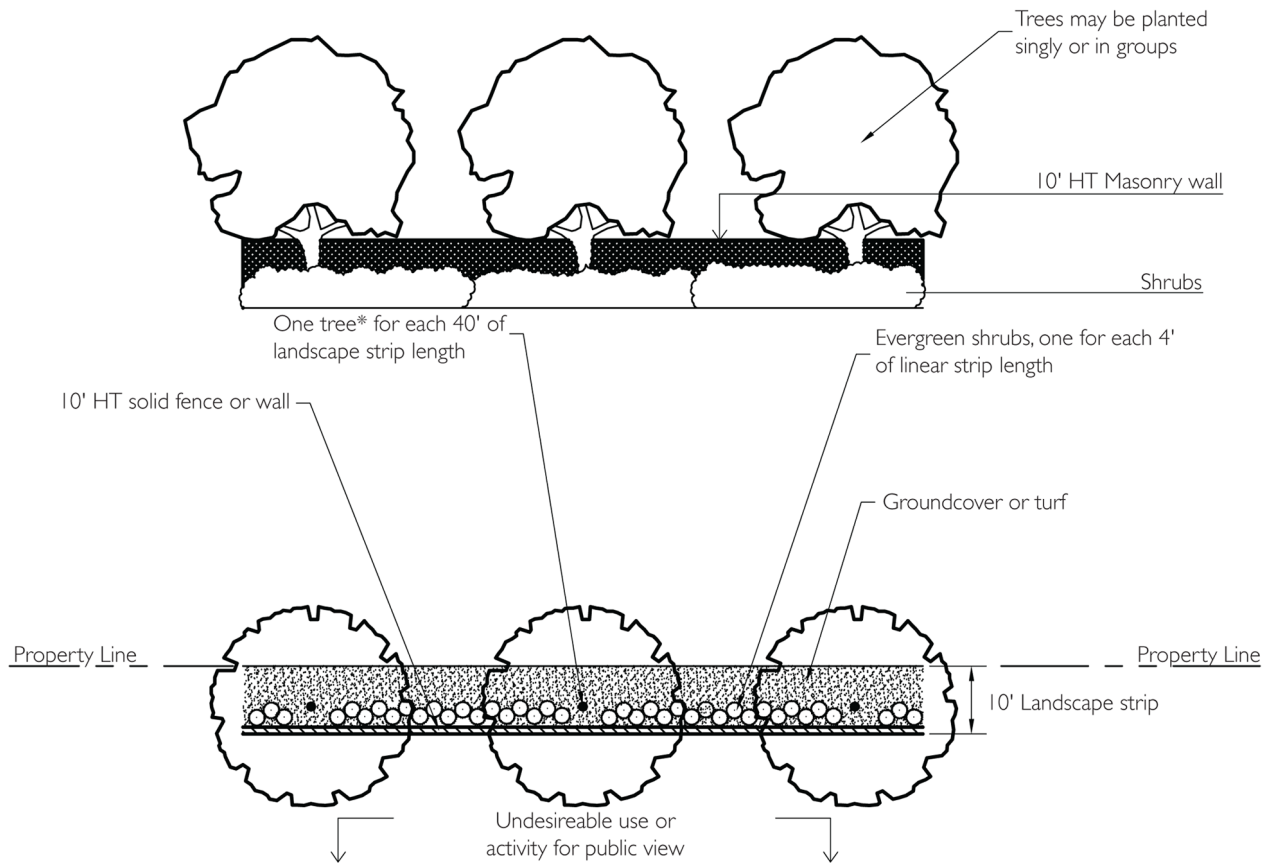
UDO Appendix



*Refer to the tree species lists in 4.11 – 4.13 for recommended tree species

Type 5: 10' Masonry Screening Wall

UDO Appendix



*Refer to the tree species lists in 4.11 – 4.13 for recommended tree species

Small Tree Species List

Scientific name	Common Name	Native	Evergreen	Street	Park	Max	Sp	Co
<i>Acer buergerianum</i>	Trident Maple			S		25	20	314
<i>Acer griseum</i>	Paperbak Maple					25	20	314
<i>Acer palmatum var. atropurpureum</i> 'Bloodgood'	Japanese Maple 'Bloodgood'			S		20	20	314
<i>Amelanchier arborea</i>	Downy Serviceberry	N		S		25	20	314
<i>Carpinus caroliniana</i>	Ironwood/American Hornbeam	N				25	25	491
<i>Cercis canadensis</i> 'Pauline Lily'	Pauline Lily Redbud	N		S		25	25	491
<i>Cercis canadensis</i> 'Texensis'	Texas Redbud	N		S		25	25	491

UDO Appendix

<i>Cercis canadensis</i> 'The Rising Sun'	The Rising Sun Redbud	N		S		25	25	491
<i>Chionanthus virginicus</i>	Fringe Tree	N		S		25	25	491
<i>Cornus alternifolia</i>	Alternate Leaf Dogwood	N		S		20	20	314
<i>Cornus florida</i>	Flowering Dogwood	N		S		20	20	314
<i>Cornus kousa</i>	Chinese/ Kousa Dogwood			S		20	20	314
<i>Cotinus obovatus</i>	American Smoketree	N				20	15	177
<i>Crataegus spathulata</i>	Littlehip Hawthorn					20	20	314
<i>Crataegus viridis</i> 'Winter King'	Green Hawthorne			S		25	25	491
<i>Hamamelis virginiana</i>	Witch-hazel	N				20	15	177
<i>Ilex x attenuata</i> 'Fosteri'	Foster Holly		E			25	10	79
<i>Ilex x attenuata</i> 'Savannah'	Savannah Holly		E			25	10	79
<i>Ilex decidua</i>	Deciduous Holly/Possum Haw	N				15	10	79
<i>Ilex latifolia</i>	Lusterleaf Holly		E			25	20	314
<i>Ilex x</i> 'Nellie R. Stevens'	Nellie R. Stevens Holly		E			30	10	79
<i>Ilex verticillata</i>	Winterberry	N				15	10	79
<i>Ilex vomitoria</i>	Yaupon Holly	N	E			20	10	79
<i>Magnolia stellata</i>	Star Magnolia					20	15	177
<i>Malus angustifolia</i>	Narrow-Leaf Crabapple	N				25	20	314
<i>Myrica cerifera</i>	Wax Myrtle	N	E			25	20	314
<i>Parrotia persica</i>	Persian Parrotia					30	20	314
<i>Prunus</i> 'Accolade'	Accolade Flowering Cherry					20	15	177
<i>Quercus georgiana</i>	Georgia Oak	N		S		20	15	177
<i>Rhamnus alaternus</i>	Italian Buckthorn		E			20	10	79
<i>Rhus glabra</i> or <i>typhina</i>	Smooth or Staghorn Sumac	N				15	10	79
<i>Tilia cordata</i> 'Halka'	Summer Sprite Littleleaf Linden				P	20	10	79

UDO Appendix

<i>Zelkova serrata</i> 'JFS-KW1'	City Sprite Japanese Zelkova			S	P	25	20	314
<i>Zelkova serrata</i> 'Schmidtlow'	Wireless Japanese Zelkova			S	P	25	35	962

Medium Tree Species List

Scientific name	Common Name	N	E	S	P	M	Sp	Ca no
<i>Acer barbatum</i>	Southern Sugar Maple	N			P	40	30	707
<i>Acer leucoderme</i>	Chalk Maple	N				40	20	314
<i>Acer rubrum, small cultivars</i>	Red Maple, dwarf varieties	N			P	50	35	962
<i>Acer truncatum</i>	Shantung or Painted Maple					35	25	491
<i>Betula nigra</i> 'Dura Heat'	Dura Heat' River Birch	N				40	25	491
<i>Carpinus caroliniana</i>	American Hornbeam	N				40	20	314
<i>Celtis tenuifolia</i>	Georgia Hackberry					35	20	314
<i>Chamaecyparis thyoides</i>	Atlantic Whitecedar	N	E			30	20	314
<i>Cladrastis lutea</i>	American Yellowwood	N		S		50	40	1,256
<i>Fagus sylvatica</i>	Purple Beech					50	40	1,256
<i>Frangula caroliniana</i>	Carolina Buckthorn	N				40	20	314
<i>Gordonia lasianthus</i>	Loblolly Bay	N	E			35	25	875
<i>Halesia carolina/tetraptera</i>	Carolina Silverbell	N				40	30	707
<i>Ilex latifolia</i>	Lusterleaf Holly		E			40	20	314
<i>Ilex opaca</i>	American Holly	N	E			30	15	177
<i>Juniperus virginiana</i>	Eastern Red Cedar	N	E		P	50	10	79
<i>Magnolia grandiflora</i> 'Little Gem'	Little Gem Magnolia		E			35	12	113
<i>Magnolia grandiflora</i> 'Samuel Sommer'	Samuel Sommer Magnolia		E		P	40	20	314
<i>Magnolia x soulangiana</i> (Tree Form)	Saucer Magnolia			S		30	25	491
<i>Nyssa sylvatica</i> 'Red Rage'	Red Rage Black Gum	N			P	50	25	491
<i>Ostrya virginiana</i>	Eastern Hophornbeam	N		S		40	25	491

UDO Appendix

<i>Oxydendron arboreum</i>	Sourwood	N		S		30	20	314
<i>Pinus nigra</i>	Austrian Pine		E			30	20	314
<i>Platanus x acerifolia</i>	London Planetree			S	P	40	40	1256
<i>Prunus serrulata</i>	Japanese Flowering Cherry			S		30	20	314
<i>Prunus subhirtella</i> 'Atumnalis'	Autumn Cherry			S		30	30	707
<i>Prunus x yedoensis</i>	Yoshino Flowering Cherry			S		50	30	707
<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	Overcup Oak	N			P	45	30	707
<i>Quercus stellata</i>	Post Oak					50	40	1256
<i>Sassafras albidum</i>	Sassafras	N				30	15	177
<i>Styrax japonica</i>	Japanese Snowbell					30	15	177
<i>Thuja occidentalis</i>	Eastern Arborvitae		E			50	10	79
<i>Ulmus parvifolia</i> 'Athena'	Athena Chinese Elm			S	P	30	35	962

Large Tree Species List

Scientific name	Common Name	N	E	S	P	M	Sp	Ca
<i>Acer barbatum</i> <i>cultivars</i>	Florida Maple	N			P	60	35	962
<i>Acer saccharum</i> <i>cultivars</i>	Sugar Maple 'Legacy'	N			P	50	35	962
<i>Betula nigra</i> <i>cultivars</i>	River Birch 'Dura Heat' or 'Heritage'	N				50	40	1,256
<i>Carya cordiformis</i>	Bitternut Hickory	N			P	100	60	2,826
<i>Carya glabra</i>	Pignut Hickory	N		S	P	100	60	2,826
<i>Carya ovata</i>	Shagbark Hickory	N			P	80	40	1,256
<i>Carya pallida</i>	Sand Hickory	N			P	90	30	707
<i>Carya tormentosa</i>	Mockernut Hickory	N		S	P	100	60	2,826
<i>Cedrus deodara</i>	Deodar Cedar		E			70	30	707
<i>Celtis laevigata</i>	Sugarberry				P	70	50	1,963
<i>Celtis occidentalis</i>	Hackberry			S		50	40	1,256
<i>Celtis sinensis</i>	Chinese Hackberry			S		60	40	1,256
<i>Cercidiphyllum</i> <i>japonicum</i>	Katsura Tree				P	70	45	1,590
<i>Cryptomeria japonica</i>	Japanese Cryptomeria		E			60	20	314
<i>Fagus grandifolia</i>	American Beech	N				70	40	1,256

UDO Appendix

<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>	Green Ash	N		S		60	25	491
<i>Ginkgo biloba (male)</i>	Ginkgo, Maidenhair Tree			S	P	50	30	707
<i>Gleditsia triacanthos inermis</i>	Thornless Honeylocust	N		S	P	70	50	1963
<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i> 'Rotundiloba'	Seedless Sweetgum	N			P	70	45	1,590
<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i>	Tulip Poplar	N		S	P	90	40	1,256
<i>Magnolia acuminata</i>	Cucumber Magnolia	N				80	40	1,256
<i>Magnolia grandiflora</i>	Southern Magnolia	N	E			80	40	1,256
<i>Magnolia virginiana</i>	Sweetbay Magnolia	N			P	60	30	707
<i>Metasequoia glyptostroboides</i>	Dawn Redwood					80	25	491
<i>Nyssa aquatica</i>	Swamp Tupelo	N				70	40	1,256
<i>Nyssa sylvatica</i>	Black Gum	N			P	80	45	1,590
<i>Pinus echinata</i>	Shortleaf Pine	N	E		P	100	25	491
<i>Pinus taeda</i>	Loblolly Pine	N	E		P	100	25	491
<i>Pinus virginiana</i>	Virginia Pine		E		P	70	20	314
<i>Platanus occidentalis</i>	American Sycamore	N		S		100	45	1,590
<i>Platanus x acerifolia</i>	London Planetree			S	P	100	80	5,024
<i>Quercus acutissima</i>	Sawtooth Oak				P	60	50	1,963
<i>Quercus alba</i>	White Oak	N				80	60	2,826
<i>Quercus bicolor</i>	Swamp White Oak			S		60	50	1,963
<i>Quercus coccinea</i>	Scarlet Oak	N			P	70	45	1,590
<i>Quercus falcata</i>	Southern Red Oak	N		S	P	80	45	1,590
<i>Quercus hemisphaerica</i> 'Darlington'	Darlington Oak	N			P	90	50	1,963
<i>Quercus laurifolia</i>	Laurel Oak	N			P	80	50	1,963
<i>Quercus macrocarpa</i>	Bur Oak					80	80	5,024
<i>Quercus muehlenbergii</i> 'Engelm'	Chinkapin Oak			S	P	100	50	1,963
<i>Quercus nigra</i>	Water Oak			S	P	80	40	1,256
<i>Quercus nutallii</i>	Nuttal Oak	N		S	P	80	40	1,256
<i>Quercus palustris</i>	Pin Oak	N		S	P	70	40	1,256

UDO Appendix

<i>Quercus phellos</i>	Willow Oak	N		S	P	60	35	962
<i>Quercus prinus</i>	Chestnut Oak			S		70	50	1,963
<i>Quercus robur</i>	English Oak			S	P	60	50	1,963
<i>Quercus rubra</i>	Northern Red Oak			S	P	75	45	1,590
<i>Quercus shumardii</i>	Shumard Oak	N		S	P	80	60	2,826
<i>Quercus stellata</i>	Post Oak				P	50	40	1,256
<i>Quercus velutina</i>	Black Oak				P	70	45	1,590
<i>Taxodium distichum</i>	Bald Cypress	N		S	P	70	25	491
<i>Thuja plicata</i>	Western Arborvitea		E		P	70	25	491
<i>Tilia americana</i>	Basswood			S	P	80	45	1,590
<i>Tsuga canadensis</i>	Eastern Hemlock	N	E			60	35	962
<i>Ulmus alata</i>	Winged Elm	N			P	80	40	1,256
<i>Ulmus americana</i> 'Princeton'	Princeton American Elm			S	P	60	30	707
<i>Ulmus parvifolia</i> 'Emer II' P.P. #7552	Allée® Chinese Elm			S	P	60	45	1590
<i>Ulmus rubra</i>	Slippery Elm	N			P	80	40	1,256
<i>Ulmus x 'Morton'</i> (Accolade)	Accolade Hybrid Elm			S	P	60	30	707
<i>Ulmus x 'Pioneer'</i>	"Pioneer" Elm			S	P	60	50	1,963
<i>Zelkova serrata</i>	Japanese Zelkova			S	P	70	50	1,963

Shrub List

Botanical Name	Common Name	Native	Height (ft.) (avg.)	Width (ft.) (avg.)	Moist	Wet	Drought-Tolerant	Adaptable Soils
<i>Abelia x 'Edward Goucher'</i>	Edward Goucher Abelia	x	6	5	x		x	
<i>Abelia x grandiflora</i> 'Kaleidoscope' & 'Canyon Creek'	Kaleidoscope or Canyon Creek Abelia	x	2	3	x		x	
<i>Abelia x grandiflora</i> 'Confetti'	Confetti Abelia		3-4	3-4	x		x	
<i>Abelia x grandiflora</i> 'Rose Creek'	Rose Creek Abelia		2-3	3-4	x		x	
<i>Aesculus parviflora</i>	Bottle brush Buckeye	x	6-12	12	x			
<i>Agarista populifolia</i>	Doghobble, leucothoe	x	8-12	6-8	x	x		
<i>Amelanchier arborea</i>	Serviceberry	x	10	6	x		x	x

UDO Appendix

Aucuba japonica	Japanese Aucuba		3-10	3-6	x			
Azalea 'Satsuki'	Gumpo Azalea		2	3	x			
Azalea 'Southern indica'	Southern azalea		7-10	6	x			
Azelea Encore	Encore Azaleas		2.5 - 5	2-5	x			x
Buxus microphylla	Boxwood many varieties		3-20	3-20	x			
Buxus sempervirens	English boxwood		5-8	5	x			
Callicarpa Americana	Beautyberry	x	3-6	3-5	x			
Callicarpa americana	American Beautyberry	x	8	6				
Calycanthus floridus	Sweetshrub, Carolina allspice	x	6-12	6	x		x	x
Camellia	Camelia		3-15	4-8	x			x
Caryopteris × clandonensis 'Worcester Gold'		x	6	3			x	x
Cephalotaxus harringtonii 'Prostrata'	Creeping Japanese Plum Yew		3	4	x		x	
Chamaecyparis obtusa 'Nana Gracilis'	Hinoki False Cypress		12	5	x			
Chamaecyparis pisifera filifera 'Golden Charm'	False Cypress		6	8	x			
Chamaecyparis pisifera filifera 'Golden Mop'	Threadleaf False Cypress		4	3	x			
Chamaecyparis pisifera filifera 'Mops'	Threadleaf False Cypress		5	5	x			
Chamaecyparis pisifera filifera 'Sun Gold'	Threadleaf False Cypress		8	6	x			
Clethra alnifolia 'Hummingbird'	Summersweet	x	3	4		x		x
Clethra alnifolia 'Ruby Spice'	Summersweet	x	8	8		x		x
Clethra alnifolia 'Sixteen Candles'	Summersweet	x	6	6		x		x
Cryptomeria japonica 'Elegans Aurea '	Japanese cedar		15	20				x
Cryptomeria japonica 'Nana Globus'	Japanese cedar		5	5				x
Cryptomeria japonica 'Yoshino'	Japanese cedar		30	25				x
Deutzia gracilis 'nikko'	Dwarf Nikko deutzia		2	5	x			
Distylium 'hybrid' 'Vintage Jade', 'Blue Cascade' and 'Emerald Heights	Evergreen witch hazel		2-5	6		x	x	x

UDO Appendix

Edgeworthia chrysantha	Paperbush		6	6	x			
Fothergilla	Mountain witch alder	x	4-12	4-6	x			
Fothergilla gardenii		x	2	3	x			
Fothergilla major	American Witch-Alder	x	4	6	x			
Gardenia jasminoides	Common gardenia		4-6	5	x			
Gardenia jasminoides 'radicans'	Creeping dwarf gardenia		3	5	x			
Hamamelis virginiana	Witch Hazel	x	10-12	10-12	x	x		x
Hydrangea	Hydrangea		3-8	3-6	x			
Hypericum calycinum 'Hidcote'	St. John's Wort		4	3			x	x
Ilex cornuta 'Carissa	Carissa Holly		4	4			x	
Ilex cornuta 'Dwarf Burford'	Dwarf Burford holly		15	6-8			x	
Ilex crenata 'Helleri'	Japanese Helleri holly		4	5			x	
Ilex crenata 'Sky Pencil'	Sky Pencil holly		10	3	x			
Ilex crenata 'Soft Touch'	Soft touch		3	3				
Ilex verticillata	Winterberry	x	8	5				
Ilex vomitoria 'Condeaux'	Bordeaux Dwarf Yaupon Holly		3	3			x	
Illicium floridanum, parviflorum	Florida Anise	x	6	6	x	x		
Illicium henryi	Henryi, Star anise		7-15	8	x	x		
Itea virginica	Virginia sweetspire	x	2-4	4-6	x	x		x
Jasmine nudiflorum	Winter jasmine		3-4	3-4	x		x	
Kerria japonica 'Pleniflora'	Japanese Kerria, Japanese rose		5-10	6-10	x	x	x	x
Leucothoe fontanesiana and axillaris	Weeping leucothoe, variegated leucothoe	x	3-6	3-6	x	x		
Lindera benzoin	spicebush	x	6-12	6-12	x	x	x	x
Loropetalum 'Emerald snow'	Emerald Snow Fringe Flower		3-4	3-4	x			
Loropetalum 'Ruby'	Fringe flower		4-6	4-6	x			
Loropetalum chinense 'Chang Nian Hong'	'Ever Red' Fringe Flower		6	6	x			
Loropetalum chinense 'Peack' Weeping	Purple Pixie Fringe Flower		2	4	x			
Loropetalum chinense 'Rubrum'	Crimson fire'		2	3	x			
Loropetalum chinense 'Shang-hi' compact	Purple Diamond Fringe Flower		5	5	x			
Myrica cerifera	Wax Myrtle	x	6-12	6-12	x	x	x	x
Osmanthus fragrans	Fragrant tea olive		10	8	x			x

UDO Appendix

Osmanthus heterophyllus 'Goshiki'	Goshiki' False Holly		5	4	x			
Osmanthus x fortunei	Fortune's tea olive		20	20	x			x
Philadelphus coronarius x 'Natchez'	Mock Orange		10	6	x		x	
Pieris japonica	Japanese pieris		3-12	3-8	x			
Pinus mugo	Mugo Pine		3-5	3-5	x			
Prunus caroliniana	Cherry laurel	x	12-20	8-10	x		x	
Rhododendron alabamense	Alabama Azalea	x	8	6			x	
Rhododendron canescens	Piedmont Azalea	x	6	5	x		x	
Rhododendron flammeum R. speciosum	Oconee Azalea	x	5	6				
Rosa	Shrub roses		3-6	3-5	x			
Spiraea thunbergii	Spirea - many cultivars		3-8	3-6	x			
Thuja (standish x plicata) 'Green Giant'	Arborvitae	x	30+	10	x			x
Thuja occidentalis 'Emerald'	Arborvitae		15	4	x			x
Thuja occidentalis 'Golden Globe'	Arborvitae		4	4	x			x
Thuja occidentalis 'Pyramidalis'	Arborvitae		20	6	x			x
Vaccinium arboreum	Sparkleberry	x	10	6	x			x
Vaccinium ashei	Blueberry	x	8	6	x			x
Viburnum	many varieties		5-10	5-10	x			
Viburnum prunifolium	Blackhaw Viburnum	x	12	8			x	
Viburnum rufidulum	Rusty Blackhaw	x	8	8			x	
Weigela florida	Weigela		3-20	3-12	x		x	

Prohibited Plant List

UDO Appendix

Georgia Exotic Pest Plant Council (GA-EPPC)		
Botanical Name	Common Name	GA-EPPC Threat Category
TREE		
<i>Pyrus calleryana</i>	Callery (Bradford) Pear	3
SHRUB		
<i>Berberis thunbergii</i>	Japanese Barberry	3
<i>Celastrus orbiculatus</i>	Oriental Bittersweet	1 Alert
<i>Elaeagnus pungens</i>	Thorny Olive	2
<i>Elaeagnus umbellata</i>	Autumn Olive	1
<i>Lantana camara</i>	Largeleaf Lantana	3
<i>Ligustrum japonicum</i>	Japanese Privet	2
<i>Ligustrum lucidum</i>	Glossy Privet	3
<i>Ligustrum sinense</i>	Chinese Privet	1
<i>Mahonia bealei</i>	Leatherleaf Mahonia	3
<i>Nandina domestica</i>	Nandina or Sacred Bamboo	2
<i>Spiraea japonica</i>	Japanese Spiraea	2
VINE/GROUNDCOVER		
<i>Amelopsis brevipedunculata</i>	Porcelain-berry	3
<i>Hedera helix</i>	English Ivy	1
<i>Vinca major</i>	Big Periwinkle	2
<i>Vinca minor</i>	Common Periwinkle	2
GRASSES		
<i>Miscanthus sinensis</i>	Chinese Silvergrass	2
<i>Eragrostis curvula</i>	Weeping Lovegrass	3
<i>Liriope spicata</i>	Creeping Lily Turf	3
Category 1 - Exotic plant that is a serious problem in Georgia natural areas by extensively invading native plant communities and displacing native species.		

UDO Appendix

Category 1 Alert - Exotic plant that is not yet a serious problem in Georgia natural areas, but that has significant potential to become a serious problem.		
Category 2 - Exotic plant that is a moderate problem in Georgia natural areas through invading native plant communities and displacing native species, but to a lesser degree than Category 1 species.		
Category 3 - Exotic plant that is a minor problem in Georgia natural areas, or is not yet known to be a problem in Georgia but is known to be a problem in adjacent states.		

Appendix Section 4.0 Reserved

Appendix Section 5.0 Reserved